ANNUAL REPORT
OF THE
CITY ENGINEER



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ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

CITY ENGINEER

OF

TORONTO

FOR

1900

32046



TORONTO:

THE CARSWELL Co., LIMITED, CITY PRINTERS, 28 ADELAIDE ST. EAST. 1901.



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TORONTO.

TOPOGRAPHY.—The City of Toronto is situated upon the northern shore of Lake Ontario, about forty miles easterly of its western terminus. It lies in latitude 43° 39′ 10″ north, longitude 79° 23′ west, on a plateau gently ascending north for a distance of three miles, where an altitude of about 220 feet above the lake level is reached. It extends about eight miles along the lake, and is generally level, with slight depressions at points where minor water courses previously existed. The harbor is formed in front of the City by a sandy island, which lies to the south, at a distance of about a mile and a half.

Toronto is the Capital of the Province of Ontario, and in it are situated the Provincial Parliament buildings and Government House, the residence of the Lieut.-Governor of the Province.

STATISTICS.

AREA.—The area within the City limits, not including the portions of the City land covered by water, is 17.17 square miles.

POPULATION.—The population of the City, according to the census taken by the Directory Company, is 237,000.

PUBLIC STREETS AND LANES.—Within the City limits there are 259.03 miles of streets and 84¹/₄ miles of lanes, of which 181.85 miles are paved, and 77.18 miles unpaved.

PAVEMENTS AND ROADWAYS .--

Asphalt	30,81	miles.
Cedar block	85.78	"
Brick	10.77	**
Macadam	47.81	"
Wood on concrete	.67	"
Stone and scoria block	.68	"
Gravel	5.34	"

SIDEWALKS.—

Stone flag	1.821 miles.
Concrete	25.089 "
Brick	2.545 "
Wood	400 "

Sewerage.—The City is drained by what is known as the combined system of sewerage, and there are 232½ miles of sewers.

WATER WORKS.—The Water Works system is owned and operated by the City, the supply being obtained from Lake Ontario by direct pumping through a 6-ft. steel conduit laid under Toronto Bay to the Main Pumping Station on the water-front, the surplus water being pumped through the City mains to the Reservoir situated north of the north City limits. Cost of system to date, about \$4,000,000.

STATIONS AND ENGINES.—

Main Pumping Station:

No. 1 Engine, 4,000,000 gallons capacity, 24 hours.

```
" 2 " 8,000,000 " " "
" 3 " 10,000,000 " " "
" 4 " 10,000,000 " " "
" 5 " 10,000,000 " " "
```

High Level Pumping Station—Two engines with a tota capacity of 6,000,000 gals. in 24 hours.

Island Pumping Station.—One engine with 500,000 gallons capacity in 24 hours.

258.564 miles of water mains.

43,242 water services.

3,066 street hydrants.

2.479 valves.

1,700 meters in use.

Water Rates—Average schedule, $2\frac{1}{2}$ c. per 1,000 gallons, and by meter, 10c. per 1,000 gallons.

38,000 water takers.

Pressure—Domestic, 90 lbs.; fire, 100 lbs.

Average quantity pumped in 24 hours, 22,093,150 gallons.

Water pumped daily, 22,094,204 gallons.

Water supplied annually, about 8,064,000,000 gallons.

Fuel used—Soft coal screenings and hard coal,

Cost of fuel during 1900, \$38,668.54.

Revenue collected in 1900 by schedule rate	\$156,791	06
" meter rate	115,469	34
Charges made against different branches of civic service		
for water used	54,841	00
Total	\$327,101	40
Operating expenses, incluing cost of collecting rates	\$400,651	87
House services and pipe laying	20,378	48
Total	\$421,030	35

FIRE PROTECTION.—

185 officers and men in brigade.

63 horses.

59 pieces of apparatus for various purposes.

3,066 fire hydrants.

16 Fire Stations.

5 steam fire engines.

POLICE PROTECTION.—

291 officers and men.

1 Headquarters and 7 Stations.

MILITARY.—There are 2 regular corps stationed in the City (1 mounted and 1 infantry) at Stanley Barracks near the site of old Fort Rouille, and 5 militia corps (2 mounted and 3 infantry), four of which have first-class bands and the use of a well equipped and commodious Armouries.

LIGHTING.—There are four lighting companies doing business in the City. The Consumers' Gas Company have 251 miles of mains and 26,982 consumers. Carbon Light and Power Company have 901 street lights. Toronto Electric Light Company have 1,204 street electric arc lights and 500 private business arc lights, and also 960 miles of overhead and underground wire, and 50 miles of underground conduit. Toronto Incandescent Electric Light Company have about 100,000 private business incandescent electric lights.

TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH SERVICES.—The Bell Telephone Company is the only company doing business in the City; they have 7,145 telephones in use, 10,894 miles of overhead, 9,438 miles of underground wires, 48,756 feet of underground conduits, and 592,436 feet of ducts.

There are two telegraph companies doing business in the City, the Great North-Western Telegraph Company with 70 sets of instruments, and 245 miles of overhead wires; and the Canadian Pacific Railway Telegraph Company.

PUBLIC PARKS.—The public parks of the City are under the control of the City Council. There are 21 public parks, having a total area of about 1,152 acres.

EDUCATION.—The educational system is under the direction and control of the Public School Board, the Collegiate Institute Board and the Separate School Board. There are 57 public schools, having a total of 566 rooms, with a staff of 678 principals and teachers. Three Collegiate Institutes, with a staff of 31 principals and teachers. Eighteen Separate Schools with a staff of 99 principals and teachers.

- 3 Industrial Schools (Protestant).
- 2 Industrial Schools (R. C.).
- 30 Colleges, Seminaries, and Pay Schools.
 - 1 Technical School.
 - 4 Universities.
 - 3 Cathedrals of all denominations.
- 209 Churches of all denominations.
 - 48 Missions.
 - 5 Mission Training Schools.
 - 9 Convents.

Public Library.—There is one central reference and circulation Public Library, and 6 circulation libraries, all under the control of the Public Library Board, with W. T. J. Lee, Chairman of the Board, and James Bain, Chief Librarian. There are 117,127 volumes in circulation.

Public Institutions.—

- 62 Hospitals, Asylums and Public Homes.
 - 3 Institutions for destitute and criminal classes.

Law.—Toronto is the centre of the law system of the Province of Ontario, having 27 Law Courts within its limits.

AMUSEMENTS.—

- 5 Theatres.
- 22 Music and Concert Halls.
- 238 Public Buildings, Halls, etc.

PUBLIC ACCOMMODATION.—

- 181 Hotels.
- 260 Boarding houses.

RAILWAYS.—There are 2 railway companies whose systems enter Toronto, viz., the Grand Trunk Railway, with about 85 miles of tracks laid in the City limits.

The Canadian Pacific Railway Co., with about 31 miles of tracks laid in the City limits.

- 92 passenger trains entering and leaving City daily.
- 176 freight trains entering and leaving City daily.

The Toronto Railway Company has the exclusive franchise for operating a street railway system within the City limits. They have 85.025 miles of tracks, over 200 cars in operation, and carried 36,061,867 passengers during 1900.

Business.—

- 6 Daily newspapers; 49 weekly; 20 semi-monthly; 76 monthly and 8 quarterly newspapers and periodicals.
- 5 Public markets.
- 29 Banks, not including branches.
- 623 Factories and manufactories.
- 360 Wholesale houses.
 - 2 Departmental stores.
- 6,227 Miscellaneous businesses, companies, corporations and stores

Sanitation.—

Street Cleaning, Watering and Scavenging.—A modern and complete system of street cleaning, watering and scavenging is owned and operated by the City.

The supervision of the sanitary requirements of the City is under the control of a Local Board of Health.

PAST CITY ENGINEERS OF TORONTO. -

1840-1842, Thomas Young.

1845-1852, John G. Howard.

1853, William Thomas.

1854, John G. Howard.

1855, William Kingsford.

1856, Thomas H. Harrison.

1857-1858, Thomas Booth.

1859-1860, Alfred Brunel.

1861-1870, J. H. Bennett.

1871-Oct. 1875, Chas. W. Johnston.

Oct., 1875-July, 1880, Frank Shanly.

Sept., 1880-July, 1883, R. J. Brough.

Oct., 1883-1889, Charles Sproatt.

1890-Sept., 1891, W. T. Jennings.

Sept., 1891-May, 1892, Grenville C. Cunningham.

May, 1892-Jan., 1898, E. H. Keating.

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

CITY ENGINEER

OF THE

CITY OF TORONTO

FOR THE YEAR 1900.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE,
Toronto, December 31st, 1900.

To His Worship the Mayor and Members of the Council of the Corporation of the City of Toronto:

Gentlemen,—In compliance with By-law No. 2534, I have the honor to lay before you the Annual Report of the Department for the year ending the 31st December, 1900, setting forth the various works carried out during the year, with details of cost of construction, etc.

OFFICIAL STAFF.

The following is a list of the chief officials of the Department:

Deputy City Engineer	City Engineer and Chief Engineer and Manager Charles H. Rust, M. Can. Soc. of the Water Works
Asst. Engineer	·
Asst. Engineer	Asst. Engineer
Street Commissioner	Asst. Engineer
Assistant to Street Commissioner	Asst. Engineer W. A. Clement, A. M. Can. Soc. C. E.
Accountant	Street Commissioner John Jones.
Chief Clerk	Assistant to Street Commissioner
Secretary Committee on Works	Accountant
Secretary to City Engineer	Chief Clerk E. P. Roden.
Chief Engineer Main Pumping Station Alex. McRae. Chief Engineer High Level Pumping Station Wnu. Hall.	Secretary Committee on WorksA. H. Clarke.
Chief Engineer High Level Pumping Station. Wm. Hall.	Secretary to City Engineer
	Chief Engineer Main Pumping Station Alex. McRae.
TO 0.557 , 357 1 Ct , 12 301 , 1 70 1	
Foreman of Water Works Construction Edward Foley.	Foreman of Water Works Construction Edward Foley.

WATER WORKS REPORT.

For Water Works matters see separate report.

WORKS DEPARTMENT.

FINANCIAL.

During the year the total expenditure of the Works Department, not including Water Works, was \$1,065,802.36, which was divided as follows:

General works	\$278,325	89
Special works	124,584	15
Street railway track allowance pavements	3,080	71
Local improvements	560,618	34
Bridges, subways, etc		
Departmental and sundry accounts	37,665	78
	1 (05 000	20
Total \$	1,000,802	90

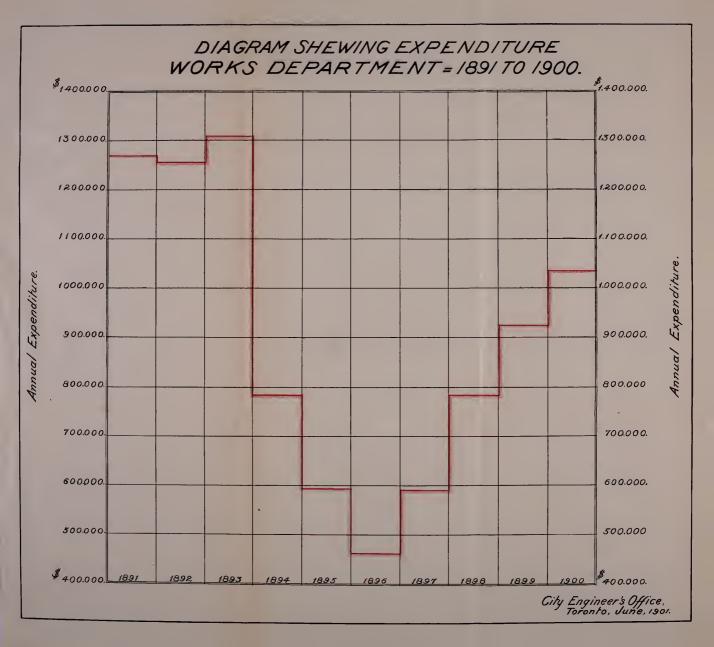
The amount expended for Local Improvement Works was divided as follows:

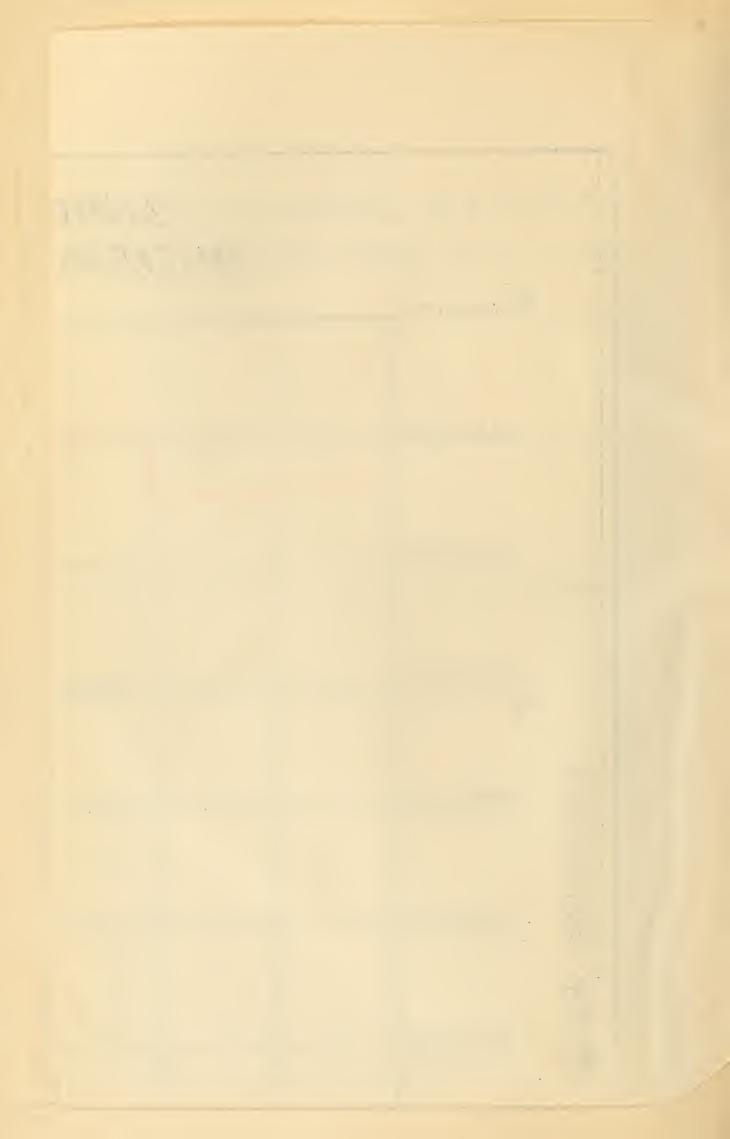
Pavements and roadways	\$440,173 71
Concrete sidewalks	67,632 88
Brick sidewalks	472 92
Plank sidewalks	45,167 34
Sewers	7,171 49

The amount expended in 1899, was \$945,324.26, showing an increase for 1900 of \$120,478.10, or about 13 per cent. over the amount expended in 1899. The total amount expended by the Department during the year, including Water Works expenditure, was \$1,233,724.81. A diagram is attached to this report showing the expenditure during the past ten years.

PAVEMENTS AND ROADWAYS.

Attached to the report of the Assistant Engineer in charge of Pavements and Roadways is a table giving the total number of square yards of the various classes of pavements and roadways in the City and the number laid last year, together with the maximum grade, and also the cost. In the same report is to be found very interesting tables of a number of works carried out by day labor, showing a profit to the City of about \$5,209. Most of these works were awarded to the Department in competition with contractors, the tenders of this Department being the lowest.





In 1895 an experiment was made with different kinds of wood as paving material, on the west approach to the King Street Subway, the woods used being beach, maple, rock elm soft elm, hemlock, Norway pine, white pine and cedar. All the blocks were rectangular, 4-in. x 7-in. deep and 8-in. to 12-in. long, with the exception of the cedar, which were the ordinary round blocks. In June of this year these different woods were examined with the following results: Beach, nearly all the blocks were decayed; maple, a few of the blocks were in good condition, but the majority of them had dry-rot; rock elm, most of the blocks were in good condition, with the exception of a few, which showed signs of dry-rot; soft elm, the blocks were all decaying; hemlock, the majority of the blocks were sound; Norway pine were in fairly good condition, but the traffic had decreased their depth to about a half inch, and a few of them showed signs of dry-rot; white pine were in as good condition as the Norway pine, a great many of the blocks showing signs of dry-rot. The round cedar blocks were in better condition than any of the other woods.

During the year a great many pavements, roadways and sidewalks have been constructed, and Council will no doubt be pleased to see that the citizens are evincing a strong desire for a pavement of a permanent character, and only upon streets where cedar block pavements already existed, where there is a great deal of vacant property and the property owners at present cannot afford an expensive pavement, have block pavements been relaid. This class of pavement remains in fairly good condition for five or six years. There was, however, some dissatisfaction among a few of the property owners on these various streets, who desired a better class of pavement and in some cases objected to the manner of construction. I consider the pavements have been fairly well laid, and the ratepayers have in every case received full value for their money.

The records attached to the report of the Assistant Engineer in charge of the Roadway Department, show that 24.666 miles of new pavements and roadways and 15.265 miles of concrete and brick sidewalks were constructed during the year, divided as follows:

6.348 miles of asphalt pavement; 6.045 miles of brick pavement; 7.842 miles of cedar block pavement, and 2.503 miles of macadam roadways, and about 2 miles of gravel, scoria and stone sett roadways.

The asphalt pavement appears to be the favorite. I think, however, that brick for residential streets will last quite as long and will not cost as much for maintenance as asphalt, but the great objection to this class of pavement is the noise. We have as far as possible taken steps to remedy this, but there is still considerable rumbling, and I am afraid it is absolutely impossible to entirely prevent it. The bricks used in the construction of the various pavements have been entirely of Canadian manufacture, and in some instances they have not complied fully with the abrasion test called for in the specifications. These tests were made with the old form of rattler, as adopted by the Brick Manufacturers' Association, but I have since ascertained that this has not given satisfactory results and is being gradually discarded, and the Department at present is engaged in making fresh tests with a somewhat different form of machine. We intend during the coming year to have these specifications amended.

The repairs to asphalt pavements during the past year, upon which the contractors' maintenance guarantees have expired, amounted to \$12,836.77, and this amount will increase annually, as the mileage of asphalt pavements increases.

It will be noticed that we have laid a considerable mileage of macadam roadways. While this is a very good roadway for driving over, on streets where there is not much traffic, it is the most expensive roadway to maintain, and has the objection of being very dirty in wet and very dusty in dry weather. I regret very much that the Council cannot appropriate sufficient funds to properly maintain these roads.

During the year there was only about one-third of a mile of gravel roadway laid. This class of roadway has not been found satisfactory for City traffic, and I am of opinion that its construction should be entirely discontinued.

It is very desirable that some means be provided whereby the lanes in the central portion of the City could be paved with brick. The condition of these lanes at present is very unsatisfactory, and if paved, their sanitary condition would be very much improved.

Attached to the report of the Engineer in (harge of Roadways may be found a table showing the number of roadways and sidewalks recommended from 1890 to 1900 and the number petitioned against by the property owners.



EASTERN AVE. BRIDGE, LOOKING NORTH





HUMBER BRIDGE, LOOKING EAST





QUEEN ST. BRIDGE, LOOKING NORTH



QUEEN ST. BRIDGE, LOOKING WEST



SEWERS AND SPECIAL WORK.

During the year there were 6,160 lineal feet of sewers of all sizes constructed. There are at present $232\frac{1}{2}$ miles of sewers in the City. There was also constructed 15,135 feet of 6-inch, 1.025 feet of 9-inch and 33 feet of 12-inch pipe for house purposes, viz., connections from the street line to the main sewer.

FLOW IN SEWERS.

It was considered advisable, in connection with the report upon Sewage Disposal, to have the flow in the various sewers accurately gauged. Attached to the report of the Assistant Engineer is a chart showing the results of this gauging.

SAND PUMP.

The sand pump was employed during the season in Ashbridge's Bay and at the Island, the total quantity of material removed being 70,000 cubic yards, at a cost of 7 cents per cubic yard.

For further information regarding these matters, reference may be made to the report of the Assistant Engineer.

AREAS AND COAL CHUTES.

The charges for the privilege of constructing areas and coal chutes produced a revenue of \$5,522.56 for the year.

BRIDGES.

During the year, Queen Street, Eastern Avenue and Humber River bridges were completed by the Hamilton Bridge Works Company, contractors for these works, the contract prices being as follows

Queen Street	\$20,000 00
Eastern Avenue	4,400 00
Humber River	

Photographs of these bridges are attached.

In addition to the above work, necessary repairs were made to the various bridges, details of which are to be found in the report of the Assistant Engineer.

STREET COMMISSIONER'S DEPARTMENT.

In connection with the report of the Street Commissioner. I would refer more particularly to the remarks made regarding Street Cleaning and to the suggestions as to how the work would be

facilitated if householders were compelled to take care of all waste paper and other rubbish which is now thrown out in the lanes.

In connection with Snow Cleaning, we removed about 45,000 loads of snow, at a cost of about 30 cents per load, and during the winter about 440 miles of sidewalks were cleaned, at a cost of $3\frac{1}{2}$ mills per foot frontage for each cleaning. This is done under the provision of the Snow Cleaning By-law, and only applies to vacant property.

I beg to refer also to the Street Commissioner's report regarding street watering and flushing asphalt pavements.

ASSISTANTS.

The work of the Department during the past year has been carried out under the same organization which has existed for the past ten years, the work being divided among the Assistants as follows:

Mr. C. L. Fellows, Deputy City Engineer, has charge of all Water Works matters, and, in the absence of the City Engineer, he has control of the Department.

Mr. John Jones, Street Commissioner, has charge of all the ordinary repairs to streets, the construction and repair of Wooden Sidewalks, Street Watering, Street Cleaning, Scanvenging, Snow Cleaning, etc.

Mr. C. B. Smith, Assistant Engineer, has charge of Sewers and Special Work.

Mr. John Williams, Assistant Engineer, has charge of Bridges, and is also Mechanical Draughtsman for the Department.

Mr. W. A. Clement, Assistant Engineer, has charge of the Construction of Roadways, Pavements and Permanent Sidewalks, and Repairs to Asphalt Pavements.

Attached to this report, for future reference, are the names of all City Engineers since the office was created in 1840.

Diagrams are also submitted showing the cost of various works, and the office expenses for the past ten years.

TELEGRAPH, TELEPHONE AND OTHER ELECTRICAL COMPANIES.

I again desire to call the attention of the Council to the need of obtaining legislation to compel the various Electrical companies to place all their wires underground in such sections of the City as the

Council may consider desirable. This should also include the feed wires belonging to the Toronto Railway Company. In connection with this matter it would be worth considering the construction of tunnels, as suggested by Mr Jennings, when he was City Engineer, in his report to Council in 1890. The time has certainly arrived when steps should be taken towards doing away with the number of poles and overhead wires that at present disfigure the principal streets.

STREET RAILWAY MATTERS.

We have had a great deal of difficulty during the past year in enforcing the Toronto Railway Company's agreement with the City. The citizens generally are of the opinion that the City Engineer has a great deal of power, but in endeavoring to enforce the agreement it is found that it is worded in such a way that it seems impossible to have our orders carried out without taking proceedings in the Courts. It would be of considerable benefit, not only to this Department, but to the citizens generally, if the law suits already commenced, at the instigation of this Department, were brought to an issue, and we would then know what power the Department has. During the latter part of the year, under instructions from the Council, we had a staff of men keeping records of the number of cars running upon the various street car routes. These records show that the Company have increased their service on a number of routes, but they are not yet carrying out, in its entirety, the time table as recommended by the City Engineer on November 22nd, 1900, and adopted in Council December 10th, 1900.

ADDITIONAL REPORTS.

During the year, under instructions of the City Council, reports have been prepared upon the cost of Electric Light and Energy, a Municipal Telephone Plant, City Asphalt Plant and Sewage Disposal, etc., copies of which reports are attached in Appendix.

TAXATION.

At the meeting of the American Society of Municipal Improvements, a paper was read by Mr. Herman, one of the Commissioners of the Public Works Department of Cincinnati, on the rate of taxation in different cities. As this table may prove of interest to the members of the Council and citizens, I attach same to this report, which may be seen in the Appendix.

PAVEMENTS, ROADWAYS AND PERMANENT SIDEWALKS.

CITY ENGINEER'S DEPARTMENT,
Toronto, December 31st, 1900.

C. H. Rust, Esq., City Engineer.

DEAR SIR,—Herewith I submit the Annual Report, showing in detail the work done under the supervision of the Roadway Branch of the Works Department.

During the year 24.666 miles of pavements and 15.265 miles of concrete and brick sidewalks were constructed. It will be seen by reference to Table 2 that the mileage of pavements constructed in 1900 shows an increase of 3.546 miles over 1899, and that during the past three years 70.428 miles of pavements were constructed, which is 27 per cent. of the total mileage of the streets in the City.

In connection with the carrying out of these improvements, 127 contracts were let in 1900 and 20 were carried over from 1899. Besides these, there were 32 works constructed by day labor, for nearly all of which tenders were received; but the City Engineer's bid being the lowest, the works were ordered to be carried out by day labor under his supervision.

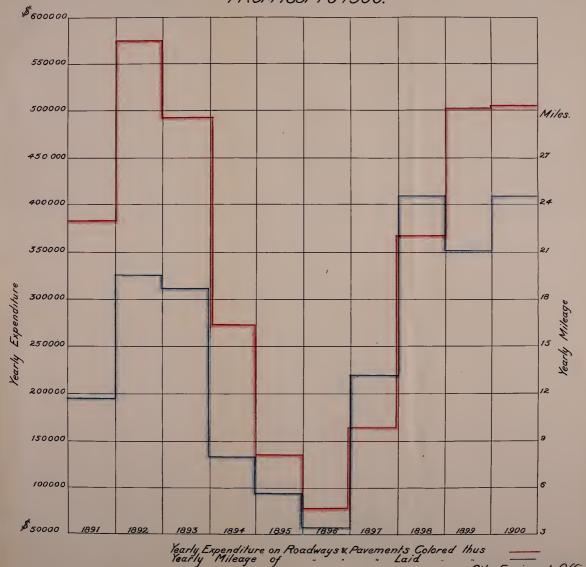
Tables Nos. 9 and 10 show the actual cost of these works, also the loss or gain when compared with the lowest contractor's tender.

In addition to the above, there were 20 private contracts for permanent sidewalks superintended, making a total of 199 separate works constructed under the direction of this Department, which are classified in the following table:

TABLE No. 1.

Class of Works.	No.	of Works.
Asphalt		27
Brick on concrete		9
Brick on gravel		1
Brick on broken stone		
Cedar block on gravel		24
Gravel		

DIAGRAM SHEWING ANNUAL EXPENDITURE AND MILEAGE OF ROADWAYS AND PAVEMENTS FROM 1891 TO 1900.



City Engineer's Office, Toronto, June 1901.



Macadam	15
Cobble stone	1
Reconstruction of track allowance (brick, scoria and granite)	11
Reconstruction of track allowance with concrete	1
Concrete sidewalks	85
Brick sidewalks	1
Private contracts (sidewalks)	20
Total	100
10001,	100

In connection with pavements and sidewalks, including those which were proposed but not carried out, 196 plans and 659 estimates were prepared.

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TABLE No. 2.

MILEAGE OF DIFFERENT CLASSES OF PAVEMENTS, ROADWAYS AND STDEWALES LAID FROM 1890 TO 1900.

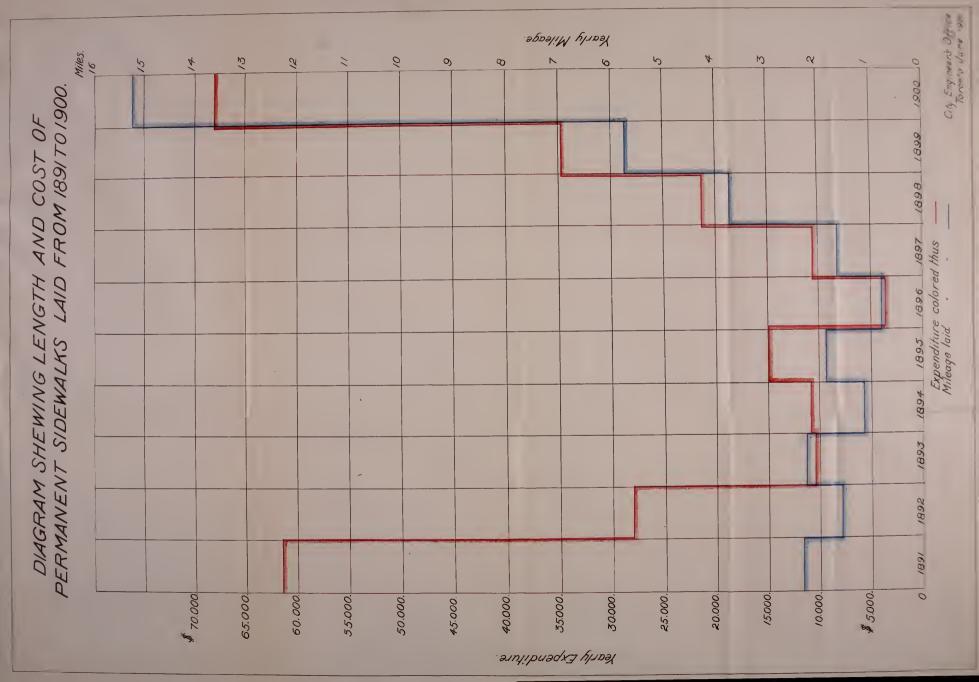
Class of Work.	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.	1900.
Purements and Boadways.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles. Miles. Miles.		Miles. Miles.		Miles.
Asphalt Cedar block on sand and plank foundation Macadam Cobble Tamarac on concrete Cedar block on concrete Stone setts on concrete Brick on gravel Brick on proken stone Concrete pavements in lanes Gravel Concrete in track allowance	1.73 15.51 0.10 0.10 0.192 0.138	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	6.216 3.349 0.494 0.366 8.416 0.705 0.028		3.067 0.852 0.059 0.826 2.563 0.787	1.156 1.753 1.663 1.663 0.085 0.117 0.071	- • • • • • • • • • •	0.460 2.459 0.510 0.510 5.803 0.838 0.838	3.408 4.831 2.089 0.084 0.084 6.079 0.352 0.057 4.756	0.366 0.460 3.408 6.215 6.348 0.428 2.459 4.831 3.151 7.842 1.661 0.510 2.089 5.013 2.503 0.038 0.084 0.067 0.067 1.032 5.803 6.079 3.670 5.472 0.028 0.838 0.352 0.943 0.057 0.028 0.838 0.352 0.943 0.057 0.057 0.067 0.069 0.303 3.138 4.756 0.069 0.303 3.553 13.208 24.642 21.120 24.666	6.348 7.842 2.503 0.068 0.107 1.247 5.472 0.657 0.657 0.203
Sidewallis. Concrete Stone flag Brick Totals	1.426 1.273 	1.930 0.398 	1.508 0.104 	2.259 0.035 2.294	1.137 1.918 0.011	1.918	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1.050 0.823 1.873	2.548		$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

The first pavements laid under the Local Improvement system were constructed during the year 1881, and the annual variation in the mileage of paved and unpaved streets, with classification of same, up to the end of the year 1900, is shown in the following Table No. 3:

TABLE No. 3.

SHOWING THE DIFFERENT CLASSES OF PAVEMENTS AND ROADWAYS AND MILEAGE OF SAME FROM 1881 TO 1900.

Total Mileage.	Miles. 116.85 116.85 135.57 163.10 166.24 168.89 168.89 172.79 242.19 250.40 255.71 255.71 255.71 257.40	259.03 259.03 259.12
Unpaved.	Miles. 62.39 55.13 54.07 76.77 75.98 72.18 90.55 89.44 84.89 82.05 79.74 78.45 79.74 78.45 79.74	78.67 78.14 77.26
Gravel.	1 5	4.26 5.03 5.34
Brick.	Miles. 0.38 0.38 1.32	8.77 10.77
Macadam with Stone Setts on Track Allow-	Miles. 0.54 0.73 0.73 0.73	
Cedar Block with Brick on Track Allowance.	Miles. 3.97 4.50 4.93 8.28	7.43 10.52 13.75
Cedar Block with Asphalt on Track Allow-ance.	Miles. 7.06 6.35 6.35 6.35 7.06	
.ms.cs.dsm.	Miles. 50.92 48.28 54.57 52.32 50.17 47.36 45.14 42.76 38.65 39.65 38.65 39.15 36.98	41.91 45.03 46.90
Wood on Concrete.	Miles. 0.49 0.49 0.49 0.49 0.49 0.49 0.53	
Asphalt.	Miles. 0.07 0.25 3.36 5.08 6.66 10.49 11.28 13.70 14.38 14.61	18.30 24.33 30.81
Stone and Scoria.	Miles. 0.03 0.03 0.25 0.25 0.36 0.36 0.36 0.36 0.36 0.36 0.59 0.59 0.59 0.59	0.65
Cedar Block.	Miles. 3.51 13.41 26.90 33.76 39.84 48.99 64.11 79.55 92.39 109.57 116.86 1102.19 111.16 109.78 108.70	94.90 81.77 70.49
Year.	1881 1882 1883 1884 1885 1886 1886 1890 1891 1893 1893 1894 1895 1895	1898 1899



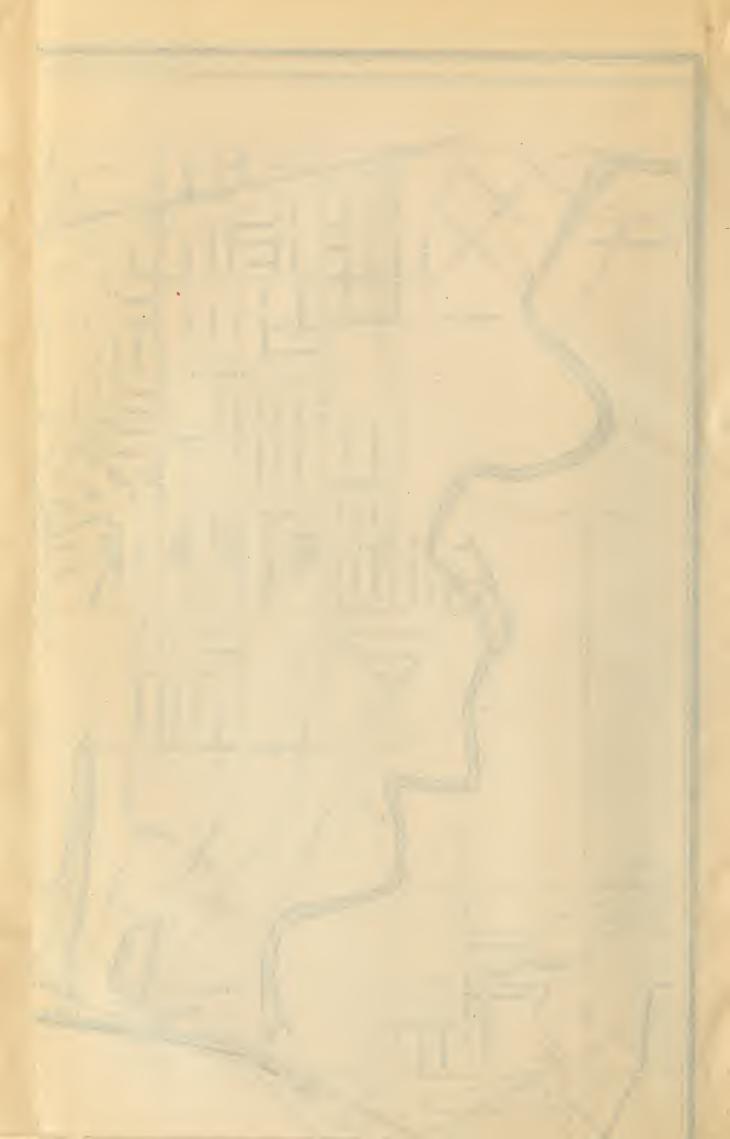


TABLE No. 4.

SHOWING PERCENTAGE OF DIFFERENT CLASSES OF PAVEMENTS AND ROADWAYS.

Cedar block	27.20 p	er cent.
Stone or scoria	.26	"
Asphalt	11.90	6.6
Wood on concrete	.26	66
Macadam	18.10	"
Cedar block with asphalt between tracks	.60	"
Cedar block with brick between tracks	5.30	4.6
Macadam with stone setts between tracks	.35	4.6
Bricks	4.15	"
Gravel	2.06	6.6
Unpaved	29.82	6.6
•	100.00	"

ASPHALT PAVEMENTS.

Asphalt pavements were laid during the year on portions of twenty-seven different streets and covering a total length of 6.348 miles, which is 25 per cent. of the total mileage of all classes of pavements and roadways constructed during the year.

The total length of asphalt in the City is now 30.81 miles, or 11.9 per cent. of the total length of paved and unpaved streets in the City. "Trinidad Pitch Lake" asphalt has been used exclusively for a number of years, although our specifications permit the use of several other varieties. Where the depth of asphalt surface required is $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches a "binder course" about $\frac{3}{4}$ inches in thickness is first laid on the concrete foundation and rolled; the asphalt companies preferring the "binder" to the "cushion coat," and, as they are required to guarantee and maintain the pavement for a period of ten years, we allow them the option of laying either one or the other. In the case of a surface 2 inches in depth, the asphalt is laid directly on the concrete foundation.

The repairing of the asphalt pavements upon which the terms of guarantee have expired is let by tender; the price for the past two years has been \$1.34 and \$1.24 per square yard for $2\frac{1}{2}$ -inch and 2-inch surface respectively.

A list of the streets paved with asphalt on which the contractors' terms of guarantee have expired will be found in Table No. 5. The quantities, prices and other details connected with the asphalt pavements constructed during the year may be seen by referring to Tables Nos. 7 and 8.

TABLE No. 5.

Showing Streets Paved with Asphalt upon which the Contractors' Guarantees have Expired.

	I					
Street.	From	То	Length. Feet.	Date of Gua	Expi rante	
Don	Vina	Frank	090	Non	90	1000
	King		932	Nov.	20,	1893
	Queen Bloor		6,734 $2,025$	Oct. Oct.	$\frac{1}{9}$	1894 1894
	Church	Yonge	900	June	9, 28,	1894
Sherbourne		Bloor	6,786	June	1,	1895
		Queen	1,182	Aug.	1,	1895
St. George		Dupont	966	June	14,	1895
Ontario	Carlton	Howard	2,824	July	28,	1895
Sherbourne	King		1,160	July	2,	1895
Bloor	Yonge	Sherbourne	2,661	Nov.	18,	1895
Scott	Front		374	Nov.	7,	1895
Wellington	Bay	York	848	July	18,	1896
Gerrard	Jarvis	Sherbourne	934	July	24,	1896
Melinda		Bay	587	Aug.	5,	1896
Jordan		King	379	Aug.	5,	1896
Sherbourne		South Drive	1,076	Nov.	11,	1896
Bay	King	Queen	1,175	Aug.	15,	1896
St. George		Bloor	3,286	Sept.	25,	1896
Toronto	N. line stone pvt.	Adelaide	349	May	1,	1897
Adelaide	York	Spadina	3,001	July	21,	1897
Victoria	King	Adelaide	414	Sept.	1,	1897
Rose	Howard	Winehester	2,134	Sept.	1,	1897
Yonge		Hayter	4,000	Nov.	9,	1897
St. James		Parliament	595	Sept.	7,	1897
Yonge		Grenville	944	Nov.	14,	1897
Devonshire Pl		Bloor	1,228	Sept.	30,	1897
Yonge	Grenville	Bloor	3,099	Nov.	25,	1897
Richmond		Bay	852	June	27,	1898
Earl		West terminus.	634	July	13,	1898
Winchester		Sumach	1,512	Aug.	24,	1898
Munn's Lane			218	Aug.	23,	1898
Czar		North	666	Sept.	25,	1898
	nd Revenue Office		265	Oet.	5,	1898
	Sherbourne		585	Oct.	21,	1898
Hoskin	St. George			June	27,	1899
Carlton	Jarvis	Sherhourne	937	June	7,	1899
Queen	Yonge	River	6,084	July	14,	1899
	Carlton		1,412	July	5,	1899
	Sherbourne		1,227	Sept.	25,	1899
Cecil			1,052	Sept.	27,	1899
McCaul	Queen		3,384	Nov.	5,	1899
Adelaide	Yonge	Church	903	Nov.	8,	1899
	Simcoe		4,999	June	15,	1899
	King		197	May	25,	1900
	Bloor		2,289	May	21,	1900
	Bloor	Davenport	2,289	Aug.	29,	1900
St. Patrick	McCaul	Beverley	606	Sept.	9,	1900
Victoria				Sept.	28,	1900
		1.640011	-			

BRICK PAVEMENTS.

There has been very little variation in the quantity of brick pavements constructed for each of the last four years. This year the length was 6.045 miles, about two miles of which was on residential streets and the balance was the reconstruction of the portion of the pavement between the street railway tracks on several streets, where the original cedar block pavement was worn out. This portion of the roadway in the centre of the street is subjected to very severe wear, particularly when the pavement on each side of the tracks is not in good repair, and we have found that bricks as a paving material give very good satisfaction. Most of our brick pavements are now laid on cement concrete foundation, the broken stone and gravel foundations not having proved altogether satisfactory, as they so often settle in places; this settling destroys the grout filler and leaves the edges of the bricks exposed to wear, and soon causes the pavement to become very rough. Details of the quantities and costs of the brick pavements constructed during the year may be seen by reference to Tables Nos. 7 and 8.

CEDAR BLOCK PAVEMENTS.

The cedar block pavements were reconstructed with a surface of new blocks on many of the streets, where the old blocks were worn out.

The total length of these renewals was 7.842 miles, which is more than double the length paved with this material in 1899. Tables Nos. 7 and 8 show in detail the quantities and cost of the cedar block pavements laid during the year.

Table No. 6 shows the sections of streets, on which the final assessment for pavements has been paid or will be paid during the ensuing year. Many of these pavements are beyond repair.

TABLE No. 6.

Street.	From	To	Existing Pavement.	Date When Laid.	Date Final Assessm't Paid.
Abbe	Brook	West terminus.	C B	1891	1896
Adolaido	York	Spadina	Asphalt	1892	1900
Albany Av	Bloor	Wells	C. B.	1889	1899
Alexander	Church	MeMillan	"	1884	1894
Alice	Yonge	Teraulay		1889	1899
Allan Av	Broadview Av.	Bolton Av		1887	1897
Alma Av	Gladstone Av	Dufferin	66	1887	1897
		Gladstone	66	1895	1900
Augusta Av			6.	1886	1896
Augusta Av	Nassau	St. Patrick	"	1889	1898
Avenue Pl	Avenue Rd	Hazelton Av		1887	1897
		N. City limit	66	1890	1900
Baldwin		Spadina Av		1895	1900
Balmuto	Bloor	Czar		1884	1895
Barton Av		Euclid Av		1890	1900
Barton Av		Euclid Av		1892	1897
Bathurst		N. railway gate		1886	1897
Bathurst		Bloor		1884	1895
Bathurst		Queen		1889	1898
Bathurst		C. P. Railway		1890	1900
Bay		Front		1889	1898
Bay		Queen		1891	1899
Bedford Rd		Davenport Rd		1889	1898
Bedford Rd		Lowther		1890	1900
Belmont		Davenport Rd		1887	1897
Birch	Yonge	West terminus		1890	1900
Bishop	Davenport Ra.	West terminus		1886	1896
Bismarck Av	Company A	Gwynne Av	Macadam	1891	1897
Bismarck Av	Wallaglar	East end	C. B	1891	1897
Bleeker		Howard		1893	1898
Bloom	Walman	Sherbourne Bathurst	Asphait	1890	1900 1900
Bloor	Oucon	Eastern Av	(°	1889 1891	1896
			66		
Pridge	Rloon	G. T. Railway Elm Av		1889 1890	1899 1900
				1890	1899
		East end Danforth Av	1 66	1890	1898
Broadview Av	Ougan	Gerrard		1887	1897
		Withrow		1887	1897
		Eastern	1 44	1891	1896
		Howland Rd	66	1888	1898
		North end		1887	1897
Brock Av			66	1888	1898
Brock Av	Dundas	College	66	1888	1895
Brown (now Sea-	Brock	West terminus		1891	1896
forth Av.)					
Brownsville La	St. Joseph	St. Albans		1889	1900
Bruce	Shaw	Givens		1892	1897

Street.	From	То	Existing Pavement.	Date When Laid.	Date Final Assessm't Paid.
Brunswick Pl Bulwer	Walmer Rd Spadina	Brunswick Av Soho	C. B	1890 1889	1900 1899
		N. to a lane		1889	1898
		North terminus		1890	1898
		Eastern Av	1 //	1889	1899
Carlaw Av	Eastern Av	Bay		1885	1897
Carlaw Av	Eastern Av	South end East end		$\frac{1885}{1886}$	1897 1897
Caroline	Oueen	Eastern Av		1889	1899
Carr	Esther	End of Carr		1894	1899
		West end		1891	1897
Cherry	Sorauren	Roncesvalles		1888	1898
Christie	Bloor	Melville	66	1891	1898
Church	Queen	Gerrard		1886	1897
Church	King	Front	66	1887	1897
Church	Gerrard	Bloor		1887	1897
Churchill Av	Term. of pave't.	136 ft. east		1893	1898
Clarence	Wellington	North end Orford		$\begin{array}{c} 1886 \\ 1886 \end{array}$	1897
		891 ft. s. of Bloor		1891	1897
		Strachan		1887	1897
Clyde (now Bald- win.)	Spadina Av	Augusta Av		1887	1897
College	Dufferin	Lansdowne Av	66	1888	1896
		Spadina Av		1882	1892
College	McCaul	Beverley		1883	L'd by
O 11	G 3	D 1	66	1004	City
		Bathurst Youge		1884 1885	1894 L'd by
Confege	micoaui	Tonge		1009	City
College	Ossington Av.	Bathurst		1887	1897
College	Ossington Av	Dufferin	66	1887	1897
College, s. s	Spadina Av	Augusta Av	4.6	1890	1899
Coolmine Rd	Dundas	St. Anne's Rd		1889	1899
Cottingham	Yonge	Avenue Rd	(,,,,,,,	1886	1896
		Poplar Plains Rd.		1889	1899
Cottingham	Avenue Rd	Rathnelly Av		1889	1899
		Defoe		1890 1890	1900 1900
		Beaconsfield		1888	1898
		Glen Rd. Bridge		1889	1899
		Spadina		1895	1900
		End of sewer		1891	1896
		Avenue Rd		1889	1899
		End of street Matilda		$1888 \\ 1893$	1898 1899
		200 ft. north	66	1886	1896
		Niagara		1890	1900
		Gerrard		1892	1897
Delaware Av	College	Bloor		1886	1897
Delaware Av 3—E	Bloor	Van Horne		1891	1897

Street.	From	То	Existing Pavement.	Date When Laid.	Date Final Assessm't Paid.
Dorset Dovercourt Rd	King College	Dovercourt Rd Wellington Bloor	C. B	1890 1883 1889	1900 1894 1894
Dowling	G. T. Ry	Blair	66	1890 Parkdale 1884	1899 1897 1894
Dufferin	Queen Elm Av	G. W. Div. G.T.R. Hill		1889 1890	1898 1900
		Bloor	C. B. & Granite C. B	1893 1892	1898
Dupont	Avenue Rd	Bedford Rd		1890	1897
Earnbridge Eastern Av	Birch	East terminus Water	Asphalt C. B	1893 1888 1889	1898 1899 1899
Elm Av	Royce Bridge	C.P. Railway Glen Rd		1893 1888	1898 1899
Emily	Brock	North terminus Maude Brock	66	1890 1888 1888	1900 1899 1899
Euclid	Bloor Ulster	Johnston Bloor	66	1890 1888	1898 1899
Evans Av	Clinton	East terminus West terminus	66	1892 1893	1899 1898
Farley Av Farley Av Frankish Av	Bathurst	Niagara Tecumseth Sheridan Av	66	1889 1889	1898 1899 1899
Frizzel	Carlaw Av	Pape Av	6.6	1889 1890	1: 00
Gerrard	Broadview Av.	Macdonnell Av Howland Rd East end	((Parkdale 1888 1893	1897 1897 1899
Givens Gordon Av	Argyle Dale Av	Halton Elm Av	ι. :-	1889 1890	1899 1899
Grant	Roncesvalles Av Queen	East end North terminus		1891 1890	1899 1900
Halton	Bloor	Dundas Union		1892 1890	1897 1899
Hamilton (late Harris.)	Queen	Elliott	"	1890 1891	1899 1896
		Bathurst Lakeview Av	C. B. & Gravel. C. B	1889	1899 1899
Harvard Hayden	Roncesvalles	Callendar East end	66	1889 1888 1890	1898 1897
Hayden Henderson	Yonge Clinton	Church	66	1890 1891	1900 1898 1897
	The contract of the contract o	indeprince to the second	••••	1892	1007

Street.	From	То	Existing Pavement.	Date When Laid.	Date Final Assessm't Paid.
Heward Av High Park Av	Queen	Eastern Av High Park	C. B. & C. B. & Gravel.	1889 1892	1899 1899
Howland Av Howland Av Howland Rd Huron Huron	Barton Wells Gerrard St. Patrick Cecil	North end	" · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1889 1889 1890 1888 1887 1886	1899 1899 1900 1898 1897 1897
Huron	Bernard	Grange Av Dupont	66	1893 1890	1898
Jameson Av Jarvis John John	Dundas Queen King King	Shirley Bloor Bloor Queen Front King	C. B Macadam	1888 1889 1889 1890 1895 1891	1898 1899 1899 1900 1899 1899
King	Bathurst Sherbourne Strachan Av Dufferin	Huxley Strachan Av Don River Armour Queen 3,000 ft. easterly.	(6	1891 1883 1883 1891 Parkdale 1890	1896 1894 1894 1896 1897 1899
Lane bet. St. Patrick and D'Arcy	Huron	Beverley	C. B	1892	1897
Lane e. of Spadina Av.	Grange Av	St. Patrick		1892 1892	1897 1897
and Duchess. Lane s. of Pearl.	Simcoe	West terminus York Wilton Av		1886 1892 1887	1896 1897 1897
and Victoria.		106 ft. south		1892	1897
Lane 1st w. of Bay.		Near Adelaide		1889 1888	1897 1898
and Simcoe. Lane 1st n. of		Jarvis		1888	1898
ton Cr.		George		1888	1898
and Richmond		East terminus Niagara		1888 1893	1898 1898
Lane r'r of John	Adelaide	Lane near Arlington Hotel. 214 ft. south	C. B	1893 1888	1898 1899

Street.	From	То	Existing Pavement.	Date When Laid.	Date Final Assessm't Paid.
Lane 1st e. of Bay.	Wellington	Melinda	Concrete	1895	1900
Lanen. of Foxley	Foxley	135 ft. north	C. B	1889	1899
Lane 1st s. of Queen.	Simcoe	Duncan		1889	1899
Lennox	Roncesvalles	Easterly limit		Parkdale	1897
Leopold	Jameson Av	Lot 19		Parkdale	1897
Leopold	Dowling Av	Lot 19		Parkdale	1897
Lobb	Shaw	Crawford		1890	1900
Logan Av	Queen	Ashbridge's Bay		1889	1898
Logan Av	Queen	Gerrard		1889	1899
Logan Av	Gerrard	Danforth Av		1889	1899
Lombard	Church	Jarvis		1888	1898
Lowther Av	Brunswick Av	Howland Av	66	1892	1898
Lowther Av	St. George	Spadina Rd	66	1890	1900
Lucas	Sorauren Av	Roncesvalles Av	66	1892	1897
MaCas	0,,,,,,	Footoms Av	6.	1005	1000
McGee	Dala A.	Eastern Av Castle Frank		1885	1896
Molloston	A wanna Da	Dathwall- A-		1.886	1897
McDhangan A-	Avenue Ka	Rathnelly Av		1890	1900
McFnerson Av	Term. of pay't.	Avenue Rd		1889	1898
McPherson Av		Rathnelly Av		1890	1900
Manning Av				1889	1898
		Hammond Pl		1890	1900
		Clinton		1893	1898
		Grace		1893	1899
Maple	Carlton	Sackville Pl		1888	1899
Marion	Sorauren Av	Fuller		1888	1898
Marion	Lansdowne Av.	Macdonnell		1891	1899
Markham	Arthur	759 ft.s. of College	66	1885	1896
Markham	Harbord	Bloor		1889	1898
Harlborough Av.	Yonge	West end		1889	1899
Massey		Wellington		1887	1897
Massey		Queen		1891	1897
Maude		Farley		1887	1897
	Emily	Brock		1889	1899
		Leopold		Parkdale	1897
Melinda	Bay	Yonge		1891	1899
Metcalfe	Carlton	Winchester	C. B	1885	1896
Middleton Av		Brock Av		1889	1898
Millstone Lane.		East end		1889	1899
Mitchell Av	Tecumseth	Niagara		1889	1899
Morris	Spadina	Huron		1890	1900
Morse	Queen	Ashbridge's Bay		1886	1897
Montague Pl				1893	1898
Munro	Queen	Gerard	• • • • • • • •	1887	1897
Napier	Munro	Lane	66	1891	1896
New				1889	1899
Niagara	King	Queen		1887	1897
Noble			"	Parkdale	1897
			U. B. &	Yorkville	1897
	- I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	Journal of the state of the	Gravel.	2011111110	2007
			Graver.		

Street.	From	То	Existing Pavement.	Date When Laid.	Date Final Assessm't Paid.
Northcote Av Northumberland	Queen Ossington Av	Afton Av Preston	C. B	1895 1893	1900 1898
O'Hara Av Olive	Present term. to Bathurst	Ry. tracks Palmerston Av 270 ft, west	"	1892 1893 1886	1897 1898 1896
Ontario	Carlton	Howard Murray	Asphalt	1890 1889	1900 1899
Ossington Av	Bloor	C.P. Railway College	66	1892 1888	1897 1899
Ossington Pl	Ossington Av	West end Summerhill Av	"	1889 1889	1899 1899
Oxford	Augusta Av	Spadina Av	*	1895	1900
Pape Av	Queen	Union Danforth	"	1890 1887	1899 1897
		Rosedale Rd	Gravel.	Yorkville	1897
Parliament	Wellesley '	North term Howard Carlton		1889 1888 1888	1895 1898
Pearson Av	Sorauren Av .	Roncesvalles Av Macdonnell Av	66	Parkdale 1888	1897 1898
Perth Av	Bloor	Royce Av King	66	1893 1886	1898 1897
Peter	King	Queen	66	1890 1894	1900 1899
Piper	York	East end Ontario		1889 1889	1899 1899
Queen	Don Bridge	G.T.R. crossing	66	1888	1898
Rathnelly Av	Rathnelly Cr	McPherrson Av East end	66	1890 1889	1900 1899
Richmond Pl	Richmond	South end Euclid	"	1886 1886	1896 1896
Roncesvalles Av Rose Av	Queen Howard	Dundas Winchester	Asphalt	1890 1892	1900 1900
Rossin House La	York	East terminus	Cobble	1894 1891	1899 1897
		North Drive	Gravel.	Yorkville	1897
Roxborough Av.	Yonge	North Drive 1,328 ft. west 2,180 ft. easterly.	C. B	$egin{array}{c} 1891 \\ 1892 \\ 1890 \\ \end{array}$	1897 1897 1900
Royce Av	Symington Av	C. P. R Portland		1893 1890	1898 1900
Rusholme Rd Russell	College Robert	Bloor	66	1890 1889	1900 1898
Ruth	Sorauren Av	Roncesvalles Av		Parkdale	1899
Sackville Salisbury Av	Carlton Sackville	Winchester East terminus	1 , ,	1889 1886	1898 1897

Salisbury Av						
Sauther Queen Eastern Av " 1888 1898 Saunders Sorauren Av Fuller " 1888 1898 Scott Front Colborne Asphalt 1890 1900 Sham College Bloor " 1893 1898 Shaftesbury Av Yonge 1,100 ft. easterly " 1890 1899 Sheppaard Adelaide Richmond Macadam. 1895 1890 Sherbourne King Queen Asphalt 1890 1899 Shirley Brock Av Lansdowne Av C. B 1891 1890 Simcee Queen Caer Howell " 1889 1890 Simcee King Queen Asphalt 1890 1900 Simcee King Queen Asphalt 1890 1900 Smith Broadview Av Logan Av " 1890 1890 Smith Broadview Av Logan Av "	Street.	From	То		Date When Laid.	Date Final Assessm't Paid.
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Saunder Scorauren Av Fuller " 1888 1898 1898 1890 1900 1890			190 ft. west			
Scott						
Shannon						
Shaw						
Shaftesbury Av						
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Sherbourne						1
Shireley						
Simpson Broadview Av East end C. B 1889 1899 1890			Lansdowne Av	C. B	1891	1898
Simpson Broadview Av Logan Av " 1890 1900 Soho Queen Phebe " 1889 1890 1900 Sorauren Av Wright Av Dundas " 1890 1899 South Drive Crescent Rd Centre Rd Macadam 1894 1898 Spadina Av College Crescent C. B. & 1889 1899 Spadina Av Queen College C. B. & 1889 1899 Spadina Av. Queen College C. B. & 1889 1899 Spadina Av. Queen College C. B. & 1889 1899 Spadina Av. Queen College C. B. & 1889 1899 Spadina Av. Queen College C. B. & 1889 1899 Spadina Av. Queen College C. B. & 1889 1899 Spadina Av. Gecil Baldwin " 1890 1890 Springhurst King Jameson " 1886 1896 Stafford King <td>Simcoe</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>"</td> <td>1889</td> <td></td>	Simcoe			"	1889	
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records Italia Indende Inspirato	Victoria	King	Adelaide	Asphalt	1892	1900

Street.	From	То	Existing Pavement.	Date When Laid.	Date Final Assessm't Paid.
		East terminus		1890	1900.
Vermont	Bathurst	Manning A7		1891	1896
Walmer Rd	Castle Av	Bernard		1891	1897
Walmer Rd		Dupont	44	1892	1899
Walter		McMurrich		1891	1897
		West limit	66	1888	1899
Wardell	DeGrassi	North terminns		1889	1898
		186 ft. easterly		1891	1896
		Dufferin	66	1886	1896
		300 ft. east	66	1889	1899
		Clarence Sq	66	1886	1896
Wellington	Church	Youge	Asphalt	1889	1899
Wellington	Bay	York	(, , , , , , ,	1891	1899
Westmoreland A	Durham	Union	C. B	1890	1900
Westmoreland A	Bloor	Durham	66	1890	1900
Wilkins Av	King	North terminus	66	1888	1899
Wilson	Queen	King		Parkdale	1897
Withrow Av	Broadview Av.	1,060 ft. east		1889	1898
Woodland	North Drive	Park Rd	C. B. &	Yorkville	1897
			Gravel.	1	
Woolfrey	Broadview Av.	Bowden	C. B	1888	1899
Wright Av	Sorauren Av	Roncesvalles Av	4.6	Parkdale	1897
		Sorauren Av		1891	1899
Wyatt Av	Sumach	River		1889	1898
Yonge	Davenport Rd	Railway crossing.	1 "	1885	1897
		King		1884	1895

BROKEN STONE ROADWAYS.

Two and one-half miles of macadam roadways were constructed during the year, which is only half the length constructed the previous year; all of these were on residential streets. On Woolsley Street, what is known as a tar macadam road, was laid. It is the first and only one that has been put down in this City, and has not been down long enough to enable us to form any positive opinion as to its ultimate success. However, we have been so favorably impressed with it that others of the same description have been recommended, though we are still in the experimental stage with regard to their construction we feel that we can make improvements in future works of this class. Tables Nos. 7 and 8 show details of the streets paved with macadam.

SCORIA BLOCK PAVEMENTS.

The portion of the roadway between the street railway tracks on York Street, and on College Street, from Yonge Street to McCaul Street, was paved with scoria blocks. The repaving of the track allowance on Parliament Street was commenced, but not completed owing to the lateness of the season. On all of these streets the track allowance portion of the roadway had been previously paved with asphalt, which had not given very good satisfaction, owing, perhaps, to the rails having been laid on wooden ties.

CEMENT CONCRETE AND BRICK SIDEWALKS.

The construction of permanent sidewalks has greatly increased. By referring to Table No. 2 it will be seen that 15.227 miles of cement concrete and 0.038 of a mile of brick sidewalks were laid in 1900, which is nearly treble the amount laid the previous year, and as regards concrete sidewalks in particular there was as much laid in 1900, as in all the seven preceding years together. See Table No. 7 for details of the permanent sidewalks constructed during the year.

DAY LABOR WORKS.

Last season twenty cement concrete sidewalks were constructed by day labor; for fifteen of which the City Engineer's tenders were the lowest received and the remaining five for different reasons were laid by day labor. Table No. 9 is a list of these different sidewalks, and shows their length, width and also the amount of the City's tender, the next lowest tender, and the actual cost of the work, etc. The last two columns show the loss or gain to the City, when the actual cost of the work is compared with the amount the work would have cost, if the City Engineer had not tendered, and the contracts had been awarded to the contractor submitting the lowest tender; besides there would have been the additional cost of inspection, if the work had been done by contract.

There was only one loss, and that was in connection with the walk on the north side of Bernard Avenue, between Avenue Road and Bedford Road, which was commenced in the autumn of 1899 and not completed until the end of October this year, being delayed through a dispute regarding the position of the telephone poles. After deducting the loss of \$87.64 on Bernard Avenue, the net gain to the City through laying these different walks by day labor was \$1,086.06 A list of the pavements constructed by day labor will be

	Cantractor.	1900 Martines Scharfe, 1900 Constructing and Paving Co. 1900 Constructing and Paving Co. 1900 Martines Scharfe, 19		1940/City of Toronto. 1940/City of Toronto. 1940/City of Toronto. 1940/City of Toronto. 1940/City of Toronto. 1940/John McGreen. 1940/John McGreen. 1940/John McGreen. 1940/John McGreen. 1950/City of Toronto.		1900 City of Toronto.		1., 1909) Dum. Pav'g and Contract'g Co 31, 1900 11, 1909) Wm. F. Grant. & Co. 16, 1909) Dom. Pav'g and Contract'g Co		14, 1900 City of Toronto.		cresi Constructing and Paving Co. [1901] of the property of th	May 14, 1900 Dom. Pavig and Contractig Co Aug. 8, 1900
	Completed.	20 2 4 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 4 4 5 5 6 4 4 4 4 4 5 6 5 6		June 6 1980, June 23, 1900 June 23, 1900 June 22, 1900 June 27, 1900 Oct. 11, 1900 June 19, 1800 Sept. 19, 1900		å		May 1., 1900 May 31, 1900 Sept. 11, 1900 Aug. 16, 1900				77.7.5.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.0	y 14, 1900 g. 8, 1900
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	Pavement.	9, 289 9, 289 1, 288 1,	2	1,780 5,345 27.8 2,531 5,328 2,938 649 649		909	BRICK	2,808 1,845 686 2,070 7,409		5,348		4,956 810 810 810 1,576 1,576 1,576 1,576 1,696 1,696 1,696 1,696 1,696 1,696 1,696 1,696 1,696 1,696 1,696 1,696 1,696 1,696 1,697	7,685
	To	Walmer Road Spadim Spadim Spadim Street Street Street Spadim Spad		Terauley Arthur John King, Church Car-Howell Snooe		East End		Pearson Ave Palmerston Ave 244 ft. north Harbord		Queen's Park		College College For Extraction For Extraction College For Extraction College For Extraction College For Extraction F	Mansfield
	From	Avenue Road Simeso Simeso Author Theory Theory St. Goods Author St. Goods St		Youge Voucan Dorset Borset Victoria Queen York York		Brock Ave		Queen Bathurst. Queen Ulster		Yonge		Arthur Noble Noble Rong Rong Bernare Doverour Bernare Resulte	Queen Euclid Ave
	Street.	Bloor King Ford Bernard Bernar		Buchana Markham Lanc 1st s. of King Landsrah William William Front Lane s. of Frant		Atkins Ave		Fuller Robinson West Lodge Manning Ave		Grosvenor		Sully Strickard Place St. Mary Maddia Avo McMadia Avo McMadia Avo McMente Cros McDannel Squave North McMenter Cros McMary	Bellwoods Ave

O Door Pay's and Contract's Co	O City of Toronto.	U Warren-Scharfe.	0,J. H. McKnight.	U Dom. Pav'g and Contract'g Co	OCity of Townto.	n John McGuire.	U Dom. Pav'g and Contract'y Co		D Constructing and Paving Co.	O Street Commisin'r (Day Labor	t. 27, 1900				Dom. Pav'g and Contract'g Co		15, 1900	: :	:	: :		: :		W. F. Grant & Co.	Dom. Pav'g and Contract'g Co		
19, 191	16, 190	18, 190	30, 190	2, 190	25, 190	4, 190	17, 190	upplete	7, 150	16, 190	27, 190				14, 190	8, 1500	15, 190	8, 190	18, 190	10, 190	29, 190	13, 190	29, 190	24, 190	31, 190	21, 196	15, 190
South .	Aug.	July	June	Aug.	July	Dec.	July	Not co	Aug.	Oct.	Oct.				May	Anc.	May	June	May	June	June	Aug.	May	July.	Aug.	July	Sent.
0.00	5533	794	412	400	636	507	6118	2,510 4	1,135	1,338	1,029	104 20	19,585		2,750 6	2,982	225	1,518	590	1,295	\$88	662	752	468	1,147	691	1,897
91	7	21	18	24	77	18	54	28	¥6	30	30				24	24	57	57	20	54	54	18	24	19	33	ň	54
Wand	Wood	1-in. stone	Wood	Wood	t-in. stone	Wood	Wood	in. stone	Wood	Wood	Wood			N GRAVEL.	Would	Wood	Woud	Word	Wood	Wood	Wood	Wood	Nood	Nond	Nood	Nood	Nood
	1,146												-	CEDAR BLOCKS ON GRAVEL			994										
9.395	1,500	1,944	824	1,006	1,696	588	1,683	8,626	3,176	4,460	3,430	000	47,208	Свра	7,685	8,954	726	4,165	1 59	3,563	2,026	1,355	2,098	1,019	3,552	1,903	6,220
Beaconstield	Defoe	Bloor	Spruce	South Drive	636 ft. west	Apt. 294 ft. east	McCaul	Sherbourne	Esther	Don Bridge	Eastern Ave				Mansfield	Dundas	Bellwoods	College	Clinton	Arthur	Mansfield Ave	Hazelton Ave	College	Amelia	Mill or grown record	Churchill Ave	Bloor
Doverourt	Bathurst	St. Mary	Gerrard	Ehn		:	:	Youge			i						Clinton			:							Ulster
MoKanzia Crae	McDonnell Square	North	River	Beau				Shuter	:						1			M anning Ave						Metcalfe		Dovercourt Road	

			CED	AR BLOCKS	CEDAR BLOCKS ON GRAVEL.						
Bellwoods Ave	Queea	Mansfield	7,685	5,763	Woud	24	2,750 6	May 14,	1900 E	y 14, 1900 Dom. Pav'g and Contract'g Co	3
Arthur	Euclid Ave	Dundas	8,954	6,322	poo //	24	2,982	Aug. 8,	1500		
Mansfield Ave	Clinton	Bellwoods	726	991	Woud	24	225	May 15,	1300	:	
M anning Ave	Arthur	College	4,165	3,056	Wond	57	1,518	June 8,	1900	:	
Henderson Ave	Manning Ave	Clinton	759	080	Wood	20	590	May 18,	1900	:	
Clare mont	Robinson	Arthur	3,663	2,728	Wood	54	1,295	June 10,	1900	**	
Clare mont	Arthur	Mansfield Ave	2,026	1,914	Wood	54	\$88	June 29.	1900	:	
Berry man	Davenport Road	Hazelton Ave	1,355	1,366	Wood	18	662	Aug. 13,	1900	:	
Lippincott	Nassau	College	2,098	1,550	poo M	24	755	May 29,	1910	:	
Metcalfe	Winchester	Amelia	1,019	196	Wood	19	468	July 24.	1900 N	'. F. Grant & Co.	
Trinity	King	Mill of Section	3,552	2,570	Wood	33	1,147	Aug. 31,	190m D	om. Pav'g and Contract'g	Co
Dovercourt Road	Dandas	Churchill Ave	1,903	1,436	Wood	33	691	July 21,	15000		
Borden	Ulster	Blour	6,220	3,917	Wood	54	1,897	Ser	1900		
Argyle	Dundas	Shaw	1,8/14	1,328		24	621 8	Aug	1:000		
Ulster	Major	Bathurst	2,958	2,255	Wrod	52	1,075 6	Jul	1900.0	7. F. Grant & Co	
Sumach	King	Gerrard	8,025	6,0316	Wood	24	2.764	Oct	1900C	instructing and Paving C	.03
Palmerston Ave	Rohmson	Arthur	3,371	2,504	Wood	56	1.252	Set	1900	0	
Dundas	Ossington Ave		16,152	9,844		85	4,953	Oct. 13.	ISBN W	F. Grant & Co.	
Shaw	Arthur		4,047	9,934	Woud	24	1,500	Dec. 6.	1900LD	1900 Dom. Pay'r and Contract's Co	Co
Queen	Pape		10,569	6,909	Wood	00	3,373 6	Oct	15000		
Ossington Ave	College	Blour	7,623	5,748	Wood	57	2,810	Nov.	1900	24, 1900 W. F. Grant & Co.	
Queen	G. T. R. tracks	Pape Ave	7,259	4,678	Word	28	2,229 6	Nov.	1900D	16, 1900 Dom. Pay'g and Contract'y Co	00
Margueretta	Dandas	Bluor.	4,000	3,5110	Wood	24	3.224	Not er	leted	:	
Techmseth	Queen	Walnut	3,962	2,976	Wood	24	2,046	Not comp	leted N	Not completed W. F Grant & Co.	
			1								
			113,174				41,410 8				
			Сов	COBBLE STONE PAVEMENT	PAVEMENT.						
Farqubar's Lane Front	Front	Esplanade	089		None	17	360	Nov. 12,	1300.0	Nov. 12, 1900 City of Toronto.	
			680				360				
		RECONSTRUCTION OF TRACE ALLOWANCE WITH BILLE, SCORIA GRANITE AND CONCRETE	лек Ашом	ANCE WITH	BICK, SCORIA	GRANITE A	Nu CONCRE	ai ai			
											1
	;										
Street.	From	To	Pavement.		Class of Pavement.	Width.	Longth.	Completed	 	Contractor,	

('untractor.	6. 1940 (Sty of Toronto T. 1940 Data Pays and Contract g Co. T. 1940 The Pays and Contract g Co. T. 1940 The Pays and Contract g Co. T. 1940 The Pays and Contract g Co. The Doublan Meleon The		mpleted. Contractor.	6, 1900 W. R., Payne. 5, 1900 G. C., Charles & C., C. 7, 1801 1900 A. G., Gardiner & C., C. 18, 1900 G., Gardiner & C., C. 18, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 19, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 19, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 20, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 21, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 22, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 23, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 24, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 25, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 26, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 27, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 28, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 29, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 21, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 21, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 22, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 23, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 24, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 25, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 26, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 27, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 28, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 28, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 29, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 21, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 21, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 22, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 23, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 24, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 25, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 25, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 26, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 27, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 28, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 28, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 29, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 20, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 21, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 21, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 21, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 22, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 23, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 24, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 25, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 26, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 27, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 28, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 28, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 29, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 21, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C. 21, 1900 G., Cardiner & C., C.
Comple	Sept. 10 June		Compl	
Length.	lin. ft. in 1. de 2 1. de 2 1. 140 2. 252 2. 555 3. 565 3. 667 4. 1974 4. 1974	30,916	Length.	### ### ##############################
Width.	.i. ユヹヹヹヹヹヹヹヹヹヹヹ		Width.	# `
Clars of Pavement.	Brick Brick Brick Brick Brick Brick Grant Brick	ONCERTE SIDEWALKS.	Class of Curb.	None None None None None None None None
Pavement	89. yds. 1,496. 3,404. 4,1122. 1,2213. 1,2213. 1,2213. 1,2213. 1,140. 1,140. 1,140. 1,140.	41.848	Side.	Beat. South
73	N. s.of. Ninox College C. Bloom of Morean College C. Bloom of Morean Central General General Broad view Properties College C. Bloom Bridge C. Broad Stath Drive Front Rangeswalles		${ m To}$	Davemport Road Davemport Road Davemport Road Ring Right Road Ring Right Road
From	College Colleg		From	Blant Blant Right Wellington Wellington Wellington Wellington Wellington Wellington Blant
Ntreet.	Spatim Ave Spatim Ave Spatim Ave Berlinge Editede Editede Germal Germal Parlament Sherburte Vork		Street.	Avenne Road Avenne Road Avenne Road Avenne Road Bernard Ave Bernard Ave Bernard Ave Bernard Ave Bernard Ave Bernard Ave Coellorme Coello

found in Table No. 10, which shows the class and length of pavement, the City's tender, the next lowest tender and the actual cost of the work, etc.

The last two columns in this table, as in Table No. 9, show the loss or gain, when the actual cost is compared with the lowest contractor's tender. By referring to it, it will be seen that Buchanan Street brick pavement is the only one on which there was a loss, the amount of which was \$91.88. This can be accounted for through the work of laying the curb, having been started late in 1899, when, through the failure of the Canadian quarries to supply the demand, it was necessary to import stone curbing from the United States at a greater cost; and about the time the pavement was started in the spring, the 18 cent per hour resolution respecting laborers' wages passed Council, which raised the cost of labor 20 per cent., the work having been tendered for when the minimum rate of wages was 15 cents per hour.

All the other works in this table show gains, which aggregate, after deducting the \$91.88 loss on Buchanan Street, \$4,122.93.

The City's was the only tender for the paving of the lane between Dorset Street and John Street, so there is neither loss nor gain shown in the table; also, there is nothing shown in connection with the cobble stone pavement on Farquhar's Lane, as there was only one tender received besides the City's, and the contractor, through an error, made his price greater than he intended. The cost of each of these pavements was within our tendered price. Table No. 7 shows in detail all the pavements, roadways and permanent sidewalks constructed during the year.

Yours faithfully,

W. A. CLEMENT,

Assistant Engineer in charge of Roadways.

TABLE No. 8.

Average cost per sq. yd. 1900.	2.75 (heavy) 2.25 (light) 1.73 1.44 One only in 1900. 54 Depth of stone varies from 8 to 16 inches
Minimum cost per sq. yd. 1900.	2.70(heavy) 2.15 (light) 1.64 1.32 1.30 49
Maximum Minimum cost per sq. cost per sq. yd. 1900.	2.80(heavy) 2.35 (light) 1.82 1.56 1.30 63
Onaranteed period of years.	100
Maximum grade of pavement.	3.03 in 100 4.80 in 100 7.18 in 100 5.16 in 100 6.65 in 100
Year first laic	1888 1893 1896 1881 1881 1880 1880
Miles laid in 1900.	6.348 1.516 0.516 0.057 7.842 0.303
Square yards laid 1900.	94,286 23,699 7,409 606 113,174 5,348
Total miles.	30.810 7.710 .842 2.218 86.450 5.340 .680 47.810
Total sq. yds. in City.	587,697 30.810 145,889 7.710 15,031 .842 32,009 2.218 1,755,882 86.450 76,862 5.340 40,122 .680 654,817 47.810
Class of Pavement.	Asphalt Brick on concrete Brick on broken stone Brick on gravel Cedar block *Gravel †Scoria and granite Macadam

* One only in 1900, and it was the repairing of an old road. † Street railway track allowance not included in total mileage.

TABLE No. 9.

	Difference Betw'en City's and Next Low'st Tender	ss. Grin.	c. 6 c. 73 20	•	08 83			115 29			06.40						77 78	
	Tal Cost of ork Exclusive interest on ney. Degree of Degree or De	oW F	\$ c.	785 04 87 403 78			545	748 539	1,375	,648	264		73 48				338 29	87
1900.	at of Work In-		\$ c.			~~	~		-	$\overline{}$	No t'nd'r		No t'nd'r	/	1	331 76	338 29	00 100
LAROR DURING 1	st of Work not luded in nder.	Cos	\$ c.			$-\mathbf{z}$	Z		7	38	No t'nd'r		No t'nd'r	No t'nd'r	91 52	10 61		
AROR	to dest of and Islands of the line of the	M^{O}	e c. 0 59			\vdash	-					00	$73\frac{3}{4}$		HIGH	014 9 11	65	6:0
ДАХ	xt Lowest ader per lin ft.		° c. 0 68			2	0				Š	-	No t'nd'r	No t'nd'r		6		
CONSTRUCTED BY	y's Tender lin. ft.	Cit Der	62 0 62			Z	°Z				No t'nd'r	7	No t'nd'r No t'nd'r	No t'nd'r	70	000	1 7 4 7 1	4,
STF	dth in ft.	WI	70		.O 10						rc		9	9	9	7 6	9	<u> </u>
-	.11 ու հեջո	Γ^{6}	ft. in. 809 11	807 589 6							388 6		9 66	183 0			520 1	-
RETE SIDEWALKS	To.		Bedford Rd .	Huron	Carlo oni Cond	Parliament	Sherbourne	Lowther Ave.	Barton Ave	Bloor	Fark		99 ft. 6 in. N.	183 ft. E.	Prospect		HouseNo.112	N. IIII C INC. IO
CONCRE	From		Avenue Rd	S Beverley	Huron	Berkeley	N Seaton	Bloor	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :		N Madison Ave.	131 ft. 6 in. N.		Drynans 183 ft.	B Winchester Prospect	E Front Sta	W House No. 92 Ho	
	de.	is	02 2	ZO	ZZ	Z	Z	<u> </u>	m;	> 0	2Z		国	:	mZ	田	N F	
	Street.		Bernard Ave	College	Cecil	Gerrard	Glucester	Huron	Howland Ave	Huron	Lowther Ave	Queen's Park	Crescent	Crescent	Rose Ave		StGeorge	Totals

TABLE No. 10.

TABLE SHOWING COST OF PAVEMENTS CONSTRUCTED BY DAY LABOR DURING THE YEAR 1900.

the str	c. 90 51 51 52 53	55	63 46 77 73	1 50
Difference Between City's Tender and the Next Lowest Tender. Loss. Gain.	\$ 323 172 799	287	250 479 870 ,030	91 88 4 914 81
Difference ween Cider and sxt Lowe Tender.	0 :00 : : :			38
Dif Betwe Fende Next T T Loss.	\$ c.	:		8 16
Money.	882 882 883 883 883 883 883 883	50	25 25 23 67	1
Work Exclusive of Interest on	\$ 929 263 935 804 179 917	47 18 11 1,496 58	746 523 175	
Tender. Total Cost of	c. \$3 30 929 964,263 33 2,935 57 804 34 1,179 40 917	1,	746 1,523 1,175	
ni bəbulənI	\$ 60 3 31 31 114 3 114 3 99 5 99 5 4	18 1	746 1,523 1,175 338 40 7,172	
in Tender. Cost of Work not	c. \$ 31 88 31 49 114 99 116 170 16 170 48 54	17	37 1,523 23 1,175 27 338 40 7,172	
fo tso leads to the following				
	400 H	01,	00 746 00 1,523 00 1,175 00 6,834	
Next Lowest Tender.	c. \$ c. 00 1,193 00 00 4,140 00 00 2,994 00 00 1,666 00 00 1,808 44 00 No t'nd'r	99		
Te	c. \$ 00 1,193 00 4,140 00 2,994 00 1,666 00 1,808 00 No t'u	1,7(00 997 00 2,003 00 3,097 00 7,865	
y's der.	_	00		
City's Tender.	\$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	1,540 00 1,766 00 1,478	940 1,957 1,621 7,351	
Length in Fect.	Feet. 303 704 636 360 1,602 194	291	523 1,682 1,076 964	
Le			ਜੰਜੰ	
of ent.	Atkins Av Brock Av East end Brick Buchanan Yonge Teraulay Brick Davenport Rd. Avenue Rā. 636 ft. west Macdam *Farquhar's La. Front Esplanade Cobble Stone Grosvenor Yonge John John Brick	:		
Class of Pavement.	t dam le Si		dam rete dam	
Pay	Brick Brick Macuc Cobbl Grave Brick	Brick	McDonnell Sq Bathurst Defoe Macadam Spadina Cr N.s. Crescent Gollege Brick *Sherbourne . Bridge South Drive Concrete. Spadina Av King Front Macadam	
	ark (6.	:	e	
$ m L_{o}$	nd. lay. wes nade 's Pa	•	Driv	
	East end Teraulay 636 ft. we Esplanad Queen's John	ott	efoe lleg uth ont	
		· .	F % C D	
g	Bad.	:	tseen	
From	ock 1ge . sinue int . set.	ge .	hurs Cre lge. g .	
	Hon Kor	You	Bat N.s Bric Kin	
	Rd.	outh	8q.:	
Street.	Av lam oort har's nor st se	st so	L Cr ourn	
S_{\pm}	Atkins Av Brock Av Buchanan Yonge Pavenuport Rd. Avenue Rā. *Farquhar's La. Front Grosvenor Yonge Lane 1st south Dorset of King.	Lane 1st south Yonge Scott	McDonnell Sq Bathurst Defoe Spadina Cr N.s. Crescent College *Sherbourne . Bridge South Dr Spadina Av King Front	
	Atl Bar AFF. Car	La	Spe *Spe Spa	

*The number of square yards of pavement on Sherbourne Street was reduced so that the City tender would have been \$1,071, and the next lowest tender \$2,046 unstead of \$1,621 and \$3,097 respectively, as stated above.

The prices for the pavement on Farquhar's Lane cannot be compared, as there was only one other tenderer and the contractor made an error in his tender.

TABLE

Showing Roadways, Pavements, Sewers and Sidewalks Recommended as Local Improvements from 1890 to 1900 inclusive, and also Number of Recommendations Petitioned Against

	Roadways.		
Year.	Roadways.		tioned Against
1890		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
1891	•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
1892,			
1893		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
1894			
1895		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
1896		• • • • • • • • • • • • •	
1897		· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
1898			·
1899		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
1900	132	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	34
Total	1,088	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	. 237
	Sewers.		
Year.	Sewers.	Peti	tioned Against.
1890			
1891			. 1
1892			
1893			
1894			
1895		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	. 2
1896			. 2
1897			
1898	3		
1899	13		. 1
1900 ,	14		. 1
Total	291		7
	Sidewalks.		
Wooden	Perma	nent	Petitioned
Year. Sidewalks.	Sidewa	alks.	Against.
	35	7	
		٠	. 1
		,	
			7
		}	40
		?	30
	27	,	41
	64		71
$1899\dots 437\dots$	88		63

145 .

422

81

..... 334

1900 408

Totals.. 2,740

SEWERS, DRAINS AND SPECIAL WORK.

TORONTO, December 31st, 1900.

MR. C. H. RUST, ESQ.,

City Engineer.

DEAR SIR,—I beg to submit the following report of the work performed by this Department during the year ending 31st December, 1900.

During the year the following sewers were constructed:

12-in. tile pipe	4,220 lin. f	eet.
15-in. tile pipe	* 277	6
15-in. tile pipe relaid in concrete	566 '	4
15-in. tile pipe relaid	200 '	6
2-ft. x 3-ft. brick sewer	897	6

There are $232\frac{1}{2}$ miles of sewers in the City. 1/60

During the year there were

76 new manholes built.

173 manholes repaired.

661 new gullies built.

313 gullies repaired.

72 miles of sewers were flushed and cleaned.

The following is a list of the plans made or revised during the year:

122 drawings and day labor or contract plans.

92 tracings.

382 sewer plans revised.

There are at present 66 flush tanks in the City, which are inspected every week. All are in good working order.

QUEEN STREET CULVERT, SIX-FOOT ARCH.

The old stone culvert across Queen Street at Ashbridge's Estate, east of Greenwoods Avenue, was found in a very bad condition, some of the roof having fallen in. It was reconstructed for a length of 42 feet under the car tracks, at a cost of about \$325.

GENERAL SEWER REPAIRS.

During the year many short pieces of pipe sewers, which were thought to be defective, were uncovered and repaired.

In most cases the joints were found to need cementing, while in some cases the pipes were cracked or broken. In repairing all pipe sewers over 12 inches in diameter an arch of concrete is now added to strengthen the pipe.

DRY WEATHER FLOW OF SEWERS TORONTO CANADA.

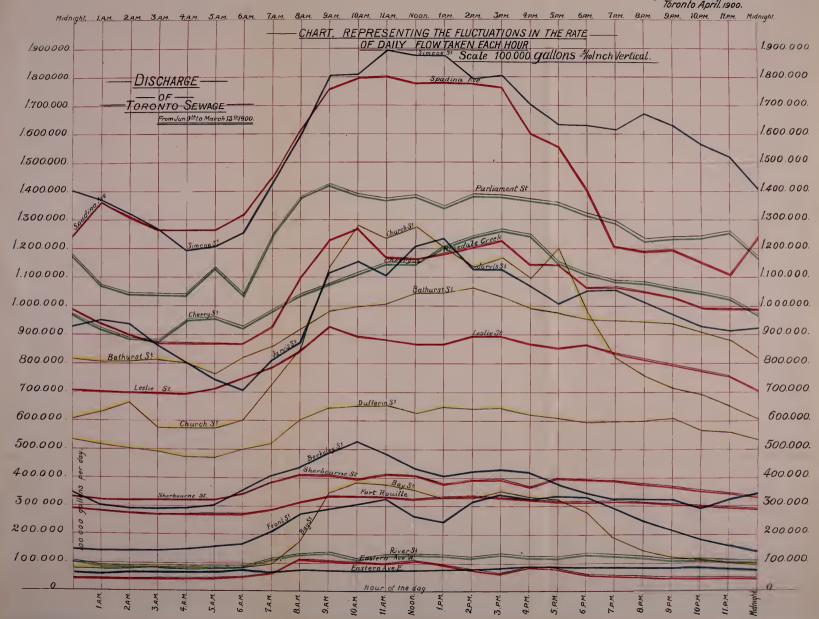
TAKEN JANY FEB" and MARCH 1900. IMPERIAL GAL SPER DAY BEING CAL-D BY FRANCIS FORMULA + CALS PERMIN = 2.4953 (L-& S) D } (VELOCITY OF APPROACH ALLOWED FOR)

								_																												
SEWERS	SIZE FALL	ACRES	POP 1599 P	POP ERACRE WIL		VEIR LOGATION.	RECO! WHENTARE		MID.	I AM.	2. AM.	BAM.	4 A M	5. AM.	6 AM.	7.AM.	8.AM	9 AM	10 AM	// AM.	NOON.	I.PM	2 PM	3.PM	4.PM.	5.PM	6 PM.	7. PM.	8 PM	9 PM	IO PM	II.PM	PERDAY.	PERNEAD	PERACRE RUNA	WING FULL CO
FORT ROUNLE	3659 1-300	330.	3593	109	14 A.	TDOMINIONS	JANSOS FEBRO	5.	288 000	283.536	271.272	27/008	271.008	271.008	275400	288000	317016	337.824	357.824	533 /44	526.520	526.520	33,1776.	329832	32/994	3/4.290	3/3682	318,096	3/5,632	305.928	299.449	294.336	306 544	85 3	_ 929 18	630000 É
DUFFERIN 5	24459 /- 60	357	6781	19.0	4 E	XHIBITION GATE	LW 30 31 FEB 12 3	5 . 5	53/.2/6	5/6.384	498528	491.328	472,464	469440.	438.508	520704	600.312	644.400	652,520	652,320	68/.872	652320	641.376	600,000	62/078	604648	5932Ad	596305	596.30A	503,072	562,752	558/44	577 422	2 85 3	1618 42	600000
GARRISON CK.	100R 1-344	2//2	45792	21.7	50± W	FLLINGTON ST	LUX 18.23.24.2524	5.	4.439.592	4.398.048	4323528	4.168.828	4 084 5/6	4.049.568	4.104.216	4.3/2.728	4703.400	503/288	5/29/36	5.148.864	5164592	5/88320	5/88320	5/08/592	5074418	4.933.584	4.798/52	4.697.928	4.671.144	4.610.088	4552920	4 530 036	4696 494	1 102 9	2219 217	HELOCO E
BATHURST ST.	26132 1-69	223	9/58	42.6	14. E.	RONT ST.	UN IS 23.24.24.26.26.2	5.	8/6.9/2	808704	808704	8/6.9/2	800490	165264	820224	858.528	219.152	280.640	297.776	1008/40	1.042848.	1042.838	1.062.000	1.029024	992736	973.872	955005	948960	944640	239.600	2056/6	878544	32/ 548	100 5	429/139	970000 2
SPADINAAVE:	30,56 1-90	33/	15,554	478	22 F	RONT ST	MINICAKE	5	1.242.950	/365832	1.309.708	1.269.568	1.265445	1265443	1.319.566	1.4.31.905	1612.052	1.7.58.888	1.797.120	1.797.120	1.776.096	1.782632	1.777608	1.766.480	1603.220	1.553/84	1 404216	1.202.832	1.189.224	1135992	1 /55.672	1117.008	1456 494	BB 1/4	42/3 95	276000 2
SIMCOE ST.	43 CM F. 173.	400	16436	28.4	30 F	RONT ST.	UNSBERREN	5.	1404000	1.371.600	13/8/76	1.268.784	1192.608	1202832	1.251.360	1429439	1.591.632	1797.553	1801440	189.440	1.871.856	1871856	1769.920	1.801 440	1697.618	1 629216	1.6292/6	1610352	1.665.944	1.629216	1.561 824	1520 912	1575 052	2 95 3	2721 6.3	236,202 3
RAY ST	- 0030 4118.	29	280	× 47	14: 20	DES OF FRONT ST	шивальной	2 2	85,248	78.192	77.328	80.784	75744	79.056	84.384	96768	176.256	345744	381.9/2	373.966	369/36	3//.6/6	32/,984	348,480	33/.200	323,565	279792	186048	188.240	//8.368	108.720	97.632	202 632	2 724.	6287 15	490,000 =
YONGE ST.	3 1450 1-239	565	10.425	320	30 20	WWW.ESPLANAD	FWEREKTE	9 9	2765756	2.543.688	2.471.112.	2.452.032	2.445.624	2.464.704	2.554.560	2.787.696	3276.936	3794.688	4050000	4.112.856	4.042800	3.965.544	3.972.744	3991314	3221856	3.857.688	3.692576	3422962	3 266 136	3 245472	3 /54 969	2.983.392	3302 088	3 /79 3	5844 45	354000 :
CHURCHST	- ini 1-100.	150	84.92	400	18 8	OF FRONT ST	JAN2025262723	4 6	6036/9	628,485	665328	577 166	573 408	573.408	595050	728.669	851515	1.131.581	1277.568	1238400	1.277.568	1.199.520	1.136.088	1.169.957	1.095811.	1201795	. 972.734	8/6/77	755835	710.669	690,869	619.742	880 122	2 135 %	5500 37	800000 2
JARVIS ST.	Seiso 1-118.	160	722/	50/		SEV ANADE ST.	UN 24 25 26 2724	6	221.729	345360	934452	859.428	802656	740.016	702.432	809215	970214	1.113.052	1155 160	1101074	1204402	123/200	1.125.936	L125.000	1206032	1.002.600	1052827	1057.110	1011.888	211325	923,479	910.802	289,069	/ /37	6368 62	138,000 to
SHERBOURNE.	26150 1-200	115	4001	325	16 76	WAY BET FRONT &	MASS FEB. 12.345	6 5.	329673	321.739	321.739	32/.739	32/739	32/739	342,490	3868/3	412.157.	408.744	396.92	4/2/57	408744	<i>578 53</i> 3	39/.867	39/ 867	370238	\$00.449	39/867	386 873	378.553	370238	350.597	345.701	369 296	5 9/ 10	32/1 44	100000,7
BERKEL EYST	2000	120	1757	40.3	10 E	RELANADE ST	ANN FERILLAS	E. 5.	838024	300.744	289296	289.296	29//68	294872	345744	402.534	425304	480.632	5/5.984	476.136	421.200	402120	4/7528	422.49	414.072	385 056	345,872	32/336	3/6/52	302744	295.056	322652	357 6/6	209 3	8549 151	687000 to
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AND ALVESTINE		1	347/	100			+		281.774	274/70	268.00	251.272	258/30	258.6//	263016	289325	326,000	361.545	37/85/	37/528	570 740	363.023	367,685	369464	356.74/	349.945	535677	320070	3/2.568	307 016	298.207	29/365	3/8 078		070	
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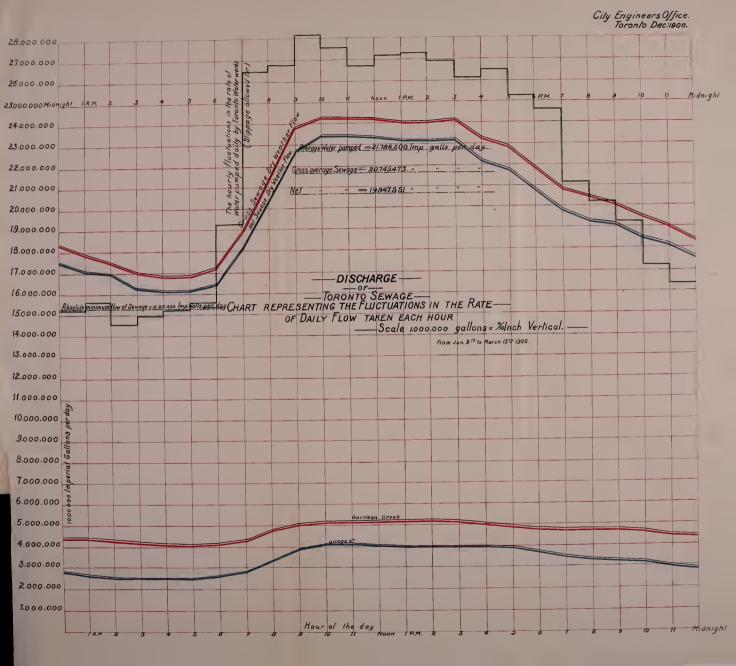
- WEST TORONTO JUNCTION AND COUNTY WATER.

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FILTER BED CROSS SECTIONS.

In the preparation of sewage disposal plans, a large amount of ground north, east and south of the Woodbine race course, and south of Queen Street from Leslie Street to Woodbine, and at the Old Fort and the Garrison Creek Sewer outlet has been cross-sectioned, and plans made showing contours. These cross-sections have been carried out into the Lake or Ashbridge's Bay, and soundings taken to hard bottom.

MEASURING FLOW OF SEWAGE.

As a preliminary to designing filter beds for sewage disposal, weirs were placed in each main sewer in the City near its outlet, and accurate measurements taken of the dry weather flow of sewage, for each hour of the day and night. The results are given in detail in the accompanying charts, the general result being a gross dry weather flow of sewage of 20,745,000 imperial gallons per day, or deducting water received from West Toronto Junction sewers, or County water taken in at the City boundary of 898,000 imperial gallons per day, leaving a net amount of 19,847,000 imperial gallons of City sewage per day.

LOCATING MANHOLES AND CULVERTS.

Many of the sewers built from twenty to fifty years ago were not fully recorded as to structures, position or depth, and during the year measurements have been taken on 351 streets or portions of streets, obtaining information which has been placed on the sewer plans.

PRIVATE DRAINS.

The following is a statement of the private drains constructed during the year to December 31st, inclusive:

Month.	6-in.	9-in.	12-in.
	ft.	ft.	ft.
January	353	33	
February	$327\frac{1}{2}$	33	
March		66	
April	2,468	132	
May			
June		33	
July	1,289	181	33
August		182	
September		33	
October		226	
November		86	
December		20	
Total	$15,135\frac{1}{2}$	1,025	33

In addition to the above, 52 private drains were repaired and 18 private drains were flushed out during the year.

The attached schedules and diagrams give all the information relating to cement tests made in this Department from July 1st, 1899, to July 1st, 1900. The brick testing is done by this Department; also all other special Engineering work, exclusive of Roadway work, was performed by the staff of this Department.

SPECIAL WORK.

QUEEN STREET BRIDGE ABUTMENTS.

These abutments were practically completed in 1899, the last work being done on January 9th, 1900.

TAKING DOWN QUEEN STREET TEMPORARY BRIDGE, ETC.

In August, when traffic was opened on the new Queen Street Bridge over the Don River, the temporary bridge immediately to the south of it was taken down, the piles pulled out, the C. P. R. station moved back to a position close to the new bridge and platforms rebuilt. New gates were contracted for with Piper & Sons for protecting Queen Street at the crossing of the railway tracks at the west end of the bridge, and were erected by them.

KEATING'S CHANNEL PILING.

The sheet piling on the north side of Keating's Channel, from the Don Rowing Club building eastward, was extended 165 feet toward Keating's Channel Bridge. There is about 200 feet still to do at this point on the north side.

DON RIVER PILING AT QUEEN STREET.

The sheet piling on both sides of the Don River at Queen Street has been completed, a length of about 250 feet having been constructed at a cost of \$1,500.

DREDGING SEWAGE DEPOSITS OUT OF SLIPS.

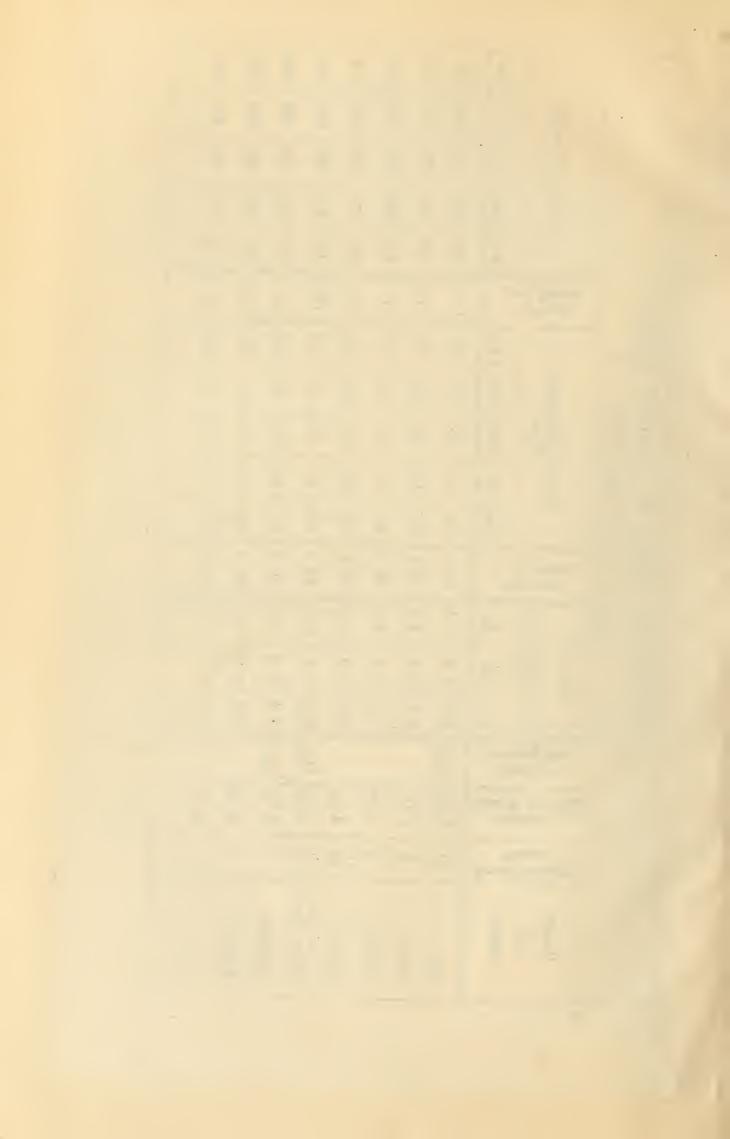
The following dredging has been done by the contractor for slip dredging during the season:

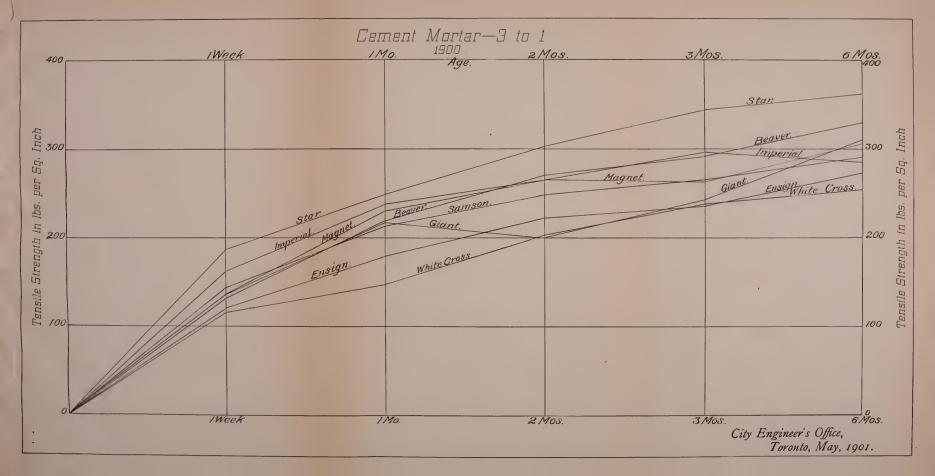
Queen's Wharf channel (Bathurst Street sewer).
Yonge Street sewer outlet.
Church Street slip.
Jarvis Street slip.
Entrance to Sherbourne Street slip
Sherbourne Street slip.
Entrance to Berkeley Street slip.

Berkeley Street slip (two-thirds done).

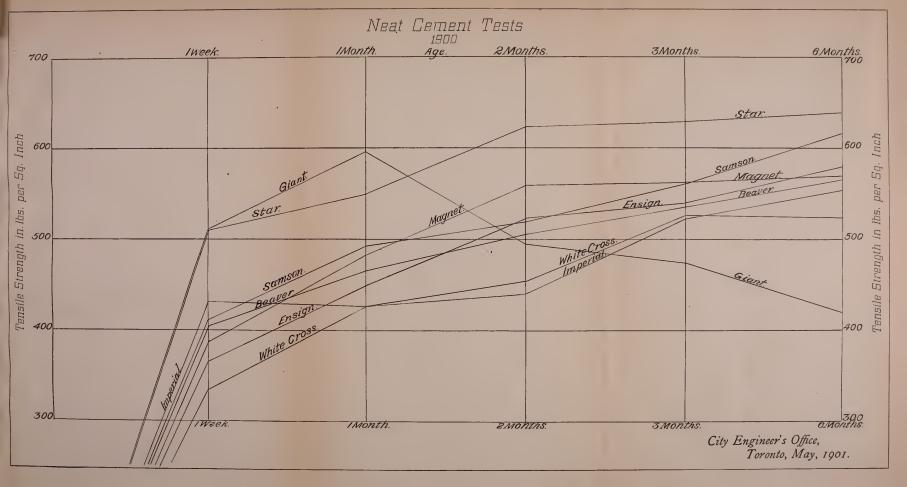
Tensile Strength in Ibs. per Sq. Inch

	•										
		6 Mos.	362	329	291	274	255	287	908	310	
	STRENGTH	3 Mos.	344	290	264	236	237	296	263	242	
	4.6	2 Mos.	303	270	247	222	203	265	265	200	
	Tensile 3	1 Mo.	249	219	213	179	147	239	232	217	
		1 Week	186	130	145	122	116	163	136	136	
'n	verage 1 Water	0 %	11.9	11.8	11.9	11.7	12.0	14.0	12.0	12.0	
Tesi		6 Mos.	639	565	615	580	523	554	570	420	
ınt	TENSILE STRENGTH	3 Mos.	629	535	559	538	527	524	260	476	
1/0(E STR	2 Mos.	623	504	212	521	454	441	558	495	
of C	ENSIL	1 Mo.	548	466	464	450	427	427	484	269	
1E C	I	1 Week	509	403	409	366	336	432	387	510	
Condensed Table of Cement Tests July 1/99 to July 1/00	verage f Water	0 % V	24.6	24.5	24.8	24.5	25.7	38.0	25.0	26.0	
sed Juli	% es ber	100	1.7	2.2	မာ တ	0.3	13.5	2.4	0.3	7.0	
nden	RESIDUE %	70	9.0	0.7	2.6	0.0	8.2	0.3	0.0	3.0	
Cor	RJ	20	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	9.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	to tlus		Good 0.0	×	×	×	Fair	Good	33	ŧ	
	verage ic Gravity		~~	3.07	3.09	2.95	3.05	3.06	2.92	2.97	
	Samples ested		40	9	∞	91	9	4	က	H	
	BRAND	CEMENT	Star	Вваиег	Ѕатѕоп	Ensign	White Cross	Imperial	Magnet	Giant	











The excessive amount of material necessary to remove to obtain an entrance for the dredge to Sherbourne Street and Berkeley Street slips has increased the cost of the work this year to a total of \$7,500.

SAND PUMP DREDGING.

The sand pump "Daniel Lamb" has been continuously engaged during the season. Shields' Cut, Ashbridge's Bay, and Keating's Channel were both deepened. The remainder of the season was spent at the Island doing the following work:

Widening Clandeboye Avenue and Long Pond east of Hallam's Bridge; cutting channels toward the Yacht Club from Clandeboye Avenue, and opening up a channel and filling in low land at Blockhouse Bay. The amount of material removed during the season was 70,000 cubic yards, at a cost of slightly over 7 cents per cubic yard.

The dredge has just been put on the dry dock and thoroughly overhauled, recaulked and laid up for the season.

DREDGING BERTRAM'S SLIP.

Under instructions, an agreement was entered into with contractor Simpson on November 26th for dredging out the slip at Bertram's ship yard, which was about $7\frac{1}{2}$ feet deep on an average. This had been dredged to a depth of 10 feet at zero water for a length of 400 feet and width of 65 feet. The material was a mixture of rock boulders and clay, and the dredging was done to the solid rock; about 2,500 cubic yards in all was taken out.

STREET RAILWAY RECORDS.

During the year, complete records have twice been taken from 5.30 a.m. to midnight of the traffic on the various car routes of the Toronto Railway Co., and returns made showing number of cars, number of passengers sitting, number of passengers standing, etc. In addition to this, complete records of the actual schedule under which the cars on various routes were running have been taken quite often, and returns made showing whether or not it is in conformity with the schedule recommended by the City Engineer and adopted by Council. Various other miscellaneous records have been taken referring to proposed changes of routes or complaints made by citizens, etc. This has necessitated the employment of from one to twenty men for a large portion of the year.

Yours faithfully,

CECIL B. SMITH,

5—E

Assistant Engineer.

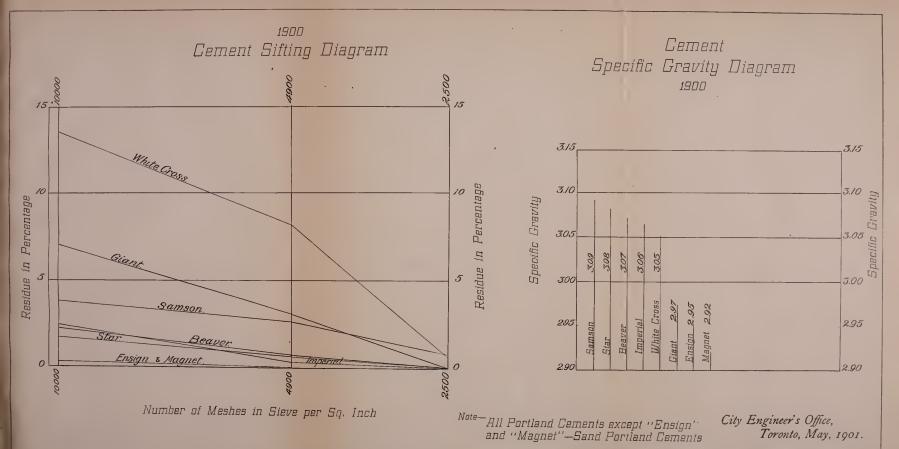
MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM TEMPERATURES, AND RAINFALL AND SNOWFALL.

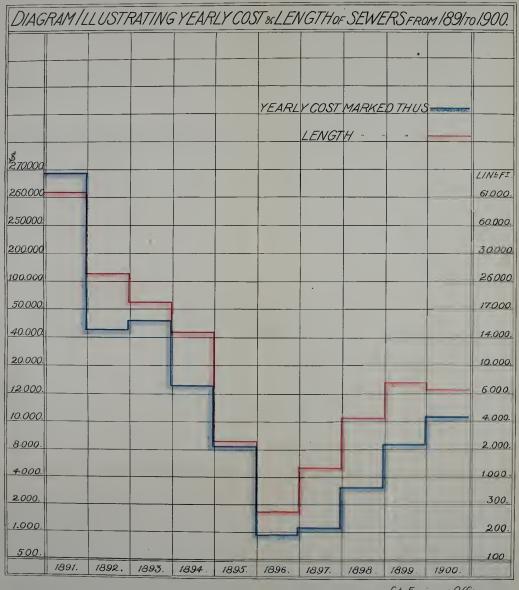
Токомто, 1900.

	Tempe	erature.	Precipitation.		
	Maxi'um	Mini'um	Rain.	Snow.	
January February March April May	48.0 43.8 70.7	0.0 -9.6 -3.0 21.3 30.5	in. 0.470 2.140 1.620 1.830 0.995	in. 14.7 30.7 18.3 *	
June July August September October November	89.4 94.4 98.0 91.7 83.0	44.4 48.1 51.3 44.0 25.9 14.1	$\begin{array}{c} 2.425 \\ 2.730 \\ 2.745 \\ 1.425 \\ 2.115 \\ 3.025 \end{array}$	8.7	
December	98.0	-1.5 - 9.6 - 26th Feb	$\begin{array}{c c} & 0.610 \\ \hline & 22.130 \end{array}$	$\frac{2.2}{74.6}$	

^{*} Too small to measure.

Observatory, Toronto, 18th May, 1901.





City Engineers Office.

Toronto May. 1901.

BRIDGES.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE,
Toronto, December 31st, 1900.

C. H. Rust, Esq., City Engineer.

DEAR SIR,—The following is a report of the bridge work done during the past year:

CHERRY STREET BRIDGE.—In place of the crib in the centre of the river, that was overturned in the spring of 1899, a new structure has been erected consisting of close piling and walings, with a portion of the old crib. This structure has been securely placed and brought up to the original level, as a support to the end of the bridge when opened, and attached by longitudinal timbers to the centre crib. A cutwater face has been constructed to this crib to break the ice when freshets occur. A new wearing course has been laid on the deck, the land cribs repaired, and the turning machinery overhauled and adjusted.

GLEN ROAD BRIDGE.—The repairs to and re-construction of the deck of this bridge, commenced in 1899, were completed in the month of January, 1900, although reported as complete in the report of 1899. One of the diagonal braces on the south trestle on Rosedale Drive was broken and was taken out, repaired and fixed.

Lamb's Draw Bridge.—This bridge requires constant attention, having served the purpose for which it was erected, and should be replaced by a permanent steel structure. I recommend that a bridge of about 40 ft. span, with 20 feet between main trusses, be constructed, which could be raised so as to give a clear headway of 30 feet, and parallelled to the surface of the stream. Considerable repairs had to be made during the year to keep the structure in working order, adjustment oftentimes causing more trouble than repairs or renewals.

Danforth Avenue Bridge.—This structure which carries the traffic over a small stream near Jones Avenue, has been entirely reconstructed. It is now in three spans, a centre one of 20 feet, and two outer ones of 15 feet each. A new hand-railing was provided and the bridge is now in good condition.

Strachan Avenue Bridges.—These bridges have been overhauled, the mudsills and posts examined and renewed where necessary, a new wearing course laid on the deck of the south bridge and the hand-railing and sidewalks repaired. On or about the 22nd September the sidewalk on the east side of the north bridge caught fire, but it was extinguished before much damage was done, a few sidewalk planks only being destroyed, which were replaced. On the 1st December, some of the stringers and the bottom chord of the east truss of the north bridge were destroyed by an overloaded train. New trusses and one new needle beam were put in, and the stringers and planking were replaced by Grand Trunk Railway men. While the deck was uncovered for these repairs, I found the underplanking and stringers very much decayed. The entire decks of these bridges must be replaced during the coming season.

CASTLE FRANK BRIDGE.—The supports of this bridge at the north end were found to be much decayed. The decayed part was removed and replaced. Some slight repairs were made to the other portions of the bridge.

Winchester Street Bridge.—During the spring freshets the scour of the river had undermined the piling and carried the earth filling away at the east end of the bridge, and in the early part of June the piles had bulged towards the water, and let down that part of the deck. A temporary ramp was put in so as to keep the traffic going until new piles could be procured. A contract was let to Messrs. Medlar & Arnot, who drove a close row of piles and secured them with iron rods from walings to back piles and logs. The bridge was raised to its proper position and newly planked, so as to make the deck planking independent of the earth filling. It was extended for about 25 feet eastward and supported on wood sills sunk into the road bed.

DUPONT STREET CULVERT.—A new plank covering was placed on this culvert, but the substructure must be renewed in the near future.

Island Park Bridge.—A new bridge was built in June over the channel at Clandeboye Avenue. It is merely a foot-bridge and is 104 feet long by 6 feet wide, and is in three spans, a centre one of 30 feet and two outer spans of 25 feet each, with an extension of the deck and hand-railing 12 feet further on each end. It is built

on piles and bents, and with a little paint and constant attention it may last some 8 or 10 years. Some slight repairs were made to Hallam's bridge, a few worn planks being taken up and replaced with new ones.

DUNDAS STREET BRIDGE. —This bridge did not require any repairs this season, with the exception of some adjustment to the hand railing. It will require replanking in the coming season.

CRAWFORD STREET BRIDGE.—This bridge has been thoroughly examined and a new 2 inch wearing course put on the roadway. The bents were repaired where necessary, also sidewalks and handrailing. The stringers are in only medium condition and will need replacing in the near future.

SHAW STREET BRIDGE.—This bridge was found to be in a very poor condition, the stringers being so much decayed on the top side that they would not hold the nails. An entirely new set of stringers were put in alongside and nailed to the old stringers to reinforce them, and new under and lower deck planks 2 inches thick were laid. The mudsills under bents were all examined and new ones put in where required, also all verticals cut where decayed and new pieces inserted. The bracings were all examined and strengthened.

Gerrard Street Bridge.—As the devil strip on this bridge was of the old width, viz., 3 feet between rails, in compliance with the wishes of the Street Railway Co. it was widened, and the double planking in the strip renewed. The deck was sawn through on the north side of the north track and on the south side of the south track, close to the 12 inch stringers supporting the rails and the planking from the devil strip, having been removed, each track was forced over by the screw jacks until the sawn edge of planking was hard against the rails; they were then re-nailed to stringers with 8 inch wire nails. This alteration made the devil strip 3 feet 8 inches wide between the rails or two inches wider than the standard width. The wearing course of planks is in a poor condition, and is worn completely through in some places, but will serve without danger until the season of 1901.

LAKE SHORE ROAD CULVERTS.—One of these, near High Park was re-planked and the other one further west was repaired.

QUEEN STREET BRIDGE.—The old bridge has been removed and replaced by a new one of 125 feet clear span and built entirely of steel. The old position of the bridge was on a line, which was a compromise between the centres of Queen and King Streets. néw structure is exactly on the line of Queen Street. The roadway is 42 feet wide between curbs, leaving a driveway on both sides of 14 feet clear of the railway track, and there are two sidewalks of ten feet each in the clear. The deck and sidewalks are entirely covered with steel buckled plates, and surfaced with asphalt, with the exception of the space between the tracks, which is paved with square cut pine blocks, some treated with Carbolinium Avanarius and some with Finch's Wood Preservative, the remainder not being treated with any preservative. They are all set with paving pitch. Cast-iron pediments are erected at the end of each main truss, surmounted with ornamental electric lamp pillars and lamps. It was found necessary on account of the nature of the filling to support the end newel posts of the hand-railing on piles. This, however, is only a temporary arrangement and will be replaced with either stone or concrete when the ground is entirely settled. The abutments are built of rockfaced course masonry, set in Portland cement.

Eastern Avenue Bridge.—The old wooden bridge at this crossing has been removed and a new steel one substituted. The clear span over the river is 134 feet and the width between curbs $21\frac{1}{2}$ feet; there are two sidewalks 7 feet wide in the clear; the deck and sidewalks are covered with pine planking, and the under planking and stringers have been treated with Carbolinium Avanarius. The abutments of this bridge are of concrete, with the exception of the bridge seat course and ballast wall, which are of rock faced course masonry, set in Portland cement.

Humber River Bridge.—The old composite bridge on the Lake Shore road over this river was entirely removed and a new steel bridge erected on the same centre line. The clear span over the river is 160 feet, and the width between curbs $21\frac{1}{2}$ feet; there is a sidewalk only on the south side of the bridge and it is 7 feet wide in the clear. The deck and sidewalk are covered with pine planking and the underplanking and stringers were treated with Carbolinium Avanarius. The abutments of this bridge are of concrete, with the exception of the bridge seat course and ballast wall, which are of rock faced course masonry set in Portland cement. In order to pro-

tect the filling for the roadway at each end, a sloping wall of piles was placed at each end at the south side of the bridge. These walls are tied to back logs buried in the earth filling.

JOHN STREET BRIDGE.—The deck planks of this bridge are showing a good deal of wear, but it has to be maintained by the Grand Trunk Railway.

KING STREET SUBWAY.—The Masonry of the abutment walls of this subway is being gradually destroyed for want of proper drainage.

YORK STREET BRIDGE.—The wood paving on this bridge is in a very poor condition and should be renewed, but before anything can be decided it must be known how it is intended to lay the Street Railway rails.

REPAIRS AND MAINTENANCE OF BRIDGES, 1900.

Location.	From 1899.	Nails, Etc.	Tools.	Paint and Sundries.	Lumber.	Labor.	Total.
	\$ c.	\$ c.		\$ c.	1 "	\$ c.	\$ c.
Cherry St. Bridge	186 76			126 50	791 61	356 13	1,508 30
Glen Rd. "…	2,060 86					102 54	
Lamb's draw "	64 38	14 15	7 33	60		56 66	
Danforth Av. "…					126 82		257 43
Strachan Av. "		14 10	2 10		25 62	200 30	
Castle Frank "					31 82	60 84	
Winchester St. "		44 23		17 79			
Dupont St. Culvert					13 46	8 66	22 12
Island Park Bridge		7 50		33 39			
Dundas St. "				3 00		3 00	6 00
Crawford St. "		25 40		2 50		143 33	
Shaw St. "…		$62 \ 30$					1,712 67
Gerrard St. "		31 40	21 65	6 12	212 44		S 09 91
Lake Shore Rd. Culv't						11 62	11 62
York St. Bridge				14 35		54 94	69 29
Huntley St. "…						6 13	
Queen St. "…				16 06			16 06
Humber River "				1 12			1 12
	2,312 00	246 38	38 06	225 08	3,258 83	2,758 77	8,839 12

Respectfully submitted,
JOHN WILLIAMS,

Assistant Engineer.

REPORT OF STREET COMMISSIONER

CITY ENGINEER'S DEPT.,
Toronto, December 31st, 1900.

C. H. Rust, Esq.,

City Engineer.

DEAR SIR,—I beg to submit herewith a report of the works carried out under my supervision during the year ending December 31st, 1900:

ROADWAYS.

It is gratifying to note that the movement on the part of property owners throughout the City to secure new roads on their respective streets, has become more and more widespread, as a comparison of the mileage of new roadways and pavements laid during the year now closing, with that of the past few years will show. It is noticeable also that pavements of a permanent character are given the preference. It must be allowed, however, that there yet remains room for a great deal of improvement in this direction, there being far too many worn out and unimproved roads for a City of the size and importance of Toronto.

Pursuant to an agreement made between the Corporation, and Lever Bros. we have constructed the following roadways in connection with their new works in the east end:

- (1) From Eastern Avenue to the Cattle Byres. This was laid with cedar logs, on which was put a dressing of 4 inches of stone and 2 inches of gravel. Its length was 780 feet by 20 feet in width.
- (2) Eastern Avenue, from the Don river to the G. T. Ry. crossing. This was macadamized. Its length was 1,338 feet by 30 feet in width.
- (3) East side of the Don, from Queen Street to Eastern Avenue. This was also macadamized. Its length was 1,029 feet by 30 feet in width.

In connection with the above, we constructed 6-ft. wooden sidewalks on the south side of Eastern Avenue, from the Don bridge to the G. T. Ry. crossing, and on the east side of the Don, from Queen Street to Eastern Avenue.

VINE STREET EXTENSION.

In connection with this work a 2-in. x 8-in. curb was put in on both sides of the street, from Front to Mill Street. Sidewalks were also laid.

The new road was graded, and coated with a heavy coating of cinders. The total cost of these works was charged to the Wm. Davies Co.

QUEEN STREET.

The roadway on Queen Street between its junction with King Street and River Street, was widened. We removed the old blocks and made a temporary road of ashes, top dressed with gravel, well rolled, which will serve until the question of a permanent pavement is disposed of.

QUEEN STREET BRIDGE APPROACHES.

Following on the completion of the new bridge over the Don approaches were made on both sides, of cedar blocks.

KING STREET SUBWAY APPROACHES.

New approaches of cedar block have been constructed as follows:

On the north side of King Street, east of the subway, a distance of about 400 feet.

On the south side of King Street, west of the subway, a distance of about 600 feet.

I may mention that considerable repairs will be required next season to the opposite sides of those already repaired.

BATHURST STREET BRIDGE APPROACH.

The north approach to this bridge was repaved with granite setts over an area of 56 ft. x 66 ft.

FRONT AND ESPLANADE STREETS.

The funds specially appropriated by Council for the repair of these two roadways was expended to the best advantage, and their condition was materially improved.

In regard to the road on Esplanade Street, it is highly necessary that something of a permanent nature should be constructed to accommodate the exceptionally heavy traffic in that locality. I refer

to that portion from Berkeley Street to York Street. The present macadam roadway was not properly constructed in the first place, and the drainage is poor, and the result is that all attempts to repair it have only a brief duration.

MACADAM ROADWAYS.

Repairs of a more or less extensive character have been made to the undermentioned streets:

John Street, from King to Front Street.

Teraulay Street, from Queen to Albert Street.

Albert Street, from James to Teraulay Street.

Beverley Street, from Queen to College Street.

Queen Street, from Greenwoods Avenue to Kingston Road.

Wellington Place, from Spadina Avenue to Portland Street.

Queen's Park Avenue, from College Street to Sir John A. Macdonald's Monument.

STONE ROADWAYS.

Funds were specially provided by Council for the relaying of the stone setts on Front Street, from Yonge to Bay Street, and east side of Yonge Street, from King to Colborne Street, between the street railway tracks and the curb. This has long been necessary, and the result is much appreciated by the merchants on those streets, and others.

GRAVEL ROADWAYS.

A special appropriation was also made for repairs to roads of this class, and the following have received attention:

Elm Grove, from Queen to King Street

O'Hara Avenue, from Queen Street to 1,475 feet north.

Brock Avenue, from Queen to Shirley Street.

Macdonell Avenue, from Queen Street to Pearson Avenue.

Melbourne Avenue, from Dufferin Street to Cowan Avenue.

Lansdowne Avenue, from Queen Street to 100 feet north of Marion Street.

Dovercourt Road from Queen to Foxley Street.

GENERAL REPAIRS.

These embrace repairs of a general character to the various classes of roadways (cedar block, macadam, etc.), grading unimproved roads, channelling, etc. Our aim has been to secure the best results possible, commensurate with the funds at our disposal.

HUMBER BRIDGE APPROACHES.

Considerable filling was required to the Humber Bridge approaches, in connection with the erection of the new superstructure. We experienced much difficulty in getting the necessary material for the purpose, until arrangements were made with the County authorities to obtain a supply from a hill on Jane Street. From this source we hauled 2,190 loads, on which was constructed the approaches of stone and cedar logs. Work on the west approach is not quite finished, pending the transference of a strip of property to the city, owned by Mr. Charles Nurse.

SIDEWALKS.

The remarks I have made in respect of the property owners bestirring themselves to secure new pavements, of late, are to some extent applicable to sidewalks. The mileage of plank sidewalks constructed has a tendency to diminish every year, due to the fact that permanent sidewalks are more and more in demand amongst property owners. Last year, I understand the permanent sidewalks laid totalled 5.77 miles, only, while this year the mileage was 15.265 miles.

The total mileage of wooden sidewalks constructed during the past year was 27.45 miles made up as follows:

4 feet wide	. 9.84 miles
$5\frac{1}{3}$ feet wide	5.42 miles
6 feet wide	. 12.10 miles
All other widths	.09 miles
	27.45 miles

Appended hereto is a list of wooden sidewalks constructed by us during the past year, as Local Improvements, which contains details of the material used, total cost, etc., of each one.

The sum of \$2,252.50 was paid to the City Treasurer for short sections, and extensions of sidewalks laid. On Miscellaneous Account, the total amount paid over to the Treasurer was \$830,01.

STREET OPENING PERMITS.

The number of permits issued to builders, excavators, and others to take up sidewalks temporarily, was 26; the usual deposit of \$10 being exacted in each case as a guarantee that the sidewalk would be properly restored.

SNOW CLEANING FROM SIDEWALKS.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Snow Cleaning By-law, we cleaned during the winter of 1899-1900, about 440 miles (lineal) of sidewalks, at a cost of $3\frac{1}{2}$ mills per foot frontage, each cleaning.

This cost is assessed against the properties cleaned, in proportion to the frontage, and the number of cleanings done.

STREET CLEANING.

The mileage of streets cleaned was 1,767½ miles. The sweepings and scrapings removed, totalled 37,163 loads. In this connection I may be permitted to observe that it would facilitate our work greatly, and the net result would be much enhanced, if owners and occupants of buildings could only be induced, or compelled to tie up in a secure manner all waste paper and litter when put out for removal by the scavengers. The bulk of the waste paper which constantly disfigures our streets, undoubtedly comes from the lanes where it has been deposited loosely.

Asphalt seems to be coming more and more into favor for pavements, and this means, of course, a constant expanding of the patrol or hand cleaning system; that is, if the standard of excellence we have achieved in the past in respect of our street cleaning, is to be maintained. I need hardly point out that this cannot be done unless the necessary funds are appropriated. It is absurd to suppose that while the city is becoming better paved, and the citizens demand that the streets shall be kept clean, and free of dust, the appropriation for this branch of our work can remain at the old figure.

STREET CLEANING (SNOW).

For the first four months in each year, street cleaning is practically confined to removing snow and ice, where same accumulates beyond the point of safety to traffic, especially after a heavy storm. This applies more particularly to streets on which the street railway is operated: the accumulation having to be removed from the sides, and the transfer points at the intersecting streets.

On February 28th, and again on March 1st and 2nd, there were extraordinary snow-falls. Altogether we removed during the winter 45,203 loads of snow and ice, at a cost of \$13,453.59, representing about 30 cents per load.

STREET CROSSINGS.

Repairs have been made, and new crossings put down at various points, as warranted by the funds at our disposal. The following is a list of the permanent crossings constructed:

Queen Street Avenue, on north line of Elm Street.
Bathurst Street, on north line of Wellington Avenue.
Front Street, on east line of Bathurst Street.
Queen's Park, w.s on line of St. Alban's Street.
Esplanade, on east line of Yonge Street.
Teraulay, Street, opposite west entrance of City Hall.
Front Street, on east line of Simcoe Street.
Albert Street, on east line of Terauley Street.
Teraulay Street, on south line of Albert Street.
Cecil Street, on west line of Beverley Street.
Cecil Street, on west line of Phoebe Street.
Cecil Street, on west line of St. Patrick's Street.
Lombard Street, on west line of Jarvis Street.
Adelaide Steet, on west line of Jarvis Street.

CURBING.

Repairs of a more or less extensive character have been made to the stone, and wood curbing throughout the city. A great number of sections of wood curbing have been constructed under the Local Improvement system.

HOUSE OF INDUSTRY STONE.

Stone for macadam purposes, amounting to about 107 toise, was broken for this department by the occupants of the above named Institution.

STREET FLUSHING.

Consequent upon the numerous complaints from merchants and others, of damage and inconvenience caused by the dust on the main business streets, the system of flushing the asphalt pavements on Queen, Yonge, and King Streets was tried early on in the season; the flushing being confined to three nights per week. Later on this was discontinued by order of the Committee on Works, and the balance of the funds, specially appropriated by Council for the purpose, was transferred to "Street Watering" account. Since that time the streets have been lightly sprinkled by the watering waggons, from

the tracks to the curb. While dealing with this subject I may perhaps be permitted to say that, in my opinion, the flushing system, if combined with the patrol system, as operated during the day, is the best one so far evolved, for overcoming the dust nuisance. of which so much has been heard of late years from occupants, and the general public on the asphalted streets in the business section of the city. In my judgment, the flushing should be done nightly, with the exception of Sunday nights, during the summer months beginning with May, and the system should embrace as wide an area of streets asphalt paved as possible; the object being to prevent the dust and dirt of one street contaminating another. At the best, this trouble can only be partly obviated, in view of the large number of lanes and macadamized streets connecting with those that are paved with asphalt, whereby mud is tracked upon the latter. The great drawback to the sprinkling system is the danger of accidents to vehicular traffic, and bicyclists, by reason of the slippery, or greasy condition it imparts to the asphalt. The department is regularly inundated with complaints in this connection.

STREET WATERING.

The past year makes the seventh during which the system of watering the track allowance has been in operation. We have three tanks in commission, and the aggregate mileage covered by the three was 20,324 miles. The total cost was \$3,302 66, representing a rate of $16\frac{1}{4}$ cents per mile. The water used in this service amounted to 31,285,000 gallons.

The ordinary watering waggons used 55,619,000 gallons, representing 123,926 loads, making a grand total of 86,904,000 gallons of water used in the Street Watering service.

SCAVENGING.

The loads collected by the scavengers for the year ending December 31st, totalled 136,332, of which 35,932 were garbage, and the remainder (100,400) were ashes.

ISLAND SCAVENGING.

The usual semi-weekly service was operated from May 17th until September 29th.

ELLIOTT AND NEELON PLANT.

Pursuant to order of Council, the Elliott & Neelon plant, stored in the city lot on the north side of King Street, west of the City Yard, was moved to the city lot on the east side of Dufferin Street, south of King Street, at a cost of \$484.01. There were some 480 loads altogether, of which 246 were stone, 114 timbers, and 120 were boxes, poles, etc.

ACCIDENTS TO EMPLOYEES.

Seventeen men received injuries while on duty, sufficient to incapacitate them for work. Pursuant to an Order of Council respecting accidents to civic employees, these men were paid while off duty; the total sick pay amounting to \$604.69. The period of disablement ranged from 27 to 432 hours.

Yours faithfully,
JOHN JONES,

Street Commissioner.

LIST OF WOOD SIDEWALKS CONSTRUCTED BY STREET COMMISSIONER'S DEPARTMENT DURING 1900.

DISTRICT No. 1.

Street.	Side.	From	То	Width (feet.)	Length (feet.)	Lumber (feet B. M.)	Nails (lbs.)	Total Cost.
Bain Brooklyn	N E W E W E W S W S W S W S W S W W N S W W	Carlaw Queen '' Allen Queen Broadview Elliott Queen '' Munro Logan G. T. R Pape Curzon Don Bridge Queen Matilda Spruce King '' Winchester 192ft, w, of River	Doel Strange Gerrard Eastern 230 ft. s. of Eastern. West end Booth Curbing and spikes. Frizzell Curzon Kingston Rd Inch boards, and 3 Smith's Blk Gerrard Spikes North end Carlton Queen	$\begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 6 \\ \vdots \\ 6 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$	585 1,392\frac{1}{2} 1,394\frac{1}{2} 927 1,032 1,275 756 1,127 593 816 652 238 1,950 1,468 5,166 nails 286 2,162 858 408 418 428 802 73 195	6,576 2,052 6,256 22,176 22,176 13,612 16,416 13,616 10,293 12,037 6,338 9,051 6,970 3,968 800 32,326 23,970 84,944 192 4,576 37,236 9,168 6,544 6,704 6,864 11,438 794 2,096	175 50 200 600 600 350 400 250 300 275 200 100 50 1,900 50 1,000 50 300 200 200 200 255 50	\$ c. 291 92 142 91 542 27 529 55 356 10 324 24 319 71 365 60 268 71 132 16 233 58 152 79 168 40 652 11 539 01 1,807 56 87 72 801 90 208 44 179 57 174 94 195 70 289 88 17 62 52 07

^{*}Forty-three cedar posts.

[†]Not laid from Gerrard St. north, 72 feet, in front of Nos. 363-67-69-71.

[‡]Half-cord of cedar posts.

[§]Laid from Smith's Block to 286 feet west.

^{||} Not laid at lane north of No. 428, $12\frac{1}{2}$ feet; nor at lane north of No. 438, $12\frac{1}{2}$ feet.

DISTRICT No. 2.

Street.	Side.	From	То	Width (feet.)	Length (feet.)	Lumber (feet B. M.)	Nails (lbs.)	Total Cost.
*Amelia	S	Parliament	Metcalfe	6	331	5,120	125	135 53
Arnold	W	St. Davids	Wilton	4	422	4,630	140	109 81
†Berkeley.	E	90 ft. s. of Queen	Duke	6	716	11,816	300	469 47
D 1 1	***	Tr.	Curbing and spikes			2,380	75	
Berkeley	W	King	Front		282	4,694	140	93 31
Ŧ	W	Duke	Duchess	6	440	7,214	215	323 29
eD.J.	a	Ontonio	Curbing and spikes		900	1,504	35	### AO
SDuke	S	Ontario	PrincessCurbing and spikes	$5\frac{1}{3}$	208	3,184	105	117 02
Front	Q	Princes	Tor. Ry. Power House	6	364	697 5,985	15 190	100 00
George	\mathbf{w}	Queen	Duke	6	385	6,314	160	132 66 133 75
¶Metcalfe	R	Winchester	Amelia	6	992	15,521	440	319 00
112120000110:			Spikes			10,021	25	515 00
Oak	N	Parliament	Sackville	$5\frac{1}{3}$		11,912	385	273 20
Queen	S	Power	Pt. 246 ft. e	6°	$27\hat{5}$	4.562	110	88 88
**Sackville	E	Salisbury	North end	6	825	13,369	400	294 12
			Spikes				35	-01 15
++Seaton	W	Queen	Wilton		1,390	4,474	50	236 07
(curb).			Spikes				100	
Sherbourne	E	King	Front	6	277	4,689	150	95 88
##SuffolkPI	В	Homewood	West end	4	642	7,152	200	342 60
TD.::.:.	та	777 1	Curbing and spikes			2,015	105	
Trinity	E	Pront	Mill	6	472	7,612	205	151 57
Wallegley	IN	Ontaria	Berkeley	6	325	5,272	155	104 03
wenesiey	D	Ontario	Pt. 299 ft. w	6	308	4,928	150	104 14
				,		1	l	

^{*}Not laid at lane, 11 feet.

[†]Seventy-five cedar posts.

[‡]Twenty-eight cedar posts.

[§]Thirteen cedar posts.

^{||}Laid only from Queen to Duchess St.

Not laid at lane on east side, south of No. 67, 17 feet; nor opposite No. 51, 17 feet.

^{**}Not laid at lane north of No. 485, 14 feet. Laid only from Salisbury Avenue, northward, 739 feet.

⁺⁺Eighty-four posts. Not laid in front of Nos. 128 and 130, 55 feet.

^{##}Sixty-two posts.

^{7—}E

DISTRICT No. 3.

Street.	Side.	From	То	Width (feet.)	Length (feet.)	Lumber (feet B.M.)	Nails (lbs.)	Total Cost.
Bellefair Berti Birch * Buchanan Chapel †Cherokee Collier Cottingh'm ‡Czar Chestnut Dalhousie §Edward [Grenville Hagerman Hazleton Irwin This could be some first than the second of the sec	NSEENBYCSNSNSEES SSNES N N N NSYSSN NNSEEN	Bloor Richmond Yonge St. Joseph Lake Shore Avenue Road Yonge Gange 16 ft. w. Yonge Hayter 141 ft. n. Queen University Yonge Elizabeth Yonge Yorkville Yonge St. Nicholas Yonge Manitou Yonge Collier Simcoe St. Vincent 295 ft. w. of 1st lane w. of Yonge lst l'n w. Yonge Yonge Yonge Ottawa Hayter Gerrard Yonge	East end Yorkville 115 ft. n. West end Teraulay St. Mary 418 ft. n. 225 ft. w. 629 ft. e. 652 ft. e. 101 ft. e. North Chestnut Place Shuter Centre Curbing Elizabeth East end Chestnut Davenport St. Nicholas Curbing St. Nicholas	$ \begin{array}{c} 6 \\ 6 \\ 5 \\ \hline 6 \\ and \\ 4 \\ and \\ 6 \end{array} $	250 143 716 115 1,333 1,358 578 418 230 629 652 101 622 373 425 199 spikes 1,118 173 1,200 1,581 201 spikes 417 spikes 417 spikes 201	2,667 3,349 8,082 1,227 19,531 21,720 8,478 7,024 2,680 6,710 9,563 1,616 9,952 5,968 4,534 2,919 664	75 150 250 40 510 550 250 175 100 175 250 200 125 80 7 425 75 550	\$ c 53 17 29 30 152 22 26 59 520 47 458 68 171 10 153 44 90 75 126 82 255 10 30 83 198 12 114 78 87 40 94 31 336 77 52 03 378 74 452 58 101 02 221 76 111 03 450 83 917 58 590 29 110 48 98 07 86 29 367 69 107 89 60 08 28 52 69 52 37 96 326 38
¶¶Yonge ¶¶Yorkv'e	E S	Yonge	Shaftesbury Avenue Road	6	680 1,913	11,432 30,608	250 750	222 30 633 14

^{*} Not laid in front of No. 53-61 (Thompson's), 33 feet, nor in front of No. 23, 9½ feet, nor opposite lane between Nos. 6 and 8, 16 ft., nor opposite lane between Nos. 5 and 7, 15½ ft.

opposite lane between Nos. 6 and 8, 16 ft., nor opposite lane between Nos. 5 and 7, 15½ ft.

+ Sixteen cedar posts.

‡ Not laid 7 feet at No. 1.

§ Thirteen cedar posts.

| Not laid in front of No. 67, 13 feet.

Twenty-three posts.

** Twelve posts.

† Laid from Manitou to 25 ft. e. of the west limit of Hooper St.

‡‡ Twenty-three posts.

§§ Except 16 feet opposite Nos. 32 and 34.

| Not laid in front of E. Rogers & Co.'s property, 72 feet, nor at Can. Pac. Ry., 20 feet.

¶ Not laid at lane between Nos. 9 and 11, 12 ft. 8 in., nor at lane between Nos. 33 and 37, 10 ft. 8 in., nor at lane between Nos. 63 and 65, 12 ft. 8 in.

DISTRICT No. 4.

-								
Street.	Side.	From	То	Width (feet.)	Length (feet.)	Lumber (feet B. M.)	Nails (lbs.)	Total Cost.
Bro'dw'y Pl Casimir *Denison Duncan Eden Pl †Eden Pl. (curb). Harbord Howland †Hickory Kensington Leonard §Lennox Morrison Nelson ¶Niagara Oxford Robert Sh'p'rdsLa. Sussex	N N N N N B S S	Spadina St. Patrick. Queen Adelaide Bathurst St. George Barton St. Patrick Baldwin Nassau Lippincott Adelaide Duncan Portland Bellevue College Bathurst Borden ""	Spikes Spadina Wells North end St. Andrews Bellevue Borden Curbing and spikes. 207 ft. s Curbing and spikes. Simcoe Bathurst Curbing and spikes. Lippincott Willcocks Markham Brunswick	4	314 534 210 1,439 774 331 336 935 1,517 194 230 1,392 664 528 671 517 1,138 286 284 284 121	3,349 5,696 2,240 21,576 4,792 8,256 3,531 1,120	150 200 100 600 250 150 50 350 700 100 600 300 24 100 25 200 300 75 200 500 100 100	\$ c 81 39 130 04 51 81 779 72 185 55 81 58 200 62 288 92 496 56 58 18 52 80 536 37 289 15 99 49 182 00 378 14 213 41 68 23 104 92 98 90 42 12
St. Patri k's Square.	VV	Queen	121 ft. n	0	121	1,936	100	42 12

*Seventy posts. Not laid in front of Lawrence Bros.' property, $88\frac{1}{2}$ feet; nor opposite the flankage of No. 486 Queen St., 17 feet.

†Nineteen posts.

‡Ten posts.

§Thirty-four posts.

 $\|Nine posts.\|$

¶Twenty-eight posts.

DISTRICT No. 5.

Street.	Side.	From	То	Width (feet.)	Length (feet.)	Lumber (feet B.M.)	Nails (lbs.)	Total Cost
Bruce Bruce Bruce Bruce Bruce Clinton " *Concord Churchill Claremont Claremont Dewson Dovercourt Dundas Euclid Folis Harbord Henderson Lennox Mansfield Melville Manning Niagara Olive Palmerston Rebecca Robinson Rebecca Robinson Strachan Sully Cr.	SNSWEE NEWSSNWWNNESWNSNNSNSWSSNNSSNSNNSSNSNNSSNSNNSSNSNNSSN	192 ft. e. Givens Dundas Givens Bloor Bloor Dewson Dovercourt Queen. "" Palmerston Dovercourt College 50 ft. n. Dewson Ossington Bathurst Northumberl'd. 14 ft. w. of Bend Robinson Bathurst Manning Manning Christie "" Henderson Tecumseth Bathurst College Givens Euclid Givens Palmerston King Sully ""	192 ft. e. 322 ft. n. 324 ft. n. College Curbing 715 ft. e. Arthur Clinton Ossington Dewson Bloor Dovercourt Palmerston Shanly Dovercourt Road Arthur Palmerston Clinton Curbing Grace Manning Clareniont West end "" 200 ft. n. of Arthur	5\frac{1}{3} 4 4 4 4 5\frac{1}{3} and 6 5\frac{1}{3} 6 4 6 5\frac{1}{3} 4 6 5\frac{1}{3} 4 6 5\frac{1}{3} 4 6 6 5\frac{1}{3} 4 6	586 92 598 192 322 324 941 spikes 715 1,817 1,805 934 926 940 1,760 991 630 764 950 1,274 618 296 spikes 732 1,258 146 690 690 915 662 616 1,533 324 782 324 574 1,156 596 595 214	8,403 797 6,379 2,048 2,435 3,456 13,801 3,137 11,440 27,833 27,658 14,944 9,877 15,040 25,813 15,260 18,685 6,592 4,736 1,134 7,808 20,194 2,336 7,360 15,188 10,592 6,571 24,519 3,456 11,469 3,456 9,184 18,496 6,357 6,346 3,424	300 40 250 75 100 125 475 100 350 900 900 475 850 550 300 475 650 225 150 255 275 600 75 225 450 300 125 400 125 400 125 300 125 100	\$ c 218 85 18 84 147 58 47 24 76 93 76 54 455 72 364 03 604 46 597 90 315 38 220 35 323 07 550 69 355 20 234 51 182 26 317 51 603 07 144 37 148 44 140 60 405 58 51 33 162 79 163 12 295 41 356 38 151 30 77 12 251 42 77 60 202 34 395 46 141 90 144 72 74 33
Turuer twelling'n Yarmouth.	S	Tecumseth Bathurst	West terminus Tecumseth Curbing West end	$\frac{4}{5\frac{1}{3}}$	420 661 spikes 680	4,480 9,694 2,200 7,253	150 300 50 225	98 60 403 37 159 73

^{* 122} cedar posts.

^{† 48} cedar posts.

^{‡ 100} cedar posts.

DISTRICT No. 6.

Street.	Side.	From	То	Width (feet.)	Length (feet.)	Lumber (feet B.M.)	Nails (lbs.)	Total Cost.
Collahie College ' " " Dundas Sufferin Dufferin Dufferin Garden Garden Garden Havelock Hallam Jameson Landsdo'ne M'kenzie cr Maud Mechanics Middleton Northcote N. Lisgar Preston Russett Rusholme Salem Salem † Sheridan Sunnyside Westmorl'd	SNEWSNWSNW NWEEBNBSWEE EEWBE EBEW	Hallam Dundas "Gladstone Lansdowne " "Bloor 135 ft. n. Muir Dovercourt Coolmine Pearson Sorauren " Bloor Dufferin King 192 ft. n. Coll'ge Bloor Dovercourt Perth Delaney Brock Queen Dundas Pt. 100 ft. n. of Bloor Bloor Dundas Hallam Bloor Florence Queen Dufferin Bloor Van Horne	Northcote Van Horne N. Rly track Landsdowne Beaconsfield St. Clarens Rusholme Dufferin North end Pt. 1,341 ft. n. Gladstone Rusholme Marion Pt. 633 ft. w 763 ft. south Curbing Dovercourt Leopold Pt. 533 ft-further n. 114 s. of Wallace Beaconsfield Pt. 235 ft. w Wyndham Sheridan Argyle 375 ft. south Hallam North terminus St. Ann Van Horne Shanly Bank Curbing Pt. 473 ft. n. 107 ft. e. of Emerson Shanly East terminus East terminus East terminus East terminus East terminus East terminus Curbing	$ \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 13 & 13 & 13 & 13 & 13 & 13 & 14 & 14$	887 927 1,681 2,530 774 314 3,012 1,909 3,411 476 1,278 240 315 658 658 658 658 775 1,530 555 533 1,344 2,012 237 858 451 969 383 2,152	14,192 9,916 27,003 26,987 12,324 4,625 44,523 30,904 36,605 4,991 20,448 3,883 4,686 9,735 9,735 12,448 2,543 16,446 8,347 5,694 14,382 21,536 2,536 9,164 5,072 15,736 5,641 22,954 10,664 9,314 9,916 24,342 9,468 2,140 5,097 27,429 11,588 2,146 5,097 27,429 11,588 2,1746 21,502	500 350 750 900 400 150 1,300 950 1,100 150 300 400 600 230 200 500 100 150 200 500 150 300 400 500 150 300 400 600 600 600 150 300 500 100 150 300 500 100 100 150 300 500 100 100 100 100 100 100 1	\$ c 362 15 218 50 592 45 577 11 271 90 103 33 952 46 647 17 835 42 104 19 434 46 70 22 127 83 267 03 273 84 430 16 370 33 172 56 113 14 309 33 504 40 54 59 185 50 110 17 462 69 181 22 496 08 232 54 201 80 218 41 527 02 316 15 130 22 593 34 251 28 490 65 451 36
)			- 3			-000	102 30

^{*} Except 133 ft. in front of J. Lochrie's property.

[†] Fifty cedar posts. (Not laid in front of store on south-west corner of College and Dufferin St., 10 feet.)

[‡] Except 107 ft. from Sheridan Ave. east; also in front of No. 604, 27 ft.; also in front of No. 598, 14 ft.

[§] Not laid in front of property at south-east corner of Dufferin and Shanly, 18 ft.

^{||} Laid only from 1009 ft. north of Muir to 476 ft. further north.

[¶]Fifty-two posts.

^{††87} cedar posts.

WATER WORKS.

REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31st, 1900.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE, Toronto, December 31st, 1900.

FINANCIAL.

The total expenditure for the year of the portion of the Water Works Department which is under the control of the City Engineer, amounted to \$167,922.45, divided as follows:

Maintenance	\$145,072 86
Construction	13,829 07
Renewals	6,501 92
Special Work	2,518 60

The expenditure of the Revenue and Collection Branch under the control of the City Treasurer, amounted to \$24,751.25.

The revenue reported by the City Treasurer (which includes water supplied for Corporation purposes, \$55,398.46)... \$330,432 46
Interest and sinking fund on debenture debt 222,749 00

DISTRIBUTION.

The total length of mains of all sizes laid during the year is $5.527\frac{1}{4}$ feet, divided as follows:

212 feet of 16-inch steel pipe. 113 '' 16 '' C. I. '' 4,678\frac{1}{4} '' 6 '' '' '' 523\frac{2}{3} '' 4 '' '' ''

In addition, 670 feet of 2-inch wrought iron service main has been laid, and 325 feet of old cast-iron pipe taken up, making a total in use at the end of the year of 258.564 miles of water mains. For details as to number of valves and hydrants, I beg to refer to the report of the Deputy City Engineer.

SERVICES.

680 services were put in during the year, of which 6 are on the Island.

LEAKS IN MAINS.

173 leaks have been repaired this year, the average cost per leak being \$4.90.

I again beg to call the attention of the Council to the urgent necessity of procuring increased pumping plant at both the Main Pumping Station and High Level Pumping Station. In my report of last year, I referred to the saving that could be effected by so doing, and I will not therefore enlarge upon the subject. There are also several new mains required, which have been reported upon on more than one occasion during the year, but up to the present the Council has not been able to provide sufficient funds to carry out these very necessary works.

WASTE PREVENTION.

The Council granted during the year a small appropriation for this purpose, and I would refer you to the report of the Deputy City Engineer as to the results obtained.

TEMPERATURE.

The average temperature of the water supplied during the year was 45.6 deg. Fah., the highest occurring on August 24th, when it was 67 deg. Fah., the lowest being 35 deg. The highest monthly average was 56.3 deg. Fah. for 1900.

Respectfully submitted,

C. H. RUST,

City Engineer and Manager of Water Works.

Report of Assistant Engineer in Charge of Water Works Construction, Distribution, and Maintenance.

CITY ENGINEER'S DEPT.,
Toronto, December 31st, 1900.

C. H. Rust, Esq.,

City Engineer, Toronto:

DEAR SIR,—Herewith is submitted a report of the work done by this branch of the Department during the year ending the 31st December, 1900.

DISTRIBUTION.

The total length of cast iron mains of all sizes laid this year is 5,315 feet, consisting of:

113 feet of 16-inch C.I. pipe.
$$4,678\frac{1}{4}$$
 " 6 " " $523\frac{3}{4}$ " 4 " "

In addition 670 feet of 2-inch wrought iron service main was laid. 212 feet of 16-inch steel pipe was laid across the River Don at the new Queen Street Bridge, and the old 12-inch rivetted iron pipe crossing the Don at Eastern Avenue Bridge was replaced by a new 12-inch lap welded steel pipe. 325 feet of old 6-inch pipe at the Don Bridge on Queen Street was abandoned, leaving a total in use at the end of the year of 1,365,225\frac{1}{4} feet, or 258.564 miles of water mains.

STOP AND CHECK VALVES.

The number of stop valves placed in position this year is as follows:

3 12-inch stop valves. 17 6-inch " " 3 4-inch " "

One 8 inch stop valve and 2 6-inch stop valves have been removed, leaving a total of 2,334 stop valves of all sizes in use, and 66 check valves.

HYDRANTS.

9 additional 2-way hydrants have been placed on the streets and one has been taken out, the total number now in use being 3,066. Four 2-way hydrants have been replaced by 3-way, and two 2-way hydrants have been replaced by 4-way hydrants.

DIAGRA	AM ILL	USTRA	17/NG	COSTA	ND LEI	VGTHo	FNEW W	ATER /	MAINSFI	ROM/89/1	o/900.
								1			LINE FI.
							 	-			46.000
											36.000
					YEAR	LY COST	OF MATER	VAL& LA	BOUR -		34.000
						LENG	HINLI	NLFI.			32,000
											30.000
											28.000
											26.000
											24.000
											22.000
\$50.000.											20.000
40.000											18.000
30.000.											16.000
20.000				•							14.000
10.000.											12.000
5.000.											10.000.
1.000.											8.000.
											6.000.
											4.000.
	1891.	1000	4007	1005	1005		1005	1005	1001		2.000.
	1091.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.	1900.	

City Engineers Office. Toronto . May . 1901.



SERVICES.

680 services have been put in this year, of which 6 are on the Island.

LEAKS IN MAINS.

173 leaks in mains have been repaired at a cost of \$848.71, exclusive of asphalt repairs, the average cost per leak being \$4.90.

They were as follows:

6	in	36·i	Main	
ē	4.4	24	6.6	6.6
1	6.6	20	6.6	66
86	6 6	12	6 6	66
3	66	8	4.6	66
69	6.6	6	66	6.6
3	6.6	4	6.6	6.6

METER AND MACHINE SHOPS.

The running repairs for pumps and engines at both High Level and Main Pumping Stations have been made, together with machine work for repairs of hydrants, screws, jackets, and spindles, and for the City Hall Engine Room and Sewer Department.

Some 34 hydrants have been erected on the Island for fire protection, the whole of the work and material being executed by this Department. The Department's work in placing and repairing meters has been very much restricted, owing to the supply of spare meters being exhausted.

400 meters were taken off and replaced by new meters.

68 new meters were placed on services.

97 new meter boxes put in and 38 new frames.

564 meters were repaired without removal.

3 combination drinking fountains were constructed and erected.

The cups, cocks and fittings for all fountains were overhauled and painted.

HYDRANT AND VALVE DEPARTMENT.

The following work has been performed by this Department during the year:

HYDRANTS.

New valves	108
New jointing rings	123
Hydrants replaced with separate hydrants	38
Hydrants replaced with 3-way hydrants	2

New chain ring	gs			54		
	Hydrant screws replaced with standard screws 148					
" packin	g nuts rep	laced with s	tandard nuts	115		
" caps replaced with standard caps 201						
Hydrants packed and oiled 2,855						
"frozen, blown out, pumped, packed and oiled 728						
" frozen, fired ont, " " " 113						
" pumped, packed and oiled 1,450						
Hydrant inspections 43,975						
Hydrants cleaned, repaired, tested and painted 69						
Hydrants jacketed and tested, complete						
Cap leather						
Chain rings repaired						
Hydrants set with bar and chain						
Jackets lowered						
Jackets towered						
	~		~			
4-way hydrant				the state of the s		
Hydrants taker		^				
Hydrant waste						
Standard die pu		•	• •			
Mains blown o	ut			133		
	VALV	VES REPAI	IRED.			
12-inch 2	VALV 6-inch		IRED.	3-inch 3		
12-inch 2	6-inch		nch 1	3-inch 3		
	6-inch VAI	23 4-i LVES TEST	nch 1 ED.			
12-inch 1	6-inch VAI 9-inch	23 4-i LVES TEST 1 8-ir	nch 1 ED.	3-inch 3 6-inch 5		
	6-inch VAI 9-inch 2½-inch.	23 4-i LVES TEST 1 8-ir 2 2-ir	mch 1 ED. nch 13 nch 6			
12-inch 1	6-inch VAI 9-inch 2½-inch BRASS	23 4-i LVES TEST 1 8-ir 2 2-ir 3 WORK TI	mch 1 PED. nch 13 nch 6 ESTED.			
12-inch 1 4-inch13	6-inch VAI 9-inch 2½-inch BRASS	23 4-i LVES TEST 1 8-ir 2 2-ir 3 WORK TI	nch 1 PED. nch 13 nch 6 ESTED.	6-inch 5		
12-inch 1 4-inch 13 $1x_{4}^{3}x_{4}^{3}$ -inch	6-inch VAI 9-inch 2½-inch BRASS	23 4-i LVES TEST 1 8-ir 2 2-ir WORK TI OUBLE COCKS \[\frac{3}{4}x\frac{5}{8}x\frac{5}{8} \] 1 4-i	nch 1 PED. nch 13 nch 6 ESTED.	6-inch 5 $\frac{5}{8}x_{\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{1}{2}}x_{\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{1}{2}}$ inch		
12-inch 1 4-inch13	6-inch VAI 9-inch 2½-inch BRASS	23 4-i LVES TEST 1 8-ir 2 2-ir 3 WORK TI	nch 1 PED. nch 13 nch 6 ESTED.	6-inch 5		
12-inch 1 4-inch 13 $1x_{4}^{3}x_{4}^{3}$ -inch	6-inch VAI 9-inch 2½-inch. BRASS	23 4-i LVES TEST 1 8-ir 2 2-ir WORK TI OUBLE COCKS \[\frac{3}{4}x\frac{5}{8}x\frac{5}{8} \] 1 4-i	nch 1 PED. nch 13 nch 6 ESTED. s:	6-inch 5 $\frac{5}{8}x_{\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{1}{2}}x_{\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{1}{2}}$ inch		
12-inch 1 4-inch 13 $1x_{4}^{3}x_{4}^{3}$ -inch 31	6-inch VAI 9-inch 2½-inch. BRASS Do s	23 4-i LVES TEST 1 8-ir 2 2-ir WORK TI OUBLE COCKS \[\frac{3}{4}x\frac{5}{8}x\frac{5}{8}\frac{5}{	nch 1 PED. nch 13 nch 6 ESTED. s: ch	6-inch 5 $\frac{5}{8}x\frac{1}{2}x\frac{1}{2}\text{-inch}$ $\frac{3}{8}\text{-inch}$		
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12-inch 1 4-inch 13 $1x_{4}^{3}x_{4}^{3}$ -inch 31	6-inch VAI 9-inch 2½-inch. BRASS Do s	23 4-i LVES TEST 1 8-ir 2 2-ir WORK TI OUBLE COCKS \[\frac{3}{4}\times\frac{5}{8}\times\frac{5}{8}\times\frac{5}{8}\times\frac{5}{8}\times\frac{5}{8}\times\frac{1}{8}\times\frac{5}{8}\times\frac{1}{8}\times\frac{5}{8}\times\frac{1}{8}\times\frac{5}{8}\times\frac{1}	nch 1 PED. nch 13 nch 6 ESTED. s: ch 1658	6-inch 5 $\frac{5}{8}x\frac{1}{2}x\frac{1}{2}\text{-inch}$ $\frac{3}{8}\text{-inch}$		
12-inch 1 4-inch 13 $1x_{4}^{3}x_{4}^{3}$ -inch 31 1-inch 217	6-inch VAI 9-inch 2½-inch. BRASS Do s 3-inch 193	23 4-i LVES TEST 1 8-ir 2 2-ir LVES WORK TI LUBLE COCKS \[\frac{3}{4}x\frac{5}{8}x\frac{5}{8}-inch \] 258 COUPLINGS.	mch 1 PED. mch 13 mch 6 ESTED. s: ch 1658	6-inch 5 $\frac{5}{8}x_{\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{1}{2}}x_{\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{1}{2}}\text{-inch}$ $\frac{3}{8}\text{-inch}$ 243		
12-inch 1 4-inch 13 $1x_{4}^{3}x_{4}^{3}$ -inch 31	6-inch VAI 9-inch 2½-inch. BRASS Do s	23 4-i LVES TEST 1 8-ir 2 2-ir WORK TI OUBLE COCKS \[\frac{3}{4}\times \frac{5}{8}\times \text{inch} \\ 258 \]	nch 1 PED. nch 13 nch 6 ESTED. s: ch 1658	6-inch 5 $\frac{5}{8}x\frac{1}{2}x\frac{1}{2}\text{-inch}$ $\frac{3}{8}\text{-inch}$		
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12-inch 1 4-inch 13 $1x_{\frac{3}{4}}^{3}x_{\frac{3}{4}}^{3}$ -inch 31 1-inch 217 1-inch 108	6-inch VAI 9-inch 2½-inch. BRASS Do 8 34-inch 193	23 4-i LVES TEST 1 8-ir 2 2-ir LVES WORK TI BUBLE COCKS \[\frac{3}{4}x\frac{5}{8}x\frac{5}{8}\] LINGLE COCKS \[\frac{5}{8}\] COUPLINGS. \[\frac{5}{8}\] COUPLINGS. \[\frac{5}{8}\] COUPLINGS. \[\frac{5}{8}\] S. NIPPLES INCH \[\frac{5}{8}\] COUPLINGS.	nch 1 PED. nch 13 nch 6 ESTED. s: ch $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch	6-inch 5 $\frac{\frac{5}{8}x_{\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{1}{2}}x_{\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{1}{2}}\text{-inch}}{365}$ $\frac{\frac{3}{8}\text{-inch}}{243}$ $\frac{3}{8}\text{-inch}}{525}$ $\frac{1}{2}\text{-inch}$		
12-inch 1 4-inch 13 $1x_{\frac{3}{4}}^{3}x_{\frac{3}{4}}^{3}$ -inch 31 1-inch 217 1-inch 108	6-inch VAI 9-inch 2½-inch. BRASS Do \$\frac{3}{4}\text{-inch} 193 \$\frac{3}{4}\text{-inch} 153	23 4-i LVES TEST 1 8-ir 2 2-ir LVES WORK TI BUBLE COCKS \[\frac{3}{4}x\frac{5}{8}x\frac{5}{8}\] LINGLE COCKS \[\frac{5}{8}\] COUPLINGS.	nch 1 PED. nch 13 nch 6 ESTED. S: ch $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch	6-inch 5 $\frac{\frac{5}{8}x_{\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{1}{2}}x_{\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{1}{2}}\text{-inch}}{365}$ $\frac{\frac{3}{8}\text{-inch}}{243}$ $\frac{3}{8}\text{-inch}}{525}$ $\frac{1}{2}\text{-inch}$		
12-inch 1 4-inch 13 $1x_{\frac{3}{4}}^{3}x_{\frac{3}{4}}^{3}$ -inch 31 1-inch 217 1-inch 108	6-inch VAI 9-inch 2½-inch. BRASS Do 8 34-inch 193	23 4-i LVES TEST 1 8-ir 2 2-ir LVES WORK TI LUBLE COCKS \[\frac{3}{4}x\frac{5}{8}x\frac{5}{8}\] LUBLE COCKS \[\frac{5}{8}\] LUBLE COCKS \[\frac{5}{8}\] COUPLINGS.	nch 1 PED. nch 13 nch 6 ESTED. S: ch $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch	6-inch 5 $\frac{\frac{5}{8}x_{\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{1}{2}}x_{\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{1}{2}}\text{-inch}}{365}$ $\frac{\frac{3}{8}\text{-inch}}{243}$ $\frac{3}{8}\text{-inch}}{525}$ $\frac{1}{2}\text{-inch}$		
12-inch 1 4-inch 13 $1x_{\frac{3}{4}}^{3}x_{\frac{3}{4}}^{3}$ -inch 31 1-inch 217 1-inch 108	6-inch VAI 9-inch 2½-inch. BRASS Do \$\frac{3}{4}\text{-inch} 193 \$\frac{3}{4}\text{-inch} 153	23 4-i LVES TEST 1 8-ir 2 2-ir LVES WORK TI BUBLE COCKS \[\frac{3}{4}x\frac{5}{8}x\frac{5}{8}\] LINGLE COCKS \[\frac{5}{8}\] COUPLINGS.	nch 1 PED. nch 13 nch 6 ESTED. S: ch $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch	6-inch 5 $\frac{\frac{5}{8}x_{\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{1}{2}}x_{\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{1}{2}}\text{-inch}}{365}$ $\frac{\frac{3}{8}\text{-inch}}{243}$ $\frac{3}{8}\text{-inch}}{525}$ $\frac{1}{2}\text{-inch}$		

RESERVOIR.

The reservoir received its annual cleaning, that is in so far as it is possible to clean it under its existing condition. About two-thirds of the bottom has been concreted, but the remaining one-third as well as the inner slopes are in their old condition, which consists of a lining of about 18 inches of broken stone between the interstices of which is deposited all silt, slime and decayed vegetable matter, which it is impossible to remove.

The grounds have been kept in good condition. There is, however, room for permanent improvements to portions of the property, which so far it has been impossible to go on with for lack of funds.

STABLES.

The horses and drivers have been kept fully employed during the year, the cost being \$3,528.75.

STORE HOUSE.

The stock and balances on hand have been checked over and found correct.

The blacksmith shop and wagon shed should be replaced by a brick building, the upper story of which could be used as a pattern shop and loft. The present wooden buildings are in a very dilapidated and unsatisfactory condition. They have been on fire two or three times, having caught from bonfires made by boys in the lanes in the rear. By the erection of a brick building this danger would be avoided.

HIGH LEVEL STATION.

The total quantity of water re-pumped for the year at this station was 1,291,747,080 gallons, and the coal consumed while pumping 1212.1425 tons. The daily average consumption being 3,539,033 gallons. The average pressure on the district was 54.54 pounds per square inch. The pumps are started at 6 o'clock a.m. and stopped at 10 o'clock each evening, giving 16 hours daily run, the rate they are pumping water being 5,308,549 gallons per twenty-four hours. The capacity of the engines is 3,000,000 gallons each or 6,000,000 for both per twenty-four hours at their contract speed, viz., 50 revolutions per minute. It will be observed that they are, under ordinary working conditions, approaching their contract limit.

I regret to have to report that Mr. Wm. Hall, Chief Engineer of this Station, met with an accident on the eve of December 31, 1900, which resulted in his death.

ISLAND PUMPING STATION.

The pump at this station was started on the 1st day of May, and the plant closed down for the winter on the 15th of October. There was one leak on the mains, a honeycombed 4-inch pipe and two or three on the services, the pressure maintained during day and night being 30 to 40 pounds. Some 34 2-inch hydrants were erected for fire protection, the Fire Department providing the necessary hose and reels as well as alarm bells. The volunteer brigade handle the reels in case of fire.

MAIN PUMPING STATION.

The expenditure charged to this station for the year was \$80,339.85, the water pumped being 8.064 millions of imperial gallons, 7,412,521,197 gallons being pumped by the Blake High Duty Engines, and 651,863,386 gallons were pumped by Nos. 1, 2 and 3 Low Duty Engines. This year Nos. 4 and 5 pumped 21,900,404 gallons more than last year, and the low duty engine 41 per cent. more than last year, which is due chiefly to the increased consumption and the fact that Nos. 4 and 5 are pumping their maximum while running. For fully one-half the year No. 1 Worthington has been running in conjunction with 4 and 5 to enable the supply and pressure to be kept up. A very large economy might be effected by the purchase of a 15,000,000 gallon triple expansion high duty pumping engine.

The saving in pumping the year's supply over the best work of Nos. 4 and 5, and No. 1 (all three burning soft coal screenings) would be \$15,000.00 per annum, together with the advantage of having an up-to-date reliable plant capable of meeting any demands made upon it.

TEMPERATURE.

The average temperature taken at the City Hall tap of the water supply during the year was 45.6 degrees fah., the highest occurring on the 24th of August, when it was 67 degrees, the lowest being 35 degrees on the 2nd of March.

The highest monthly average was 56.3 degrees, during the month of August. Additional information will be found in schedule relating to same.

WASTE PREVENTION.

The Council this year granted a small appropriation for this purpose. The district selected was the north-western section of the City, extending from Dundas Street on the west to Manning Avenue on the east, and from College Street on the south to City limits on the north, containing 1,356 acres, the number of houses being 2,090, the tubs 3,008, lawn hydrants 472, baths 864, closets 932, the population 8,553. The consumption averaged 234,163 gallons per day of 24 hours, before repairs were made; the leaks on mains were 58, showing a loss of 26,122 gallons per 24 hours, and the service taps 308, with a loss of 59,304 gallons. After repairs had been made the consumption fell to 140,565 gallons per 24 hours, showing there had been a loss of 40 per cent. in the quantity supplied, and this in a sparsely built-up section of the City in which the number of taps and fixtures per house were a minimum. Had a test for leakage taken place in other sections of the City the percentage of loss would have undoubtedly risen much above this. The time is not far distant, unless proper means are taken to prevent waste, when the ratepayers will be called upon to provide large sums for improvements to the system, if the supply and pressure are to be maintained.

Respectfully yours,

C. L. FELLOWS,

Deputy City Engineer.

REPORT OF CHIEF ENGINEER OF MAIN PUMPING STATION

MAIN PUMPING STATION,
Toronto, December 31st, 1900.

C. H. RUST, ESQ., City Engineer.

Dear Sir,—I beg to submit to you my Annual Report for the year 1900.

As you will notice by the following a considerable amount of repairs have been done, leaving the plant in a fairly good condition, with the exception of Nos. 1, 2, and 3 batteries of boilers in the old plant, especially Nos. 1 and 2 batteries, which should be replaced with new boilers if the old Worthingtons are to be kept in service. The brick work on all three batteries needs rebuilding, and in my opinion Nos. 1 and 2 are not worth rebricking. The boilers of No. 3 battery are in fairly good condition, but are starting to show signs of weakness at seams. These boilers are closely watched and kept clean. I might state, as I did in last year's report, about injection pipe for Nos. 4 and 5. This pipe should be extended further out into the bay so as to secure cleaner water for boilers as it is getting dirtier every year. I might also mention that a new floor is badly needed in old engine room. The walls of old and new boiler rooms will require whitewashing and considerable painting this coming spring.

I would also recommend that a fence be erected on wharf immediately above intake and discharge pipe for Nos. 4 and 5, to extend about fifty feet on each side so as to prevent bathing, if this pipe is to remain in its present position.

The following is a statement of repairs made to the plant at this station during the year.

REPAIRS TO ENGINE No. 1.

Main pump examined. Took off all valves in both pumps, replaced all good ones, found a number of bad valves, spindles and seats, placed in good working order. Air pumps examined, put in new valves, springs and stems where required. Steam pipe and jacket joints made, packed all four, used 63 feet of $\frac{1}{3}$ -in. square hemp packing.

Had 25 feet 1-in. pipe put in discharge from trap.

Had new brasses put in connecting rods No. 1 air pumps.

Had holding down bolts and stays put in No. 1 air pumps.

Overhauled boiler feed pump, put in new rods.

REPAIRS TO ENGINE No. 2.

Opened up main pumps, replaced several new valves and spindles.

Examined air pumps, packed all four using 90 feet of $\frac{7}{8}$ -in. square hemp packing, put in 13 new valves, 5 springs and 2 spindles.

Put 2½-in. valve on force injection.

REPAIRS TO ENGINE No. 3.

Had all four plungers taken out of pumps, put new brass sleeves on plungers, had valve spindles turned up and bushed, ground valve spindles on bonnets, overhauled all valve motion on cylinders, examined air pumps, replaced valves and springs where required. Packed all pump glands and steam cylinder glands.

Had plunger taken out of No. 3 large boiler feed pump, filed up plunger rod, replaced, packed all glands, examined all valves.

REPAIRS TO ENGINES Nos. 4 AND 5.

On April 5th—Took down beam and main rod No. 4 engine, high pressure side, put in new liner, opened up receiver, examined tubes; found them tight and in fairly good condition.

On June 11th—Engine No. 4 was shut down to make repairs to foundation on high pressure side main bed-plate. Took out about half of the old brick foundation, and had same rebuilt with hard brick and cement,

On August 16th—Stopped No. 5 engine, had new crank pin put in high pressure side, put new liner in side rod, low pressure side; also made new joint on air pump steam cylinder bottom, east side.

On September 28th—Made and put in new liner on link rod, low pressure side No. 4 engine.

On November 13th—Re-babbitted beam end of main rod, high pressure side No. 4 engine.

On December 13th—Engine No. 4 was shut down to make repairs to main pillar block. Put in $10 \ 1\frac{1}{4}$ -in. studs and 4 new bolts.

Repairs to Batteries of Boilers Nos. 1 and 2.

Put new blow-off pipes and asbestos cocks on Nos. 1, 2, 3, and 4 boilers of No. 1 battery, and new blow-off pipes and asbestos cocks on Nos. 1 and 2 boilers of No. 2 battery, put two second hand asbestos cocks on Nos. 3 and 4 boilers of No. 2 battery; had discharge from blow-off all lined up and put in good condition; used 50 feet 2 inch pipe.

Took down all water columns on Nos. 1 and 2 boilers, cleaned out pipes, reseated all feed valves in front of boilers; made 20 new joints on steam pipes on top of Nos. 1 and 2 batteries of boilers.

Made 20 new joints on steam pipes on top of Nos. 1 and 2 batteries of boilers.

Put in back water feed on Nos. 1 and 2 batteries of boilers, used 40 feet of $1\frac{1}{3}$ -in. pipe, 35 feet of $1\frac{1}{4}$ -in. pipe.

Repaired asbestos covering on steam pipes Nos. 1 and 2 batteries of boilers.

Had patch put on No. 4 boiler No. 1 battery.

Had seams calked on Nos. 2, 3 and 4 boilers of No. 1 battery.

Relined furnaces No. 1 battery of boilers.

REPAIRS TO FIRE BOILERS OF NO. 3 BATTERY.

Boilers washed out; took off cast iron flanges had steel flanges rivited on; for blow-off pipes put on all new blow-off pipes and repaired all blow-off cocks, put in back feed pipes, valves, etc.; combustion chambers bricked up, also had bridge walls repaired; straightened up north wall of battery.

REPAIRS TO BATTERIES OF BOILERS Nos. 4 AND 5.

The fire boxes of both batteries of boilers were newly relined with fire brick, and the combustion chambers rebricked. During the year 16 Hawley Down draft Tubes and 19 grate Bars were put in furnaces.

Had hydrant put on 6-in. main, between Nos. 4 and 5 batteries, for washing boilers.

Had new wire cable put on damper attachments No. 5 battery.

Two new boiler tubes were put in No. 5 battery.

Had new feed pipe put down in front of boilers No. 5 battery, used 20 feet of $2\frac{1}{2}$ -in. pipe, 10 feet of 2-in. pipe and 66 feet of $1\frac{1}{2}$ -in. pipe.

Had new blow-off pipe put in No. 5 battery.

WORK DONE TO AND ABOUT OLD ENGINE HOUSE.

The sides and back walls of batteries of boilers Nos. 1, 2 and 3 have been whitewashed; the walls of boiler houses Nos. 1, 2 and 3 have been painted and whitewashed; the well has been thoroughly cleaned, cellar cleaned out and whitewashed; made new box for expansion joint on steam pipe. Electric light on lawn.

WORK DONE TO AND ABOUT NEW ENGINE HOUSE.

The walls of boiler houses Nos. 4 and 5 have been thoroughly cleaned, painted and whitewashed; cellar cleaned and whitewashed; the posts in west coal shed were covered with iron; closed in ventilators over Nos. 4 and 5 boilers, painted same; had new float made for well; necessary running repairs to boilers and attachments have been attended to.

Respectfully submitted, ALEX. McRAE,

Chief Engineer.

SCHEDULES

WATER WORKS DEPARTMENT





Note.—For Schedule No. 1, "Cash Expenditure on Maintenance Account," etc., see page 156. For Schedule No. 10, "Analysis of Expenditure at Main Pumping Station" see page 158.

SCHF STATEMENT OF WATER PUMPED BY E

Month.	which	of Day Engin Workin	es were			of Ho			king		of Strokes gine per Mo		Quantit by
	No. 1.	No. 2.	No. 3.	No.	1.	No.	2.	No.	3.	No. 1.	No. 2.	No. 3.	No.
January	5	19		h. 51	m. 40		m. 25	h.	m.	37,622	199,109		8,57
February		2				5	05	••			4,421		•••••
March	9			93	00		• •	• •		62,672			14,28
April	2	2		10	15	8	25	• •		7,211	5,702		1,641
May	3	2		30	15	7	30			20,193	4,124		4,60)
June	24	10		432	25	190	40	• •		316,146	129,721		72,082
July	27			434	45	• •		•••		290,416	• • • • • • • • • •		66.213
August	28	3		535	35	55	35	• •		391,168	42,970	• • • • • • • •	89,18
September	28			534	05	• •		• •	٠	393,531	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	89,72
October	22	7		233	32	68	55			$159{,}123$	48,443		36,2
November	27	3		310	05	35	20			214,358	24,611		48,875
December	24		2	286	48			28	20	177,012		24,447	40,387
Totals	199	48	2	2,952	25	653	55	28	20	2,069,452	459,101	24,447	471,8
Monthly averages	18	6	2	268	18	81	44	28	20	188,132	57,387	24,447	42,80
Daily averages				14	50	13	37	14	10	10,399	9,564	12,223	2,37

Li No. 2.

Nos. 1, 2 and 3 for the Year 1900.

	Engine in In Gross.		Total Quantity Pumped in Imp. Gals. Gross.	ercentage of Slip.	Total Quantity Pumped in Imp. Gals. Net.	Average Pressure on Pumps.	grage Level of	Water in Well Below Zero.	Tot Quant Coal sumed Mont Nos. 1,	ity of Con- d per h by 2 and	Cos Const while I ing F Et	imed Bank- ires,	Co Consu wh: Pump	imed ile
	No. 2.	No. 3.		Per		Ave	Ave	> Щ	3 Eng	ines.				
6	91,391,031		99,968,847	6	93,970,717	Lbs. 94.3	Ft. 7	In. 3	Tons. 313	Lbs. 1,970	Tons.	Lbs. 540	Tons. 244	Lbs. 1,430
- 1	2,029,239	,	2,029,239	6	1,907,485	93.5	7	3	36	180	31	246	4	1,934
6			14,289,216	6	13,431,864	93.4	8	5	80	1,640	45	1,683	34	1,957
CF	2,617,218		4,261,326	6	4,005,647	93.5	6	11	22	1,390	12	522	10	868
4	1,892,946		6,496,950	6	6,107,133	95.2	7	0	22	1,970	7	157	15	1,813
3	59,541,939		131,623,227	6	123,725,834	93.7	7	1	383	1,920	61	1,515	322	405
7	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	66,214,848	6	62,241,958	92,3	6	10	227	660	65	483	162	177
1	19,723,230		108,909,534	6	102,374,962	95.5	7	3	348	990	81	1,787	266	1,203
3			89,725,068	6	84,341,564	95.4	7	3	229	1,490	10	159	219	1,331
1	22,235,337		58,515,381	6	55,004,459	92.9	7	3	169	310	25	1,829	143	481
1	11,296,449		60,170,073	6	56,559,869	94.5	7	8	199	1,070	52	488	147	582
C		10,909,242	51,267,978	6	48,191,900	94.0	7	8	257	1,550	132	551	125	999
100	210,727,389	10,909,242	693,471,687		651,863,386	1,128.2	58	1.0	2,292	1,140	594	1,960	1,697	1,180
ť	26,340,923	10,909,242	57,789,307		54,321,948	94.0	7	3	191	95	49	193	141	123
U	4,390,154	5,454,621	2,785,026		2,617,925	•••••			9	16	2	779	6	1,635

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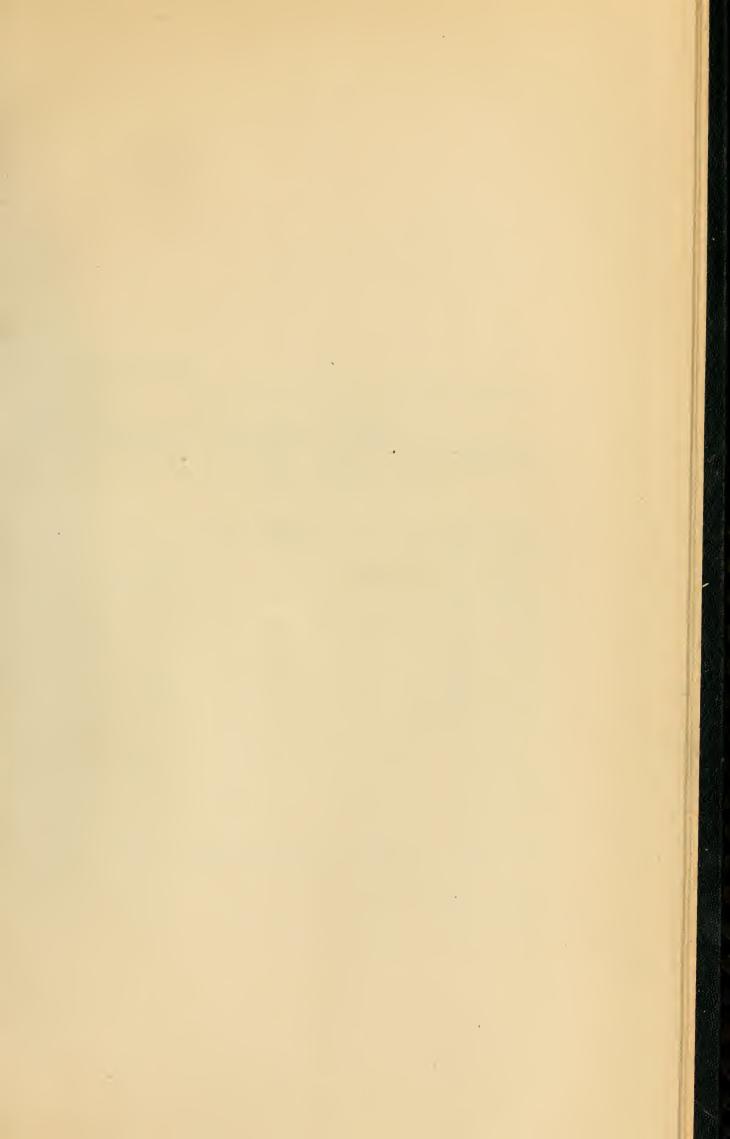
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STATEMENT OF WATER PUMPED BY EINE

Month.	on w Engine	Days hich es were king.		ing	f Hou g each th.		Number of made by each M	Engines	Quantity of W each Mont Engine— Gallons	th by Imp
	No. 4.	No. 5.	No. 4.		No.	ŏ.	No. 4.	No. 5.	No. 4.	
January	22	31	h. n 478 3		h. 733		1,011,467	1,640,172	213,419,537	34
February	28	28	663 8	80	666	30	1,408,008	1,475,428	297,089,688	30
March	31	31	737 0	00	729	50	1,615,636	1,654,920	340,899,196	34
April	30	30	707 0	00	704	45	1,476,186	1,519,292	311,475,668	31
May	31	31	734 8	5	727	10	1,555,992	1,599,810	328,314,312	38
June	24	30	543 8	30	718	10	1,153,162	1,600,031	243,317,182	38
July	31	31	733 1	.0	731	15	1,576,788	1,604,340	332,702,268	38
August	31	30	732 5	60	678	05	1,569,320	1,487,587	331,126,520	31
September	30	30	708 ã	55	708	15	1,521,709	1,557,833	321,080,599	32
October	31	31	738 2	25	736	30	1,515,783	1,574,685	319,830,213	38
November	30	30	708 0	00	712	50	1,403,673	1,522,966	296,175,003	31
December	30	31	683 4	0	740	05	1,331,553	1,560,121	280,957,683	32
Totals	349	364	8,169 0)5	8,587	20	17,139,277	18,797,185	3,616,387,869	3,94
Monthly Averages	29.0	30.3	680 4	5	715	36	1,428,273	1,566,432	301,365,655	32
Daily Averages			23 2	24	23	35	49,109	51,640	10,362,142]

TE No. 3.
Sees Nos. 4 and 5 for the Year 1900.

nmp'd ych el	Total Quantity Pumped by Nos. 4 & 5 Engines. Imp. Gallons Gross.	Percentage of Slip.	Total Quantity Pumped. Imp. Gallons Net.	Average Pressure on Pumps.	Average Lift by Engines.	Total tity of used u Boilers Mon	Coal inder each	Coal sume Bank Fir	d for king	Coal sumed Pump	while
36,540	557,856,077	2	546,698,956	Pounds. 95.0	Ft. In. 23 8	Tons. 757	Lbs. 380	Tons.	Lbs. 710		Lbs. 1,670
39,880	606,929,568	2	594,790,977	92.5	24 4	775	1,220	49	1,997	725	1,223
33,200	688,432,396	2	674,663,749	92.9	24 3	912	830	44	1,284	867	1,546
1,320	630,526,988	2	617,916,449	92.9	23 0	783	635	50	000	733	635
50,100	664,274,412	2	650,988,924	94.0	23 0	827	1,440	34	344	793	1,096
06,510	579,323,692	2	567,737,219	93.7	23 6	734	1,890	24	360	710	1,530
1,400	669,613,668	2	656,221,395	94.5	24 0	821	1,430	24	1,972	796	1,458
3,270	643,519,790	2	630,649,395	94.6	23 7	881	70	24	1,962	856	108
1.4,930	648,225,529	2	635,261,019	94.2	24 9	792	30	25	319	766	1,711
3,850	650,514,063	2	637,503,782	91.9	24 3	841	1,430	55	730	786	700
2,860	615,997,863	2	603,677,906	93.3	24 3	826	1,590	53	1,159	773	431
5,410	608,583,093	2	596,411,432	94.0	24 2	827	480	51	1,571	775	909
9,270	7,563,797,139	2	7,412,521,197	1,122.7	286 9	9,781	1,425	494	408	9,287	1,017
0,772	630,316,428	2	617,710,100	93.5	23 10	815	285	41	367	773	1,918
4,530	21,216,822		20,792,485	• • • • • • •		27	876	1	772	26	. 103
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SCHEDULE No. 4.

RECORD OF WATER RE-PUMPED AT HIGH LEVEL STATION FOR THE YEAR 1900.

Month.	Number Engines	Number of Hours Engines working.	Number of Revolutions made by Pumps.	Revolutions Pumps.	Quantity Re-pu	Quantity of Water Re-pumped.	Total Quantity of Water Re-pumped by both Engines in	dila fo egating.	Total Quan- tity of Water Re-pumped Imp. Gallons	ge Pressure orce Mains.	ge Pressure ection Mains.	Total Quan tity of Coal Consumed under		Coal Consumed for Banking Fires,		Coal Con- sumed while Pumping.	Yon- while ing.
	No. 1.	No. 2.	No. 1.	No. 2.	No. 1.	No. 2.	Imp. Gallons Gross.		Net.	Average T no	Ачета в по	Boilers		Kalsing Steam, etc.	etc.		
January	h. m. 507 00	h. m. 516 00	1,261,781	1,090,673	57,411,035	49,080,285	106,491,320		105,426,407	Lbs. 54.58	Lbs. 17.03	Tons. 116	Lbs. 7	Tons.	Lbs. 7	Tons. 105	Lbs. 275
February	448 00	475 30	1,412,846	726,979	64,284,493	32,714,055	96,998,548		96,028,563	54.54	16.98	101	1,975	10	300	91	1,675
March	496 00	525 15	1,636,310	760,142	74,452,105	34,206,390	108,658,495	-	116,175,711	54.55	17.47	115	550	10	1,700	102	850
April	480 00	510 00	1,625,567	715,499	73,963,298	32,197,455	106,160,753	-	105,099,146	54.61	18.18	111	1,050	10	1,700	100	1,350
May	496 00	527 30	1,687,503	804,018	76,781,386	36,180,810	112,962,196	-	111,832,575	54.63	17.00	113	550	=======================================	1,100	101	1,450
June	480 00	210 00	1,667,305	787,067	75,862,377	35,418,015	111,280,392	-	110,167,589	54.53	16.05	113	1,775	10	1,700	103	075
July	469 45	521 00	1,512,715	762,460	68,828,532	34,310,700	103,139,232	-	102,107,840	54.32	15.02	111	175	Ħ.	1,100	66	1,075
August	496 00	527 00	1,622,161	821,494	73,808,325	36,967,230	110,775,555	-	109,667,800	54.59	16.43	109	1,550	10	1,700	98	1,850
September	480 00	510 00	1,598,302	956,696	72,722,741	43,051,320	115,774,061	-	114,616,321	54.61	16.52	114	1,525	10	1,700	103	1,825
October	495 00	527 00	1,604,040	967,462	72,983,820	43,535,790	116,519,610	-	115,354,414	54.44	15.33	1117	1,475	111	400	106	1,075
November	480 00	510 00	1,505,736	847,361	68,510,988	38,131,245	106,642,233	H	105,575,811	54.58	16.88	108	400	10	1,700	26	700
December	496 00	527 00	1,532,928	883,209	69,648,224	39,744,405	109,392,629	-	108,298,703	54.56	16.52	112	1,625	11	400	101	1,225
Totals	5,824 45	6,185 45	18,667,194	10,123,060	10,123,060 849,257,324	456,537,700	1,304,795,024	-	1,291,747,080	654.45	199.41	1,345	025	132	600 1,	1,212	1,425
Monthly Averages	485 23	515 28	1,555,599	826,921	70,771,443	38,044,808	108,732,918	П	107,645,590	54.54	16.61	112	168	11	050	101	118
Daily Averages	15 57	16 48	51,143	27,734	2,326,732	1,250,788	3,574,780	Н	3,539,033	54.54	16.61	ಣ	1,369	•	724	က	644
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	STATEMENT OF COAL CONSUMED	
	OF COAL CONSUMED	

Engine No. Quantity Pumped. 2 and 3 2 and 5 2 and 6 2 0,936,901 and 5 2 and 7 2 and 8 2 and 9 2 and 9 3,383,899 626,835,151 2 and 8 3 383,899 626,835,151 2 and 8 3 383,9079 and 6 2 and 8 3 383,9079 and 6 3 390,1437 and 6 2 and 8 2 and 8 3 390,1437 and 6 48,359,079 and 6 2 and 8 2 and 8 3 and 8 48,359,079 and 6 48,359,079 and 6 2 and 8 2 and 8 3 and 8 48,359,079 and 6 49,081,437 and 6 51,209,986 644,548,524 2 and 8 3 and 8 48,358,588 664,548,524 and 6 3 and 6 3 and 6 48,358,588 664,548,524 and 6 3 and 6 48,358,588 664,548,524 and 6 3 and 6 48,300,544 48,500,657	Quanti Consum Tous. 48 911 204 819	Total onsumption. Tons. Lbs.		TV			
Quantity Pumped. Imp. Gals. Net. 641,516,538 57,311,740 594,981,627 5,988,991 576,168,237 8,388,899 623,451,252 9,764,205 623,451,252 9,764,205 623,451,252 623,451,252 20,936,936 623,451,353 676,213,991 21,209,936 643,338,588 17,012,113 615,075,544	Quanti Consum Tous. 48 911 204 819			17 21	Water.	Co	Coal.
Imp. Gals. Net. 641,516,538 57,311,740 594,981,627 5,098,887 638,272,369 20,936,901 576,168,237 3,388,899 623,451,252 9,764,205 623,451,252 9,764,205 634,643,846 43,859,079 661,503,180 49,081,437 676,213,991 21,209,936 643,338,588 643,338,588 615,075,544	Tous. 48 911 204 819	Lbs.	Engine No.	Quantity Pumped.	Total Quantity Pumped.	Quantity Consumed.	Total Consumption.
57.311,740 594,931,627 5.098,887 638,272,369 20,936,901 576,168,237 3,383,899 623,451,252 9,764,205 634,643,846 43,359,079 661,503,180 49,081,437 676,213,991 21,209,936 643,338,588 17,012,113 615,075,544	204		1, 2 and 3	Imp. Gals. Net. 93.970.717 546,698,956	Imp. Gals. Net.	Tons. Lbs. 313 1,970 757	Tons. I
5,098,887 638,272,369 20,936,901 576,163,237 3,383,899 623,451,252 9,764,205 634,643,846 43,359,079 661,503,180 49,081,437 676,213,991 21,209,936 643,338,588 17,012,113 615,075,544			1, 2 and 3	1,907,485	640,669,673	36 180 775 1,220	1,071 550
20,936,901 3,383,899 623,451,252 9,764,205 634,643.846 43,359,079 661,503,180 49,081,437 676,213,991 21,209,936 643,338,588 17,012,113 615,075,544	905 1,115 905 1,115	1,000 1,000 000 1,000	1, 2 and 3	13,431,864	201,000,110	80 1,640 912 830	003
3,383,899 623,451,252 9,764,205 634,643,846 43,359,079 661,503,180 49,081,437 676,213,991 21,209,936 643,338,588 17,012,113 615,075,544	,250 72 610 860 1,420	771 760	1, 2 and 3	4,005,647	000,000,010	22 1,390 783 635	900
9,764,205 634,643.846 43,359,079 661,503,180 49,081,437 676,213,991 21,209,936 643,338,588 17,012,113 615,075,544	19 1,58	G	1, 2 and 3	6,107,133	021,322,020	22 1,970 827 1,440	
43,359,079 661,503,180 49,081,437 676,213,991 21,209,936 643,338,588 17,012,118 615,075,544	915	1,270	1, 2 and 3	123.725,834 567,737,219	160,020,160	383 1,920 734 1,890	1118
49,081,437 676,213,991 21,209,936 643,338,588 17,012,113 615,075,544	181	000	1, 2 and 3	62,241,958 656,221,895	031,409,009	227 660 821 1,430	1.049
21,209,936 643,338,588 17,012,113 615,075,544	185	06±, t	1, 2 and 3	102,374,962 630,649,395	115,405,555	348 990 881 70	1 090 1
17,012,118	1,002	1,514 000 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150	1. 2 and 3	84.341.564 635.261,019	710 605 200	229 1,490 792 30	1 001
1	930		1, 2 and 3	55,004,459 637,503.782	113,002,000	169 310 841 1,430	1,010
80,311,410 601,262,093	930 1,240	050	1, 2 and 3	56.559,869 603,677.906	092,908,241	199 1,070 826 1,590	1,010
176,257,817 484,193,528 	,505 ———————————————————————————————————	1,160 1,960	1, 2 and 3	48,191.900	050,237,773	257 1,550 827 480	1,020
7,824,348,217	,217 12,341 935	12,341 935			8,064,384,595		12,074 565
21,436,569	699	33 1,624			22,094,204		33 -160



SCHEDULE No. 6.

Comparative Statement Showing Number of Gallons Pumped, Quantity and Cost of Fuel, Etc., Fro. 1900, Inclusive.

Year.	Total Water Pumped Imp. Gals.	Quantity of Fuel. Lbs.	Total Cost of Fuel.	Average Daily Quantity of Water Pumped Imp. Gals.	Average Daily Consumption of Coal.	Water Pumped per Pound of Fuel. Imp. Gals.
1876 1877 1878 1879 1880 1881 1883 1884 1885 1886 1887 1889 1890 1891 1892 1893	1,625,139,876 2,633,433,932 1,417,370,918 1,610,104,542 1,785,859,706 1,910,430,419 2,108,933,115 2,809,965,484 3,645,442,082 3,537,482,598 4,134,376,998 4,117,938,169 4,041,964,514 4,148,781,634 5,249,760,226 6,529,925,650 6,639,925,650 6,639,925,650 6,639,925,650 6,639,925,650	6,998,282 10,407,992 8,120,000 10,872,211 11,694,808 12,391,874 11,685,556 17,266,679 19,920,782 18,64,465 19,285,371 23,283,900 20,457,935 19,231,940 34,615,830 20,457,935 19,231,940 34,615,830 20,457,935 19,231,940 34,615,830 20,457,935 19,231,940 34,615,830 20,457,935 19,231,940 34,615,830 20,457,935 19,231,940 34,615,830 20,457,935 19,231,940 34,615,830 20,431,940 34,615,830	\$ 0. 19,645 75 25,556 29 15,196 20 19,313 07 28,455 72 31,410 04 43,529 08 52,525 56 46,589 27 41,979 32 50,051 85 44,135 10 53,239 99 60,012 77 71,805 25 64,702 86 64,702 86 54,702 86 54,302 85 56,307 90	4,451,202 7,214,887 3,883,208 4,411,245 4,874,422 5,234,056 5,777,899 7,698,511 9,960,224 9,691,733 11,327,060 12,103,940 11,073,875 11,266,525 14,382,904 17,007,275 18,246,371 18,208,278 18,208,278 18,208,278 18,208,278 18,208,278 18,503,403 18,190,902 18,527,836 18,190,902	19,093 28,515 29,246 29,246 31,953 33,950 47,306 47,306 51,081 51,081 56,049 63,791 67,536 67,536 71,270 73,485 56,0837 73,485 56,0837 73,485 73,485 73,485 74,278	282.55 253.02 174.55 148.09 152.17 152.17 162.74 189.73 189.74 197.57 197.57 212.96 255.47 245.67* 313.5
1898 1899 1900	6,725,707,030 7,136,334,102 7,824,348,217 8,064,384,595	20,711,250 22,100,145 24,682,935 24,148,565	20,880 50 27,572 00 26,684 57 38,668 54	18,421,255 19,551,600 21,436,569 22,094,204	60,745 60,548 67,624 66,160	322.91 316.99 333.95

* A larger percentage was allowed for slip in 1894 and 1895, than in other years.

SCHEDULE No. 7.

QUANTITY CONSUMED DURING EACH MONTH OF 1900, WITH AMOUNT OF DAILY CONSUMPTION.	Total Quantity Stored Pumped end of each Per Month in Imperial Gallons Imp	26,872,689 Tons. Lbs. 640,669,673 25,628,538 641,913,824 20,706,897 34 1,108 596,698,462 21,786,475 600,540,525 21,440,733 28 1,978 688,095,613 28,185,137 686,696,051 22,151,514 32 1,734 621,922,096 26,043,256 619,063,977 20,635,465 26 1,734 657,096,057 24,608,074 658,531,239 21,242,943 27 884 691,463,053 18,057,170 698,013,957 20,635,465 26 1,734 718,463,353 26,872,689 709,647,834 22,891,865 33 1,683 719,602,583 20,506,47 716,333,829 23,771,457 39 1,324 719,602,583 20,508,241 707,813,125 22,837,77794 34 117 660,237,775 26,665,331 644,518,174 21,483,939 34 22,837 644,603,332 25,217,904 646,050,759 20,840,317 35 000	8,064,384,595
NTH OF 1900,	red Quantity sumed cons Imperial		
RING EACH MON	Quantity Sto in Reservoir end of each Month. Imperial Gall.	26,872,68 25,628,53 21,786,47 23,185,13 26,013,25 24,608,07 18,057,17 26,872,68 22,981,86 22,981,86 26,250,61 10,945,73 26,665,33	
TY CONSUMED DU	Total Quantity Pumped per Month in Imperial Gallons	640,669,673 596,698,462 688,095,613 621,922,096 657,096,057 691,463,053 718,463,353 718,463,353 719,602,583 692,508,241 660,237,775 644,603,332	8,064,384,595
QUANTITY OF WATER PUMPED AND QUANTI	Month.	Stored in Reservoir on 31st December, 1899. January February March April May June July August September October November December	Totals

SCHEDULE No. 8.

		No. 5, Blake Engine.				•		•	•				•			95.24	95.05 95.4	95.7	95.9	93.3	93.5
	n Pumps	No. 4, Blake Engine.				:		•	•		•	• • •	•	•	96.37	95.24	95.05	95.7	95.9	95.3	93.5
JSIVE.	ressure o	No. 3, Inglis & Hunter.	•			:			103 88	104.67	94.57	94.92	93.58	93.91	94.18	94.88	94.88	95.1	95.3	94.9	94.0
1900 Inclusive	Average Pressure on Pumps	No. 2, Worth- ington Engine.	97.51	97.69	96.64 99.04	99.52	100.78 101.66	103.49	107.036	104.92	09.36	94.82	93.55	93.66	94.18	94.88	94.88	95.1	95.3	94.9	94.0
TO	7	No. 1, Worth- ington Engine.	88.10						99.146	104.88	93.41	94.25	92.83	93.33	94.18		94.88				
YEARLY, 1875	lo səl əsn ni	V fatoT iM to anisM each y	Miles. 49.810	107.570	110.240 111.290	113.312	115.518 116.145	131.352	138.301	156.042	165.894 189.695	212.832	229.257	237.967	244.964	345.478	040 697	252.646	255.625	257,613	258,774
DEPARTMENT	ni sas.	N latoT teld to tesesu	•			:		•	105	256	332	1,347	1,479	1,544	1,600	1,580	1,500	1,000	1,580	1,598	1,700
	ni st	Total Nation To Hois Hois In Hos In H			28 47	99	79 46	109	130	152	176	222	523	230 280	300	258	056	230	230	230	230
SHOWING INCREASE OF	Ser- ni tu	House Sach ye	842	1,006	2,189	1,014	2,654	(1,766)	2,087	2,934	3,315	3.288	2,191	2,111	526	399	357	364	523	714	, 069
	-rəS əs ai əsu ı	JV lstoT noH to ni səsiv y dəsə	2,769	4,518	6,707		12,236	16,276	18,363	23,643	26,893	34,056	36,192	38,250	39,927	40,326	40,683	40,351	41,838	42,552	43,245
STATEMENT	for all	of Wat	Gallons. 49.86	41.74	54.79 59.76	64.96	68.03 71.01	83.87	94.66	95.81	95.59 66.36	65.02	78.02	90.03 o6.50	96.38	95.58	95.74	98.77	97.88	95.27	94.01
COMPARATIVE		Populati	68,678	67,386	70,867	75,110	76,934	91,796	105,211	118,403	126,169 166,809	175,000	185,000	188.904 188 904	188,904	188,904	190,000	195,987	200,000	225,000	235,000
Coo	uondu	egraevA anenoO trV do	3,424,000	2,812,000	3,883,208 $4,411,245$	4,879,422	5,234,056	7,698,511	9,960,224	11,344,337	12,060,610	11,378,962	14,434,722	17,007,275	18,208,278	18,056,881	18,192,063 18,597,836	18,378,722	19,576,957	21,436,509	22,094,204
		Year,	1875	1877	1879	1880	1881	1883	1884	1886	1887	1889	1890	1892	1893	1894	1896	1897	1898	1899	1900

SCHEDULE No. 9.

Record of Gauging at Rosehill Reservoir for each Month of 1900.

Month.	Elevation of Lowest Water Above Zero.	Elevation of Highest Water Above Zero.	Average Isleva- tion Above Zero.	Average Depth in Reservoir.	Average Contents in Imperial Gallons.
January	Ft. In. 209 10	Ft. In. 214 8	Ft. In. 212 7	Ft. In. 16 7	24,404,791
February	211 6	214 4	213 3	17 3	26,043,256
March	210 7	212 10	211 10	15 10	22,583,399
April	212 4	214 4	213 6	17 6	26,665,331
May	211 0	214 3	212 10	16 10	25,014,627
June	209 6	214 3	211 10	15 10	22,583,399
July	210 7	214 5	212 11	16 11	25,217,904
August	209 6	214 1	212 2	16 2	23,388,414
September	210 3	214 0	212 6	16 6	24,201,530
October	213 1	214 5	213 3	17 3	26,043,256
November	207 0	214 1	212 8	16 8	24,608,074
December	213 0	214 5	213 5	17 5	26,457,972
Averages			212 8	16 8	24,767,662

Note.—The return for October is for a period of 20 days only, the Reservoir being shut off for annual cleaning on October 20th. The water did not obtain its normal level until the 7th November.

The average depth of water in the Reservoir for the year (exclusive of 10 days in October) was 16 ft. 8 in., equal to an elevation of 212 ft. 8 in. above zero.

SCHEDULE No. 11. STATEMENT OF MAINS LAID DURING THE YEAR 1900.

Street, Avenue, Etc.	Side of Street.	Location.	Length in Feet.
		Across the Don Bridge and Railway tracks	212
	North	Connection between 16-in. steel pipe and 12-in. main to road west of Don. Connection between 16 in. steel pipe and 6-in. cast iron main on n.s. of Queen e. at a point 76 ft. w. of Davies Ave.	50 63
Frichott	North South South West North West East	Total From Pape Ave, to Jones Ave "Yonge St. to McMurrich St "16:in. main to 48½ ft. w. of a point w. of King and Queen Sts. "St. George St. to w. line Huron St. "Walmer Rd. to 139 ft. east "480 ft n. of Date Ave. 212 ft. north. "16-in. main to Davies Ave Extension to 108 ft. west From 521 ft. n. of Lowther Ave. to 281 ft. n. "Front St. to Mill St "679 ft. s. of Queen St. to 756 ft. s Total From Claremont St. to Bellwoods Ave "Queen St. 195 ft. n. to City limits	$ \begin{array}{c} 113 \\ 1,311 \\ 421\frac{1}{4} \\ 231 \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} 452 \\ 271 \\ 212 \\ 92 \\ 108 \\ 281 \\ 543 \\ 756 \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} 4,678\frac{1}{4} \\ 209\frac{1}{2} \\ \hline 523\frac{3}{4} \end{array} $
2-in. Service Mains: Kew Beach	North	From Lee Ave. to 650 ft. west	670

6-INCH MAINS ABANDONED DURING THE YEAR 1900.

Street, Avenue, Etc.	Side of Street.	Location.	Length in Feet.
King east		From Junction with Queen St. e. pipe to 55 ft. west. " Davies Ave. to Junction with King St. pipe.	55 270
		Total	325

Mains throughout the City of all sizes and descriptions, including those on Streets, Government, Private and other Property, at end of the Year.

Size.	Total length in feet in use at end of 1899.	Put in during 1900.	Abandoned during 1900.	Total length in feet in use at end of 1900.
36-inch mains 30-inch " 24-inch " 20-inch " 16-inch " *12-inch " 10-inch sub-mains * 8 inch " * 6-inch " * 4 inch " 2-inch and 1-inch service mains. Old 8-inch cast iron mains Old 8-inch cement mains.	$\begin{array}{c} 2,780 \\ 11,292 \\ 27,779 \\ 3,953 \\ \hline \\ 245,601\frac{1}{4} \\ 14,195 \\ 7,275 \\ 979,766\frac{1}{4} \\ 43,892\frac{1}{4} \\ 10,586 \\ 4,908\frac{1}{2} \\ 6,085 \\ 1,240 \\ \end{array}$	325 4,6784 5233 670	325	$\begin{array}{c} 2,780 \\ 11,292 \\ 27,779 \\ 3,953 \\ 325 \\ 245,6011 \\ 14,195 \\ 7,275 \\ 984,1191 \\ 44,416 \\ 10,586 \\ 5,5781 \\ 6,085 \\ 1,240 \\ \end{array}$
	1,359,3531	6,197	325	$1,365,225\frac{1}{4}$

Total length in use at end of the year— $1,365,225\frac{1}{4}$ feet, or 258564 miles.

^{*12-}inch on Avenue Road classed on street and private property also and 8-inch, 6-inch, 4-inch revised and difference in sizes and measurements in Parkdale corrected.

SCHEDULE No. 12.

STATEMENT OF HYDRANTS PLACED IN POSITION DURING THE YEAR 1900.

NEW HYDRANTS PLACED IN POSITION.

Street, Avenue, Etc.	Side of Street.	Location.
Shaw Street St. George Street	East	57½ ft. south of Elm Avenue 12 ft. north of Argyle Street. 598 ft. north of Lowther Avenue. 802 ft. north of Lowther Avenue. 87 ft. south of Front Street. 108 ft. north of Mill Street. 20 ft. north of Lake Shore Road. 48½ ft. north of Lake Shore Road. In yard in front of new building.
Lansdowne Auenue Queen Street W Wellington Street 4-way Hydrants Rep Front Street	West South LACING 2 WAY	350 ft. north of Queen Street west. Opposite West Lodge Avenue. 350 ft. east of Strachan Avenue. 400 ft. east of York Street.

The Following 2-way Hydrants have been Removed from Off the Streets during 1900:

Street.	Side of Street.	Location.
Front Street Lansdowne Avenue Queen Street Wellington Street	North	10 ft. west of Shaw Street. 250 ft. west of Bay Street. 350 ft. north of Queen Street. opposite West Lodge Avenue. 350 ft. east of Strachan Avenue. 140 ft. west of Bay Street. 400 ft. east of York Street.

SUMMARY OF HYDRANTS.

COMMENT OF LEDWINGS.	
Number of Hydrants of all kinds on streets at end of 1899	2,972 86
There was removed from off the streets, 1 2-way Hydrant, 4 2-way Hydrants were replaced by 3-way Hydrants, and 2 2-way Hydrants were replaced by 4-way Hydrants during 1900	3,058
	3,051
*Number of additional Hydrants set on streets during 1900	8
4 way Hydrants replacing 2 ways already set on streets	2
3 2	4
*2 " set on private property during 1900	1
Total number of Hydrants in use at end of 1900	3,066

^{*}The total number of new Hydrants placed during the year 1900 was 9 2-way Hydrants.

A large number of old 2 way Hydrants were replaced during the year with the new improved body 2 way Hydrants.

SCHEDULE No. 13.

TOTAL LIST OF ALL VALVES PLACED IN POSITION DURING THE YEAR 1900, SHEWING THE SIZE, POSITION, ETC.

Street, Avenue, Etc.	Side of Street.	Location.					
Queen Street west.	South	West line of Tecumseth Street. East "Roncesvalles Avenue. East "Dundas Street.					
Englewood Av Englewood Av Farley Av Frichott Street King Street Lowther Av Lowther Av Lowther Av Tate Street Turner Av Vine Street Vine Street	North South North South North West East	West "Jones Avenue. East "Maud Street. West "Yonge Street. East "McMurrich Street. At apex with Queen Street East. East line of Walmer Rd.					
Treford Pl	66	West line of Claremont Street. East "Bellwoods Avenue. North "Queen Street East.					

The Following Stop Valves have been Taken Out or Abandoned During the Year 1900.

Street, Avenue, Etc.	Side of Street.	Location.
8-IN. STOP VALVE: King Street east	South	Near the west side of Don Bridge (abandoned).
6-IN. STOP VALVES: Queen Street east Queen Street west.	South	Opp. west line of Davies Avenue. Opp. west line of Sunnyside Avenue.

SUMMARY OF VALVES ON STREETS AT END OF 1900.

Size and De	escription.	In use at end of 1899.	Put in during 1900.	Taken out dur ing 1900.	Total at the end of 1900.
STOP V	ALVES:				
36 inches	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	4			4
30 " 24 "		8	• • • • • •		8 17
20 "		2	* * * * * *		2
12 "		451	3		$45\overline{4}$
10 "		6			6
9 "		6		:	6
8 "	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	12	1.7	$\frac{1}{2}$	11
6 " *4 "	• • • • • • • • •	$1,707 \\ 72$	17 3	2	1,722
*3 "		29			$\begin{array}{c} 75 \\ 29 \end{array}$
Totals		2,314	23	3	2,334
Снеск \	VALVES.				
36 inches		5			5
30 "		$\frac{3}{4}$			$\overset{\circ}{4}$
24 "		1			1
20 "		1			1
12 "	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	11			11
*6 "		44	• • • • •		44
Totals		66			66

^{*} Corrected to end of 1900.

SCHEDULE No. 14.

STATEMENT OF HOUSE SERVICES LAID DURING 1900.

	Size of Services.								
Name of Street.			1	1	ī ·	l.	1	1	
	કે-inch.	5-inch.	를-inch.	1-inch.	2-inch.	3-inch.	4-inch.	6-inch.	
	2	18	4			1			
	ļ			ļ					
Arnold Av	1								
Adelaide, west				2	1				
Avenue Rd	5	5		1					
Admiral Rd	1	2						• • • • •	
Abell	1				• • • •				
Albany Av	4			1					
Arthur	1	5							
Argyle	1				,				
Augusta Av	1								
Bismarck Av	$\frac{1}{2}$								
Bloor, west	5		2	1	1				
Bellwoods Av	9		1					• • • • • •	
Beatty Av	4	9	1	• • • • • •					
Bathurst	1	$\frac{9}{6}$	• • • • •	1					
Bruce	1	0		1					
Bartlett Av	$\frac{1}{2}$	• • • • • •						• • • • , ,	
Brock Av	4	, ′		$\begin{vmatrix} \dots & \ddots & \ddots \\ 2 & \end{vmatrix}$					
Berkeley	3	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	_	• • • • •				
Bedford, Rd		,		1				• • • • • •	
Bernard Av		2	• • • • •	1			• • • • • •		
Belmont	1						• • • • • •		
Broadview Ave	$\frac{1}{7}$							• • • • •	
Bay		2						* * * * * .	
Berryman	1							• • • • •	
Brooklyn Av	6							• • • • • •	
Borden	3								
Badgerow Av	2			,					
Bleeker	2								
Bolton Av	2								
Boustead Av	2								
Bond				1					
Bank	2								
Columbus Av	3				• • • • • •				
Cummings	1			,	,				
Crescent Rd			7						
Chesnut	1								
Chesnut Pl	1								
Cowan Av	3	3	• • • • •	- 1					
Church				2					
Clinton	4								
Chamberlain Av					1				
Clarmont	4								
Crawford	3		1	1			• • • • •		
Chicora Av	3	• • • • • •)		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •] .		

	1							
				Size of	Service		•	
Name of Street.						1		
	$\frac{1}{2}$ -inch.	$\frac{5}{8}$ -inch.	를-inch.	1-inch.	2-inch.	3-inch.	4-inch.	6-inch
				1				
Christie	1							
Caer Howell				1.				
Carlaw Av	1							
Camden		1						
College	2			1	1			
Charles		1						
Cypress		1		1				
Close Av	1							
Centre Av	1							
Court	9	7			1			
Delaware Av Dunbar Rd		4	$\begin{vmatrix} \cdots & \ddots & \ddots \\ 2 & & 2 \end{vmatrix}$	1				i
Dovercourt Rd	3	2	$\frac{2}{2}$	1				(
Dufferin	1				1			
Davenport Rd								1
Devonshire Pl				1	į	1		
Duchess			1			1		1
Danforth Av		5				1		
Dupont	1 1	3						
Dowling Av		i	2			1		
Dunedin	1							
Euclid Av		2						
Empress Crest							Į.	
Elm Av Elm Grove'Av		1		1		1		
Esplanade, west		1		1	1			
Esplanade, east		1						1
Edith								
Eastern Av	1							
Evans Av		1				1		
Elizabeth Exhibition Grounds	1		2				1	
Edwin Av	$\frac{1}{2}$			1				1
Englewood Av	1							
Farley Avenue	1		1	1			1 -	
Front, west						1	$\cdot \mid 2$	
Florence		1				1		
Fuller Franklin Av		1						
Fenning	1 ~				1	1		1
Fermanagh Av				1				
Glen Rd			1	1	1		i	
Givens								1
Gerrard, east		1						1
Gwynne Ave	_			1				
George	1 4		1	-		,		/

	Size of Service.							
Name of Street.								
	$\frac{1}{2}$ -inch.	$\frac{3}{8}$ -inch.	$\frac{3}{4}$ -inch.	1-inch.	2-inch.	3-inch.	4-inch.	6-inch.
	J							
Gould				1				
Golden Av	6	1			ļ			
Grenville	1	1	,					• • • • • •
Garnet Ave	$egin{array}{c} 1 \\ 2 \end{array}$	• • • • • •						
Howland Av	8	8						
Huron	3	4						
Harvard Av	1	1			}			
Hogarth Av	1							
Hallam Av	1			1				
Hackney	3							
Huxley		2						
Harrison	1							
Howard Park Av				1				
Indian Rd Jameson Ave	2	$\begin{vmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \end{vmatrix}$	1					
Jones Av	3	4						
Jarvis				1				
John	1			1				
King, west		2		1	1		1	
Kew Beach	15	• • • • • •	1	• • • • • •			• • • • • •	
Knox	1		1					• • • • • •
Lansdowne Av	$\hat{6}$							
Lippincott	2							
Lucas	1							
Leonard Av Lowther Av	1	ο						
Lewis	4	2	3	3				
Lombard			1					
Louisa	1							1
Langley Av	1							
Lee Av	3	• • • • • •					• • • • • • •	
Leopold	1	$\frac{\cdots}{2}$	• • • • • •	1		• • • • • •		• • • • • •
London	1	2						
Mcpherson	2	• • • • • • •	, .					
Macdonall Av	1 {							
Manning Av	7	$\frac{2}{5}$				• • • • •		
Markham Millstone Lane	9	5	1	1			1	• • • • • •
Maple Ave			1	$\begin{array}{c c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array}$			1	
Massey	2						• • • • • • •	
Madison Av		5	1	1				
Morse	2							
Manchester Av	$\frac{1}{2}$			1		-		
Marshall	2			!	• • • • •			

	Size of Service.							
Name of Street.	$\frac{1}{2}$ -inch.	§ -inch.	$\frac{3}{4}$ -inch.	1-inch.	2-inch.	3-inch.	4-inch.	6-inch
Marion		1						
	1	т.						
Muir Av	3						· ·	
Mill					1		• • • • • •	
Maynard Av	$\frac{1}{2}$				1			
McKenzie Av			1			,		
McKenzie Crest	1		_					
McGee	1							
McMurrich				1				
Niagara								1
North Markham	1							
Nanton Crest			1					
Northumberland	1							
North Beaconsfield	3							
Ossington Av	3	1						
Oxford	1							
O'Hara Av		1						
Parliament	2		1					
Pape Av	1			1				
Park Rd	1		1					
Price	4							
Prince Arthur Av			1					
Power	2	1				l		
Pears Av	6							
Pearl		1		1				
Perth Av	2		1					
Palmerston Av	1						1	
Portland				I I				
Piper	10			1				
Queen, east	13	1						1
River	$\begin{vmatrix} 2\\1 \end{vmatrix}$						· · · · · ·	
Russett Av	1	1						1
Ross		1		i				
)	3		1		1		1
Robert			* · • •					
Roylat	1						4	1
Roxboro, east		2		1			1	
Rosedale Rd				1				
Scollard	2					i		
St. Helen's Av								
Sumach							1	
Simpson Av	1 -				1	1	i	
Seaforth Av								1
St. Clarens Av								
Springhurst Av		2		1	1	1		
		1						

N			8	Size of S	Service.			
Name of Street.	1/2-inch.	\frac{5}{8}\text{-inch.}	$\frac{3}{4}$ -inch.	1-inch.	2-inch.	3-inch.	4-inch.	6-inch.
	-							
St. Albans	ĺ	1			1			
Sussex		1						
Shaftesbury Av								
Steiner								
Surrey Pl				1				1
St. David St. George			$\frac{1}{2}$	1				
Spadina Av			ī			1		
St. Patrick	1	1						
Shaw	5	1						
Sackville						1	1	
Stewart					1 -		1	1
Sheppard		1	l .	_	$\begin{vmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{vmatrix}$			1
South Drive		1		- 4				
Sherbourne				1	1	1		
Strachan Av								. 1
Summerhill							• • • • • •	
Spadina Pl					1	1		
Tyndall Av		. 8			1		•	
Tate								
Ulster					1			
Victoria	. 1							• • • • • • •
Vine	$\cdot \mid 1$					1		
West Marion Wellington, west	. 1			1	1			1
William	. 3			1	- 1			_
Wilson Av								
Westmoreland Av	. 3				1			
Waverley Rd			1 -					
Wellesley Crest			. 1					
Wellesley Pl		. 2	1					
Woodbine Av	. 1							
Wells	. 2		ì		1	1	1	
Walmer Road			. 1					
Wright Av	$\cdot \mid 2$							
Withrow Av Woodlawn Av	$\begin{array}{c c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array}$			1				
Wood	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$							1
Woolsley					1			
Water	. 2						- }	
Wellington Av								
Walton	. 1			_		- 1		
Water	: · · · i				1		1	1
Yorkville Av	7		1					
11 -	- 1	1. 7						

		Size of Service.											
Name of Street.	½-inch.	§-inch.	$\frac{3}{4}$ -inch.	1-inch.	2-inch.	3-inch.	4-inch.	6-inch					
YongeYork	5	1	1	1				1					
Totals	421	137	43	53	17		6	5					
Services Laid on Island													
Cherokee Av Hooper Av Lakeshore Av	1						[• • • • • •						

SCHEDULE No. 15.

STATEMENT OF HOUSE SERVICES IN USE TO 31ST DECEMBER, 1900.

T + 1					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
10tal Hu	mber of ser		•			1,375 552
Number	of now	176	a aaring			842
TA (IIII DEE						24
6.6	new	service	35 1a10 00.	0	permit	141
6.6			66		, permit	12
66	renewed	66			1876	602
66	new renewed	٤.	raid by	Commission	1876	258
6.6	new	66	66	66	1877	1,006
6.6	1 enewed	66	66	6.6	1877	1,000
6.6	new	6.6	laid by	Composition	1878	2,189
66	renewed	66	iand by	Corporation	1878	$\frac{2,109}{103}$
66	new	6.6	6.6	6.6	1879	
66	renewed	66	66	. 6	1879	1,861 97
66		. 6	66	6.6	1880	1,014
66	new renewed	6 6	66		1880	41
6.6	new	66	66	66	1881	2,654
66	renewed	6 6	66		1881	$\frac{2,034}{117}$
6 6	new	66	6.6	6.6	1882	1,826
6.6	renewed		6.6	6.6	1882	1,820
6 6	new	4.6	66	6.6	1883	1,766
6.6	renewed	66	6.6	6 6	1883	54
6.6	new	66	6.6	6.6	1884	2,087
6.6	renewed	6.6	6.6	6 6	1884	12
6.6	new	66	6.6	66	1885	2,344
6.6	renewed	6.6	6.6	6.6	1885	22
66	new	66	66	. 6	1886	2,936
6.6	renewed	6.6	66	6.6	1886	19
6 6	new	66	66	66	1887	3,250
6 6	renewed	6.6		6.6	1887	65
6 6	new	6.6	6.6	6 6	1888	2,990
6 6	renewed	6.6	6.6	66	1888	65
66	new	66	6.6	66	1889	3,288
6 6	renewed	6.6	6.6	6.6	1889	68
66	new	6.6	6.	6 6	1890	2,136
"	renewed	66	66	6 6	1890	55
6.6	new	66	"	66	1891	2,058
6.6	renewed	6.6	6.6	6 6	1891	53
6 6	new	6.6	6.6	6.6	1892	1,151
66	renewed	66		6.6	1892	49
66	new	66	6.6	66	1893	526
66	renewed	6.6	6.6	6.6	1893	2
66	new	66	6.6	66	1894	390

6.6	new	6.6	4.6	4.4	1895	3
6.6	renewed	6.6	6.6	6.6	1895	
6 6	new	6 6	6.6	6.6	1896	2
66	renewed	6.6	6.6	"	1896	
66	new	66	4.6	66	1897	4
66	rene wed	44	6.6	66	1897	
"	new	4.6	6.6	6.6	1898	5
6.6	renewed	6.6	66	6.6	1898	
"	new	6 6	6.6	6 6	1899	6
6.6	renewed	6.6	6.6	6.6	1899	
6 6	new	6.6	6.6	6.6	1900	(
6.6	renewed	6.6	6.6	66	1900	
w ser	vices in York	ville a	t time of a	nnexati	on	4
6.6	" Park		66	66		8

SCHEDULE 16. Number and Size of Services in Use to December 31st, 1900.

		4-in.	s.in.	½-in.	5 -in.	3.in.	1-in.	1½-in.	2-in.	$2\frac{1}{2}$ -in.	3-in.	4-in.	6-in.	Total.
Services laid previous to 1875*	vious to 1875*													1 007
New services laid	New services laid, 1875	•		617	194	38	2	4	ಸ್		1		•	866
99 99	1876	•	•	006	80	11	œ		4	-	- œ			1.013
"	1877	:	:	1,083	43	<u></u>	œ		10		14			1,167
99 99	1878	98	1,427	717	28	20	6		ũ		14	-		2,292
"	1879	•	1,248	633	47	o	20	•	4		12			1,958
33 33	1880	•	603	385	26	<u></u>	က		œ		16			1 055
93	1881	•	1,375	1,275	65	17	17		2		17	_		9.771
"	1882	•	625	1,139	44	23	20	•	5		14			1.870
99	1883	•	373	1,311	20	16	13	•	17		17	cc		1.820
99 99	1884	:	441	1,513	70	13	25		0		20	20		2,099
33 33	1885	•	190	2,068	26	56	13		7		7.5		-	9386
33 33	1886	•	14	2,741	92	37	29		6.		25		1 00	9,000
19 99	1887		10	3,062	106	70	000		70	•	9.0	•) A	2000 2000 1000 1000
33 33	1888			9,856	101	0 m	66	•	10	•	3 -		H -	0,010 0,00 0,00
"	1889			3 087	197	6.00	45	•	201	•		- 6	н ,-	00000
33 33	1890			1,005	200	2 6) 10 0	•	2 2	•	-	3 G	-	0,000
33 33	1891			1,995	, m	. K	9.6		1 -	•	•	# G	٠,	6,131
"	1892		•	1 100	96	0.00	1 6	•	1	•	:	- C		1,111
33 33	1893	•	•	465	ξ α 1 ~	2 n	i r	:	- 0	:	:	77	: -	1,200
99 99	1894	•	:	220	06	 	1 1	:	୦ ଗ	•		ρ -	٦,	928
"	1895		•	020	000	9 2	17	:	1	:	:	# E	٦,	40T
99 99	1896	•	•	0 0 0	9 6	3 6	7 0	:	110	•	:	- ,	→ ,	1.00
33	1897	•	•	800	9 60	7 6	200	:	61 16		•	⊣ 14	⊣ 1	999 103
33 33	2000	•	•	0000	1 0 9 1 0 9	- LC	000	•	10	:	:-	3 9) c	90g
33 33	1899	•	•	430	100	0 6	9 6	•	96	:	٦-	0 1	- [000
"	1900	•	:	491	197	2 6	4 70 5 cc	•	1 6	•	-	CT 9	1 Y	600
				1 1		Q. I	2	•	11	•	•		5	700
Totals	Totals	98	6,310	31,529	1,735	694	552	5	283	1	208	139	42	43,429
Total nu	Total number services on Island	nd		•	•									262
Laid by	Laid by Yorkville previous to	annexation	tion	:	:		•	•		•				448
33	Parkdale "	;	:	•				•	•	•	•	•	•	885
								Potal n	umber	Total number of services	ces		•	45,024

SCHEDULE No. 17.
Meters Taken off and Replaced During 1900

		Total.	55	34	55	36	15	36	35	41	36	00	56	55	468
	ich.	On.	•	•	:	:	:	•	:		•	:	:	•	•
	6-inch.	Off.		•	•	:	:	•	:	•	:	•	•	-	1
	ch.	On.	•	•	•	•	•	:	:	•	П	*	•	•	-
	ō-inch.	Off.		:	:	:	•	-	1	:		•	:	:	<u>01</u>
	ch.	Ou.	:	1	:	•	•	1	:	:	•	:		H	4
	4-inch.	Off.		-		•	:	:	7	:	K ^B	•	-	1	70
	ch.	On.	ಣ		•	:	П	-	-		C1		-	•	=======================================
	3-inch.	Off.	63				:	1	-	C1	61	-	:	:	10
	ch.	Om.		ಾ	6.1	=	=	•	2	-	-		:	•	12
	2-inch.	Off.	62	20	63	-	•	•	•	•	- 67	Ç1	H	Ä	16
	sh.	On.	-		•	•	•	•	•	:	•	•		:	ಣ
	$1\frac{1}{2}$ -inch.	Off.			• •	•	:-	•	:	:	:	:	:	:	<u>C1</u>
		On.	1 1-	ಣ	. 9	4	-	-61	4	70	:	٠ •	C.1	6/1	39
	1-inch.	Off. (TO	ಣ	-1-	ಾ	67	_01	C)	-	C1	67	ಣ	,	33
WITH T		On. (9	C1	9	ಣ	Н	4	<u>C1</u>	10	ಾ	10	Ç1	-07	41
7 7 600	³-inch.	Off.	4	ಾ	10	9	21	20	4	61	7	70	4	9	55
TATES TO TOPS		On.	13	4	1-	00	¢1	- G	ro	œ	00	15	20	18	102
٦ 	ş-inch.		01	9	11	10	Ç1	6	6	14	H	15	2	55	124
		i.		:	•	:	•	-	•	T	•	•		•	<u>C1</u>
	3-inch.)#.	:	•	:	•	ന :		:	П	:	:	:	:	4
		Off; On. Off. On. Off.	:	•	•	•	•	:	:	•	:	:	:	•	•
	3-inch.	ff; O	:		•	:		•	:	•	:	•	•	•	<u> </u>
			:	•	•	•	:	:		:	:	*	•	*	:
		ıtlı.		r.y	•	•	•	•	-		ber	:	ber	ber .	Totals
		Month.	January	February	March	April.	May	June	July	August.	September	October	November	December	Total

SCHEDULE No. 18.

Meters Repaired without Removal from Services During 1900.

Month.	$\frac{1}{2}$ -inch.	\frac{5}{8}\text{-inch.}	3-inch.	1-inch.	1½-inch.	2-inch.	3-inch.	4-inch.	6-inch.	8-inch.	10-inch.	Totals.	New Boxes.	New Frames.	Frames and boxes repaired.
January		4	9	15	2	8	8		1			47	5	2	2
February	1	9	9	7	1	5	4	1				37	3		
March	2	1	6	10	1	9	5	4	2			40	2		
April	2	6	7	14		7	7		3			46	7	6	7
May		3	6	18		6	7	1	4			45	14	4	5
. June			10	11		7	7		4			48	12	1	3
July		4	10	11	3	4	4	1	3			40	13	2	6
August		4	3	20	,	8	9	5	8	1	1	59	5	2	7
September		8	6	3	2	4	3	1	2	1		30	3	1	2
October	1	6	10	11	2	10	4	4	3			51	6	1	3
November		3	7	16		9	6	7	8			56	8	2	3
December		8	8	13	4	10	10	4	8			65	3	2	L • • 6 • •
Totals	6	$\frac{-}{65}$	91	149	15	87	74	28	46	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	564	81	23	38

SCHEDULE No. 19.
Size and Number of New Meters Placed During 1900.

½-inch.	\$-inch.	₹-inch.	1-inch.	$1\frac{1}{2}$ -inch.	2-inch.	3-inch.	4-inch.	6-inch.	Total.
2	18	9	16	2	6	7	6	2	68

SCHEDULE No. 20.

RETURN OF TEMPERATURE OF WATER FOR YEAR 1900, TAKEN AT SHORE CRIB AND CITY HALL TAP.

	DEGREES FARENHEIT.								
Month.	S	Shore Crib).	City Hall Tap.					
	Highest.	Lowest.	Average.	Highest.	Lowest.	Average.			
January	39	33	36.3	41	37	39.0			
February	37	34	35.3	42	36	37.7			
March	36	33	33.9	38	35	36.3			
April	40	35	36.6	42	37	39.0			
May	45	37	40.4	50	41	43.5			
June	48	40	43.3	50	43	46.4			
July	52	40	43.8	54	45	47.7			
August	68	44	56.3	67	48	58.5			
September	66	42	53.1	67	46	54.0			
October	61	41	54.6	61	45	56.8			
November	54	39	44.7	57	42	47.1			
December	42	36	38.3	44	39	41.4			
Averages of year	49	37.8	42.9	51	41.1	45.6			

ANALYSIS OF TEMPERATURE.

Shore Crib.

The highest, on August 24th, 68 deg.; the lowest, on March 6th, 33 deg.; the highest average, in August, 56.3 deg.; the lowest average, in March, 33.9 deg.

City Hall Tap.

The highest, on August 24th, 67 deg.; the lowest, on March 2nd, 35 deg.; the highest average, in August., 58.5 deg.; the lowest average in March, 36.3 deg.

SCHEDULE No. 21.

		Services Move wabiz tinz	113 155 273 273 279 282 315 118	0,00,0
		36-inch.	H : .HHH : :0 : :	5
		30-inch.		:
	ll så	24-inch.	H : : : : : : : : : : K	5
	ain	20-inch.	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	4
	Leaks on Mains.	12-inch.	81 52 111 52 48 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	00
	S S	10-inch.		:
	leal	8-inch.	<u> </u>	5
.00		6-inch.	11 12 13 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	5
ent, 1900.		.honi-4		:
	ut.	1-inch.	. : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	5
MEE	Ō	.honi-♣	:::::::==== := r	-
CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIRS DEPARTMENT,	Jut	-inch.		:
	Services Cut Out.	.dəni-ફૃ	2 1 1 3 3 3 1 2 3 3 3 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3)
	Serv	.dɔui-8	::: : : : : : : = = = = =	
REP		Turned Off.	1388 1328 1328 1328 1328 1328 1328 1328	1
AND		Turned On.	2000 200 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	1
TION		Cleaned Out.	108 108 108 14 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13	
NSTRUC	House Services.	Jug Out.	205 241 250 205 205 219 287 255 138 313 215 215	
ву Со	nse S	Blown Out.	20 118 118 118 120 120 130 130 130 130 130 130 130 130 130 13	1
DONE B	Но	False Reports.	8 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	
		Burst Inside.	25 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	
WORK		Гъезкв.	182 140 178 161 184 172 185 185 185 185 171 171 178	
			January February March April May June July September October November December Total	
12-	-Е			1



ACCOUNTANT'S STATEMENT.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE,
December 30th, 1900.

C. H. RUST, Esq., City Engineer.

Dear Sir,—I attach herewith a statement of expenditure for the year ending December 31st, 1900, shewing details of contract work, material and labour on General, Special and Local Improvement Work, also statement of expenditure of the Water Works Branch, with details of same to December 31st, 1900, all of which is respectfully submitted.

Yours truly,

WM. McCARTNEY,

Accountant.

es								=
For Asbtract of Charges See Page	ACCOUNTS.	\$	c.	\$	с.		\$	c.
Ä								
	GENERAL WORKS.							
96	Asphalt cleaning	17,087	07					
94	Bridges, repairs and maintenance	8,798						
96	Culvert cleaning	5,374						
$\frac{96}{97}$	Engineering and expenses	25,039 $19,019$						
101	General purpose	32,029						
104	Sidewalks	13,783						
105	Snow cleaning off sidewalks	-7,917	72					
105	Street cleaning	51,546						
106 106	Scavenging	71,664 $23,240$						
107	Stone and wood crossings	1,805	44					
108	" kerbs	540	29					
108	Private drains	13,807	24	004 050	0.0			
	Less am't paid Treas. for p'te drains			$\begin{array}{c c} 291,653 \\ 13,328 \end{array}$				
4.00	SPECIAL WORKS.		~ ()	278,325	89			
$\begin{array}{c} 109 \\ 109 \end{array}$	Ashbridge's Bay Ditch	11,279	56 25					
109	Dowling Ave. sewer	396						
109	Don improvement roadway	241						
109	Dredging slips	8,385						
109	Dundas St. Bridge, track repairs	319						
110 110	Flushing asphalt pavements Howland Ave. sewer	$907 \\ 714$						
110	Level crossings	4,496						
110	Lever Bros., agreement	12,699			[
112	Moving Elliott & Neelon plant	486						
112	" sheds Western yard	154						
$\begin{array}{c} 112 \\ 112 \end{array}$	Piling at Don River, Queen St Keating's Channel	$1,477 \\ 714$						
112	Queen St. east culvert	320						
112	Relaying stone sett roadways	1,014						
112	" sidewalk s.s. King St	530						
112 113	Rosedale Ravine drive	$\frac{481}{1,015}$						
113	Reconstruction of track allowance.	62,144						
115	Sand pump	5,271	63					
116	Sewage disposal	640	30					
116	Stone, House of Industry	$\begin{array}{c} 162 \\ 1115 \end{array}$						
$\begin{array}{c} 116 \\ 116 \end{array}$	Street Railway matters Sidewalk, King St., opp. Stanley P'k	$\begin{array}{c} 1,115 \\ 262 \end{array}$						
117		132						
117	Street numbering Steam road roller "	2,550	00					
117	Track repairs	11,148						
117	Weed cutting	513	70					
		129,584	15					
117	Deduct amount paid by G. T. R.	~ 000	0.0					
	for Station Street asphalt	5,000	00	124,584	15			
						4(2,910	04
	Carried forward						$\frac{1}{2}$, 910	

For Abstract of Charges See Page	ACCOUNTS.	\$	c.	\$ c.	\$	c.
	Brought forward		• • •		402,910	04
	BRIDGES, GRADINGS, OPENINGS, ETC.					
118 118 118 119	Eastern Ave. Bridge Humber River Bridge Queen St. Bridge Noble Street extension	5,120 4,958 47,384 4,064	37 93			
117	Railway pavements		_		$\begin{array}{c c} 61,527 \\ 3,080 \end{array}$	
120 121 129 133 140 140 140 146	Local Improvement Works: Sewers Asphalt pavements Brick " Cedar block " Gravel Macadam Cobble stone Tamarac Brick sidewalks		 43 12 59 72 72 15 98	7,171 49		• -
147 147 149	Concrete "Wooden "Personal and departmental acc'ts	67,632 45,167	88 34		560,618 37,665	
					1,065,802	36

				1	
DETAILS.	\$	c.	\$	c.	\$ c.
BRIDGES, REPAIRS, ETC.					
Glen Road Bridge.					
\$30	1,739 7 39 54	26 44 20 79 75 63	2,16	3 40	
Cherry Street.					
15 piles, \$66; 4,760 ft. lumber, \$88.17; 2 wheels, \$30	184	17			
$11\frac{1}{2}$ toise stone, \$126.50; sundry tools,		15			
\$4.65		96			
\$14.30		63	1 47	2 30	
York Street.			1,10		
Boiled oil, turps, putty, etc	:	3 95 5 40 4 94	(69 29	
Lamb's Draw Bridge.					
466 ft. lumber, \$8.69; 4 kegs nails, \$14.15; oils, 60c		3 44 8 36	1	51 80	
Gerrard Street.					
10,750 ft. lumber, \$212.44; 800 lbs. nails, \$31.40	7	3 84 2 00 7 42 2 17 32 86			
Diackstitioning, woods, its and			8	08 29	
Carried forward			4,6	65 08	

	\$	c.	\$	c.		\$ c.
Brought forward			4,665	08		
Winchester Street.						
7,531 ft. lumber, \$461.89; 4 kegs nails, \$14; cartage, \$5	480 32 317	22	830	71		
Danforth Avenue.			000	4 J		
6,395 ft. lumber	126 130		257	12		
Strachan Avenue.			201	TO		
4 kegs nails, \$14.10; 851 ft. lumber, \$25.62	39 2 200	20	242	99		
${\it Castle \ Frank.}$			242	22		
1,275 ft. lumber	1	82 84	99	66		
Dupont Street Culvert.			. 92	00		
720 ft. lumber	1	46 66	റെ	12		
Island Park Bridge.			22	14		
9,005 ft. lumber, \$199.64; 200 lbs. nails, \$7.50	207 33 195	45	436	29	é	
$Dund as \ Street.$						
Labor	4	76	4	76		
Crawford Street.						
16,859 ft. lumber, \$322.22; 700 lbs. nails, \$25.40 500 laths. Labor	347 3 143	75	494	70		
Queen Street.						
Electric light			16	06		
Carried forward			7,062	03		
· ·						

			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	\$ c.	\$ \$.	\$ c.
Brought forward		$7,062 \ 03$.	
Humber River Bridge.			
Labor		1 12	
Shaw Street.			
49,260 ft. lumber, \$1,044.01; 1,600 lbs.	1,106 31		
nails, \$62.30	8 13 595 73	1,710 17	
Huntley Street.		1,710 17	
Labor		6 13	
Bridge Tools.			
Sundry tools		66 48	
		8,845 93	
Less amount of labor charged lake shore road culvert Less amount of labor charged to Eastern	29 70 18 00		
Avenue Bridge		47 70	8,798 23
CULVERT CLEANING.			0,100 20
2,519 ft. lumber, \$40.52; 125 lbs. nails, \$2 73	43 25 10 28 3 30 5,317 17		
ASPHALT CLEANING.		5,374 00	
110 ft. lumber, \$6.14; 50 lbs. nails, \$5; holts and rivets, \$5,12	16 26		
895 lbs. iron, \$29.26; 885 lbs. brass fibre, \$185.85	215 11		
8 pr. wheels, \$34; 18 galv. iron tubs, \$81 17 ² doz. garments, \$159; duck caps, \$36	115 00 195 00		
12 pieces sheet steel, \$30; 4 sets axles, \$13	43 00		
50 lbs. vermillion, \$10; sundry material, \$8.98	$\begin{array}{c} 18 \ 98 \\ 16,483 \ 72 \end{array}$		
Labor	10,400 72	17,087 07	22,461 0
ENGINEERING AND EXPENSES.			22,101
Books and subscriptions, \$136.41; blank books, etc., \$24.11	160 52 657 23	§	,
Postage stamps and cards, \$225; mounting maps, \$3	228 00		
Carried forward	1,045 75	5	31,259 3

			-		
	\$	c.	\$	c.	\$ c.
Brought forward	1,045	75		• • •	31,259 30
Rent of 'phone, \$37.50; messages, \$17.38 Drawer locks, etc., \$10.27; rubber stamps,	54	88			
\$5.75	16	02			
\$10.90	30	90			
supplies, \$69.05	73 447	30			
Printing, \$20; changing and altering signs,		75			
\$1.75		73			
matting, \$4.88	1	75			
Travelling expenses	•	00			
Car tickets	$ \begin{array}{r} 375 \\ 22,729 \end{array} $				05 090 14
GENERAL PURPOSE.					25,039 14
Sewer Repairs.					
5,950 ft. lumber, \$120.67; 112 lbs. nails, \$4.10	124	77			
$52\frac{1}{2}$ bbls. cement, \$141.92; 6,825 bricks, \$52.07; $23\frac{1}{2}$ bbls. sand, \$16.69	210				
328 ft. pipe, \$72.28; manhole covers, steps, etc., \$11.81		09			
Globes, wick, oil, etc. Boiled oil, turps, etc.	27	36 83			
Turning patterns	123 182	68			
Rentals	139				
Hire of engine and pile-driver, \$22.84;		84			
rent of 'phones, \$45		95			
\$13.75; 6 pr. rubber boots, \$27.40 6 pr. hose couplings, \$15; rent of bicycle,		00			
Extra dredging, Dupont Street sewer	6	00			
Labor and material, Queen Street bridge Labor	3,363	41 05			
Low amount mid Thomas	4,490				
Cleaning and Flurking	335	- 77	4,154	35	5
Cleaning and Flushing.					
7 pr. rubber boots, \$26.32; 500 ft. hose, \$525; washers, 38	551	. 70			
200 ft. lumber, \$3.50; 509 lbs. castings, \$10.18		68	3		
Carried forward	565	38	4,154	35	56,298 44

	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Brought forward	565 38	4,154 35	56,298 44
Repairing syphons, \$20; sundry tools,	91 90		
\$11.30Board of horse	31 30 31 00	1	
119 lbs. rope, \$17.85; patterns, \$5.75 Labor	$\begin{array}{c} 23 & 60 \\ 2,947 & 60 \end{array}$		
Public Lavatory.		3,598 88	
925 ft. pipe, \$18.58; 1 pr. spring hinges,	0 (00		
\$5.75	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	ļ	
Repairs	$ \begin{array}{c} 21 & 80 \\ 10 & 85 \end{array} $		
Paint, polish, etc	6 09		
	315 00	380 92	
Manholes and Culverts.			
Manhole steps, covers, tops, etc	78 43		
junctions, \$8.50	153 30		
nection pipe, \$1.14	150 22		
\$40.64	545 08		
1,756 ft. lumber, \$25.38; 20 yds. gravel, \$16.06	41 44		
Lanterns, pails, globes, etc	14 06		
\$30	339 69		
\$8.94	$\begin{array}{c} 20 & 22 \\ 16 & 80 \end{array}$		
Patterns, \$8.40: blacksmithing, \$8.40 Labor	1,823 97		
	3,183 21		
Less amount of material returned to stores	107 00	3,076 21	
Tools and Miscellaneous.			
Repairs to tools, \$30.45; horse feed and			
straw, \$12.29	42 74		
\$23.70 Blue print paper, etc., \$149.85; mounting	43 68		
maps, \$61.05	210 90		
turps, \$12.52	29 65		
3 doz. card holders, \$27; blue print frames, \$131.93	158 93		
704 ft. moulding, \$29.74; mould hooks, etc., \$3.65	33 39		
Carried forward	$\boxed{519 29}$	11,210 36	56,298 44

	\$	c.	\$ c.	\$	e.
Brought forward	519	29	11,210 36	56,298	44
2,937 ft. lumber, \$107.18; 50 ft. flooring, \$1.10; 410 lbs. nails, \$11.55	119	83			
2 oak cabinets, \$120; 22 ft. office blind webs, \$13.20	133				
Lettering vaults, etc., \$41; lithographing,	184				
\$143.50 Brass fittings, \$58; 755 lbs. eastings, \$15.10		10			١
Car tickets, \$75; board of horse, \$122.38. Chesterman tapes, \$28.85; printing	197				
plans, \$10		85 24			
4 pans, \$12.25; 1 mixing board, \$45; pulley block, \$16	73	23			
Sundry office fittings, \$25.93; printing, -\$453.30	479	2 3			
Framing photos, \$9.55; process paper, etc., \$86.60		15 90			
$7\frac{1}{2}$ bbls. cement, \$20.74; cement gripes, \$12.50; material for cement testing,	, ,				
\$6.18	39	42			
\$39	109				
\$52.50; hose couplings, 75 cts 6,825 lbs. Grey lime	22	35 63			
Hack hire, \$15.50; hire of bicycle, \$16.00 1,500 bricks, \$11.88; sand, \$16.88; cus-		50			
toms charges, \$4.40	15	16 00			
hire, \$18.75	28	71			
moving 'phone, \$4.60	36	05			
\$32.50; harness fittings, \$45.71 13 doz. crayons, \$13.45; cardboard, \$13.80;	78	21		•	
stamps, \$12.35	39 47				
3 doz. sash lifts, \$11.25; white lead, paint, etc., \$11.05.	22	- (
Coal oil, soap and sundry material Hose, nozzles and couplings, \$11.27; 4	16				
iron barrows, \$11 Doors, locks, knobs, etc., \$30.94; sundry hardware, \$12.98	22 43				
Culvert traps and castings, \$15.79; brushes,	21	-			
brooms, etc., \$5.60	11				
Typewriting ribbons	3	00			
Carried forward	2,708	51	11,210 36	56,298	44

	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Brought forward	2,708 51	11,210 36	56,298 44
Towing dredge, \$6; ventilators for dark room, \$3.15 Sundry office fittings, \$13.40; hauling	9 15		
earth, \$25 Labor	$\begin{array}{c} 38 \ 40 \\ 3,522 \ 21 \end{array}$		
Cr.	6,278 27		
Amount paid Treasurer – 121 00 Scrap	199-64	(; 07.) (w)	
Areas.		6,078 63	
1 rule	637 44	637 79	
Lee Avenue Grading.			
Labor and material	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	5 13	
Lake Shore Road Culvert.			
Board of horse	30 00 41 32	71 32	
St. Lawrence Market Improvement.			
I special drill	40 00 708 00	748 00	
Eastern Yard Stables.			
6,319 ft. of 2-in. plank, \$93.83; 971 ft. 4 x 4 scantling, \$13.82. 3,000 ft. of 1-in. plank, \$42.60; 1,624 ft. curb, \$21.92 350 lbs. nails.	107 65 64 52 12 08 170 98		
-		355 23	
Cr.		19,106 46	
Amount paid Treasurer by J. Williams and B. Westwood		87 00	19,019 46
Carried forward			75,317 90

	\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.
Brought forward					75,317	90
ROADWAYS.						
Macadam.						
4,110 ft. lumber, \$59.45; 105 lbs. nails,	co	. 00				
\$3.03; 1,000 bricks, \$7.50		98				
macadam, $\$1,580.98$	1,913	67				
stone, \$141.63	357	78				
\$7.70; bends, \$6	20	95				
\$16 20		31				
Roller parts, \$50.15; wagon parts, \$13 2 yds. sand, \$9.48; 515 yds. gravel,		15				
\$489.23	498					
117 lbs. steel, \$6.35		$\begin{array}{c} 08 \\ 34 \end{array}$				
Sprocket attachments, \$26.32; repairs, \$4.75	31	07				
236 lbs. zinc, \$16.52; 6 bbls. cement, \$17.39; 75 lbs. waste, \$7.89		80				
Boilermaker's time, \$19.75; blacksmith's		44				
time, \$12.69		04				
Harness, \$23.63; veterinary services, \$7; drugs, \$1.43	32	06				
Shafts for 4-in. crusher, \$49.50; sundry fittings, \$14.92		42				
Horse feed and straw	300	00				
packing, \$5.61		71 40				
Sundry material	7	95 25				
Labor	5,873					
Cr.	9,503	04				
Use of roller, \$1,125.12; 116						
yds. granite, \$48 1,173 12						
Amount paid Treasurer 386 46	1,559	58	5 0.46	10		
Cedar Block.			7,948	46		
$92\frac{1}{2}$ cd. cedar blocks, \$701.35; 12 cd. cedar	= 0.5	3.5				
posts, \$64.80	766					
\$18.79; nails, \$1	137	78				
Carried forward	903	93	7,943	3 46	75,317	90

	\$	c.	\$ c.	\$	s.
Brought forward	903	93	7,943 46	75,317	90
$17\frac{106.8}{2000}$ t. coal, \$97.33; $\frac{1}{2}$ cd. wood, \$2.50. 15 lbs. rope, \$2.25; 100 lights glass, \$5.50;		83			
15 files, \$2.40		15			
services, \$27		93			
Rent of Parkdale siding		71 48			
Labor	$\frac{2,725}{}$	50			
Cr.	3,810	53			
Amt. paid Treasurer for sundries	134	68	3,675 85		
Stone and Cobble.					
30 yds. gravel, \$50.80; 3,000 granite setts,			i,		
\$15 Proportion of tar kettle	100	80			
Drugs, \$5.67; coal oil, 60c	$\begin{array}{c} 6\\546\end{array}$	27			
Less am't paid Treasurer for stone setts	718 82	60	(105 F.4		
Tools and Miscellaneous.			635 74		
Rent of 'phones, \$41.50; repairing tools, \$22.34	63	84			
3 asphalt rolls, \$10.50; boiler covering, \$8.15	18	65			
$8\frac{385}{2000}$ tons coal, \$42.46; 497 ft. lumber,					
\$10.57; lumber pencils, \$5.40	98	43			
rope, \$1.38bay gelding, \$120; harness fittings, \$4.25	40 124				
cord wood, \$13; steel, \$17.78		78			
steel knives, \$4.50; 4 rakes, \$2.55; 14 brooms, \$7	14	05			
brooms, \$7	12	00			
granite cutter, \$1.25; 13 wheel-barrow					
wheels, \$11	12 8	25 65			
0 metallic shingles, \$42.50; 39 lbs. leather, \$13.26	55	76			
5 length of stove pipe, \$2.10; hose coup-					
lings, \$2.65		75 00			
Carried forward	448	99	${12,255} {05}$	75,317	90

		1		
	\$	c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Brought forward	448	99	12,255 05	75,317 90
Coal oil and sundry material Labor	5 455	33 45		
I	909	77		
Less amount paid Treasurer for constructing buggy	70	00	090 55	
General Repairs.			839 77	
Chipping glass, \$13.80; installing electric bells, \$17.60	31	40	•	
\$34.37	289	37		
\$7.28	173	01		•
posts, \$11.25	137 14	81 93		
\$10.71 Repairs to asphalt Lanterns, red globes, etc. Labor	31	02 04 10 40		
Less amount paid Treasurer for material	2,475 443		2,031 09	
Gravel.				
1,146 yds. gravel Rent of shed, Richmond Street Labor	1,292 42 520	60	1 055 04	
Asphalt Repairs.			1,855 24	
1 toise macadam, \$12.26; 39 bbls. cement, \$118.95. Coal oil, cans, etc. Repairs to Bay Street. '' Queen and Yonge Streets. 'Yonge Street. '' Adelaide and King Streets. '' Victoria Street. '' Bloor Street. '' Queen Street east. '' Brunswick Avenue. '' King Street. '' Yonge, King and Queen Sts. 'Sherbourne Street. '' Simcoe Street. '' Jarvis and Bloor Streets. '' Mincing Lane. '' Jarvis Street.	1,088 183 5 541 309 6 217 208 603 19	73 56 12 48 01 50 06 73 89 69 32 22 05 00 13		
Carried forward	4,898	88	16,981 15	75,317 90

	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Brought forward	4,898 88	16,981 15	75,317 90
Repairs to King, Scott and Wellington Sts. St. George Street Sundry pavements Labor	439 67 429 16 6,620 56 448 50	12,836 77	
Special Macadam.		12,000 77	
100 ³ toise macadam 162 yds. gravel Repairs to crusher 2 tozzle seats Coal oil Labor	1,153 96 128 18 11 42 13 50 40 904 05	2,211 51	
SIDEWALKS.			32,029 43
148,562 ft. lumber, \$2,182.99; $31\frac{1}{2}$ bbls. cement, \$94.19	2,277 18		
6,815 ft. concrete, \$163.95; 351 ft. 6 in. stone curb, \$107.37	271 32		
7,979 ft. cedar curb, 107.72; \(\frac{1}{4}\) toise macadam, \(\\$2.50\)	110 22 10 00		
Horse feed and straw	300 00		
iron, \$6.60	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		
\$8	72 00		
Sundry tools	$\begin{bmatrix} 12 & 99 \\ 7 & 50 \end{bmatrix}$		
\$5.69 Sundry brick walks, flankages, etc	227 22 169 33		
3 books ferry tickets, \$12.50; rent of 'phone, \$45	57 50 49 00		
\$20.40	36 65 20 00		
Cost of walk (York County Loan)	27 84		
$9_{\frac{790}{2000}}$ toise coal, \$47.04; 1 cord wood, \$61 side leather, \$4; $2\frac{1}{2}$ yds. belt dressing,	53 04		
\$7.50 12 lanterns, \$6; 43 gallons coal oil, \$8.60 Treating lumber	$ \begin{array}{c cccc} 11 & 50 \\ 14 & 60 \\ 36 & 00 \end{array} $		
Repairs to tools, \$2; stamp repairs, \$2 Sundry material	4 00 12 41		
Carried forward	4,686 85		107,347 33

	\$	c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Brought forward	4,686	85	• • • • • • • • • • •	107,347 33
36 saw files, \$4.50; 24 grading lines, \$4.80 Labor	9 11,334	30 69		
Less amount paid treasurer	16,030 2,246			10 500 00
			• • • • • • • • • •	13,783 90
SNOW CLEANING, SIDEWALKS.				
8 document files 12 Chesterman tapes ½ cord wood 532 lbs. rattan Sundry stationery Labor	$ \begin{array}{r} 26 \\ 3 \\ 111 \end{array} $	10		F 01F F0
				7,917 72
STREET CLEANING.				
44 gals. engine oil, \$15.32; 10 gals. turps.,	20	90		
\$8	23	32		
\$10.44 Leather goods, \$11.10; covering buggy top,	18	18		
\$6	17	10		
$2\frac{1}{2}$ cord wood, \$16.15; $24\frac{1955}{2000}$ tons coal, \$112.73	128 119			
144 balls thread, \$11.52; 24\frac{1}{3} lbs. rope,		20		
\$3.68	30	36		
\$15.90	15	22		
665 lbs. rattan, \$125.05; 330 ft. maple wood, \$13.70	138			
Lights at stables		83		
Power at City stables	\int 54	41		
Sundry hardware		46		
\$42	70	80		
Horse feed and straw, \$3,948.08; horses,				
\$725	4,673	08		
\$39.96	47	16		
Paint, shellac, varnish, etc	$\begin{bmatrix} 20 \\ 108 \end{bmatrix}$	75		
305 lbs. zinc	8	40		
Veterinary services	97	$\frac{20}{00}$		
37 document files, \$38.20; sundry hardware, \$14.27		47		
				100.040.05
Carried forward 14—E	1 6,365	43	3	.] 129,048 95

CITY ENGINEER	R'S REPORT.	
106	\$ c. \$ 129,0	. c. 048 95
Brought forward	17 68	,546 61
SCAVENGING.		
3½ cords wood, \$14.35; 5½000 tons cos \$24.33	266 05	
\$23.50; 100 lbs. winter loc	31 00	
100 lbs. red lead, \$8.50; 20 gais. tal. \$16.00	24 50	
screws, to shorse feed and str	6,023 83	
1 feed mill, \$43.55; harness fittings, \$3.50	61 42 ails, 35 17	
Veterinary services	133 13	
24 yds. webbing, \$3.50 y \$74.50 \$11.09; 63 gals.	coal 34 67	
Sundry hardware, \$170 oil, \$23.58 3,350 carriage bolts, \$44.83; 1 doz. s spokes, \$36.00 65 ft. of ½-in. chain, \$6.50; 45 lbs.	00 00	
Fire upsetter 61. pails	\$4.20. 10 45	
Lamps, \$5.25, kersel of 69 lbs. leather, \$24.15; 2½ belt dr	essing, 31 65	
10 gals. boiled oil, \$1.00, s. 81.80	\$4.00	
Sundry material, \$19.02; repairs, strained scavenging: material, \$81.36 \$382.17	63,926 93	
Less am't paid by Parks Dept. for	1 2 20	71,664 91
STREET WATERING.		
70 lbs. brass	$\begin{array}{c c} & 10 & 50 \\ \hline & 23 & 80 \\ \hline \end{array}$	252,260 4
Carried forward		

	\$	c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Brought forward	23	80		252,260 47
1,233 lbs. axle grease, \$61.65; 48 curry	76	05		
combs, \$14.40	3,203			
Power and light at City Stables	193			
318 lbs. nails, \$29.86; 10,159 ft. lumber, \$220.30	250	16		
Rent of 'phone, \$25; inspecting scales,				
\$2.67		67	6	
\$7.73	206	15		
\$7.73	110	29		
\$100.14	284			
1 doz. horse blankets, \$20; veterinary	1.47	50		
services, \$127.50	147	1)()		
\$43.20	57	65		
nails, \$34.65	89	76		
33 gallons boiled oil, \$22.93; Japan, turps,				
etc., \$27.90		83		
hardware, \$9.75	36	35		
200 lbs. vermillion, \$40; white lead, \$3.75; coal oil, \$1.40	45	15		
5 doz. expansion rings, \$9; 16 platform				
springs, $$94.38$ 531 $\frac{3}{4}$ lbs. leather, $$181.63$; 1 spramotor,	103	38		
\$6	187	63		
27 ferule couplings, \$40.50; repairs, \$12.75		25		
30 lbs. curled hair, \$10.50; sheep skins, \$3.05		55		
Repairs western stables, \$15; plumbing,	10	50		
\$3.50	1	50		
bolts, \$28.12	33	24		
32 lbs. paint, \$6.20; 3 bbls. white lime, \$3.50	9	70		
Labor and material repairing meter	19	75		
1 $2\frac{1}{2}$ -in. patent expander		$\begin{array}{c} 00 \\ 65 \end{array}$		
Street sprinkling, Toronto Railway Co	3,736	28		•
Laber	14,232	63		23,240 49
STONE AND WOOD CROSSINGS.				25,240 45
32,500 ft. lumber, \$417.68; 285 lbs. nails,				
\$9.53	427			
10 yds. sand, \$8.54; 58 yds. gravel, \$46.26 3 tons coal, \$15.51; sundry material, \$2.82	1	80 33		
5 bbls. cement, \$13.69; 2.37 toise ma				
cadam, \$23.67	37	36		
Curried forward	537	70		275,500 96

	\$	е.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Brought forward	537	70		275,500 96
3½ cords cedar blocks, \$17.55; 120 scoria blocks, \$6.60	24	15		
\$25.61	21	59 00 80 20		
STONE AND WOOD CURBS.				1,805 44
7,145 ft. lumber, \$103.71; 170 lbs. nails, \$4.19		90		
6 sheets galvanized iron, \$4.50; 50 ft. belting, \$11.50	12 12 8	6 00 29 2 00 3 38 6 03		
Less amount paid Treasurer		8 83 8 54		540 29
PRIVATE DRAINS.				
Repairs to pavements	l .	2 03 7 24		
pipe, \$4; 12-in. bend, \$1	169	1 00 34		
15,438 ft. of 6-in pipe, \$1,523.40; 48 6-in. bends, \$22.35 5 saws, \$7.55; 4 wheelbarrows, \$9.50; 6	1,010	5 75		
pails, \$6	20	3 05 2 14		
\$8.49 1,800 bricks, \$13.95; 129½ gals. coal oil \$33.34	4'	7 29		
3 4-in. P. traps, \$2.10; 29 6-in. P. traps, \$49.50; 6 6-in. P. traps, \$9 stoppers, \$1.20	6	1 80		
10 lanterns, \$8.10; red globes, \$3.74; oi cans, \$3.50		5 34 8 24 5 00	1	
Car tickets		5 00 0 48 1 00 8 38	5	
Amount of refunds	1	8 59		
bourne St Carried forward				277,846 6

	\$	c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Brought forward \dots	3,089	61		277,846 69
Sundry private drains	148 10,569		•	•
Less am't paid Treasurer for private drains	13,807 13,328			479 20
SPECIAL WORKS.				278,325 89
Ashbridge's Bay Ditch.				
2 pairs rubber boots		• • •	8 56	
Cribbing Block "D."				
Boat hire	13 10,897 369			
Dowling Avenue Sewer.			11,279 25	
20 bbls. cement, \$47.95; 26 yds. gravel, \$24.14	68	09 25 72 46 90		
Less amount paid Treasurer for pipes and junctures		42		
Don Improvement Roadway.			396 13	
Trees		00		
Dredging Slips.			241 12	
1 taffrail log, \$12; boat hire, \$2.50; sundries, \$1.50	16 658 7,710		8,385 20	
11,366 ft. lumber, \$189.14; 700 lbs. nails, \$27	216	14		
Carried forward	216	14	20,310 86	278,325 89

S c. S c. S c.
40 yds. sand, \$28; 4 yds. gravel, \$2.96 3 cords cedar blocks, \$19.13; 5 bbls. cement, \$10.15
3 cords cedar blocks, \$19.13; 5 bbls. cement, \$10.15
2 pairs rubber boots, \$27.90; 200 ft. hose, \$216
\$216.
Howland Avenue Sewer. 24,290 bricks, \$182.39; 50\frac{3}{2} bbls. cement, \$108.98
\$108.98
LEVEL CROSSINGS. 22,252 36 Canadian Pacific Railway. 448 95 Bathurst Street. 290 28 Dufferin Street. 291 32
Avenue Road 448 95 Bathurst Street 290 28 Dufferin Street 291 32
Bathurst Street 290 28 Dufferin Street 291 32
1. (10)(1. (10))
Grand Trunk Railway.
Pape Avenue 384 66 Jones Avenue 385 25 Logan Avenue 390 70 Bloor Street 287 07 Queen Street 96 96 — 1,544 64
Dunn and Dowling Avenues
LEVER BROS.' AGREEMENT. 4,496 79
Roadway to Cattle Buyers.
17 bbls. cement, \$50.32; 12½ toise macadam, 153.12
3,032 cedar posts, \$348.68; 992 ft. lumber, \$14.78

	\$ · c	. \$ с.	\$ c.
Brought forward	566 9	$0 \dots $	305,075 04
3,397 ft. pipe, \$57.38; junctions, \$2.25 112 yds. gravel, \$89.60; freight, \$36 4 saws, \$7.10; nails, 17c.; 75 ft. white	125 6		
oak, \$4.02 Examining stone, \$6; plough share and	11 2	9	
repairs, \$8.96Labor	14 9	1	
Eastern Avenue Roadway, Don to G. T. R.		1,284 39	"
9,875 bricks, \$75.72; 859 yds. stone,			
508.76			
\$83.99 120.63 toise macadam, \$1,558.02; 170 yds. gravel, \$136			
10 yds. sand, \$7.42; 4 bbls. cement, \$10.36 2,705 ft. lumber, \$40.14; 100 lbs. nails,	17 7		
\$3.45 6 rolls tarred paper, \$5.40; oils and grease,	43 5		
\$6.96		0	
Rent of engine, \$35.72; share of shaft,	472 3		
\$25.20	60 9: 202 8:	0	
Labor	2,114 4	$\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ - \end{bmatrix}$ 5,592 96	
Eastern Avenue Sidewalk, Don to G. T. R.			
150 yds. gravel	120 00	0	
\$15.53	358 3: 281 09	2	
E. S. Don Roadway, Queen to Eastern.		-\ 759 33	
4 yds. sand, \$3.16; 936 yds. stone, \$204.33	207 49		
240 yds. gravel, \$192.00; 81\frac{1}{4} toise macadam, \$1,063.51	1,255 51		
1,500 ft. weeping tile, \$41.25; oils, \$5.06; spikes, \$3.60	49 91		
\$15.53	393 40		
Freight on stone	35 75 813 19		
Rent of engine, \$24.28; share of shaft, \$25.20	49 48		
Carried forward	2,804 73	7,636 68	305,075 04

					_
	\$	c.	\$ c.	\$	c.
Brought forward	2,804	73	7,636 68	305,075	04
Use of roller	130 2,127		5,062 94		
Moving Elliott and Neelon Plant.				12,699	62
421 ft. of white oak	484	34 01		486	35
Moving Sheds, Western Yard.					
Labor			,	154	17
Piling at Don River, Queen Street.					
Contract	1,433 43			1,477	20
Piling Keating's Channel.				1,111	٠ سـ
Contract	633 81			714	85
Queen Street East Culvert.				111	OU
1,814 ft. lumber, \$31.93; 1,600 bricks, \$120 68 yds. sand, \$55.96; 2 bbls. cement,	151 68				
\$12.95		09			
\$4.09		58		320	51
Relaying Sidewalk s.s. King Street.				020	91
\(\frac{1}{4} \) toise macadam, \(\\$3.19 \); \(7 \) bbls. cement, \(\\$20.09 \)	$\begin{bmatrix} 23 \\ 2 \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}$	28 00 88		530	16
DDI AVING OMOND CLEME DOADWAYS					
RELAYING STONE-SETT ROADWAYS.			3		
46 lbs. steel, \$5.52; 4 yds. gravel, \$3.20; coal oil, 60c	50	32 00 37			
ROSEDALE RAVINE DRIVE.				1,014	F 68
110 ft. fence		00			
				481	1 08
Carried forward				322,953	3 67

	\$	С	\$	c.	\$	C
Brought forward					322,953	6
RENTALS.						
Vestern yard	300 715				1,015	0
RECONSTRUCTION OF TRACK ALLOWANCE.						
Queen Street, Yonge to Bathurst.						
ontract) . • • • • •		119	70		
King Street, Simcoe to Sherbourne.						
Asphalt repairs	650	67				
Less amount of concrete returned	1,873 499		1,374	08		
King Street, Simcoe to Bathurst.						
Contract			43	59		
Yonge Street, Grenville to Bloor.						
Contract	806 242		564	0.1		
Queen Street, Bathurst to Niagara.			564	91		
Contract			689	75		
King Street, Simcoe to Spadina.						
Contract	• • • • • •		700	36		
Queen Street, Gwynne to Roncesvalles.						
5½ cords cedar blocks, \$29.70; 4 bbls. cement, \$10.36	$ \begin{array}{c c} 40 \\ 7,758 \\ 167 \end{array} $			01		
Spadina Avenue, Knox College to Bloor.			7,965	91		
Contract	4,852 141		4,994	43		
Carried forward			16,452	-	323,968	2 4

	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Brought forward		16,452 63	323,968 67
Queen Street, River to G. T. R.			
140 yds. gravel, \$138.80; 733 yds. sand \$209.09	347 89		
1,000 bricks, \$7.75; globes, lanterns, etc., \$7.41			
\$9Sharpening tools	46 80 5 70 1,893 17	4,021 53	
College Street, Yonge to McCaul. Contract Labor	8,077 49 125 50		
Less amount of material returned	8,202 99 187 50	8,015 49	
Parliament Street, Queen to Winchester. Labor	•	59 00	
Contract	••••	1,891 98	
24½ toise macadam, \$98.50; 214 bbls. cement, \$569.24	667 74 48 10 15 75 447 64	1.170.00	
Gerrard Street, Parliament to Broadview.		1,179 23	
Contract	5,200 00 218 00	5,418 00	
King Street, Dufferin to Roncesvalles.		5,410 00	
Contract Labor	8,815 85 157 00	8,972 85	
College Street, McCaul to Bathurst.		0,012 00	
Contract	-	760 12	000 040 41
Carried forward,		46,770 83	323,968 6

	\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.
Brought forward			46,770	83	323,968	67
Spadina Crescent.						
62,700 bricks, \$909.15; 62 bbls. cement, \$164.92 80 yds. sand, \$52; 4 yds. stone, \$6.60 Coal oil, globes, lanterns, etc Labor		$\frac{60}{95}$	1 700	E 4	٠	
York Street, King to Front.			1,523	94		
1 bbl. cement, \$2.87; 34 ft. of 9-in. pipe, \$5.10	$7,212 \\ 124$		F 944	0.9		
Broadview Avenue, Queen to Gerrard.			7,344	83		
Hauling bricks Contract Labor	22 4,803 148		4,973	0.2		
Queen Street, Yonge to River.			4,970	90		
Contract			910	88		
Carlton Street, Yonge to Parliament.						
Contract			620	88	00.144	00
SAND PUMP.					62,144	89
306 gals. oils, \$93.88; $7\frac{1}{2}$ gals. varnish, \$14.75	108	63				
globe valves, \$13.44	167	17				
gaskets, \$5.65		90 13				
$5\frac{1}{2}$ cords slabs, \$18.58; $161\frac{835}{2000}$ tons coal,						
\$496.29	514					
1 galvanized iron pump, \$6 7 brushes, \$7.10; files, \$4.50; sundry		51				
tools, \$9.36	20	96				
paint, \$64.05	82	80				
lings, \$5.35; valves, \$6.67	38	58				
\$4.53 Provisions Repairs	79 446 498	1				
Curried forward	2,029	23			386,113	56

	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Brought forward	2,029 23		386,113 56
Towing, \$15.50; ferry tickets, \$5 60 ft. of 12-in. pipe, \$210; 2,271 lbs.	20 50		
castings, \$46.95	$256 95 \\ 12 00$		
4 mattresses	49 80		
\$12.50; packing, \$17.30	29 19		
terns, \$2.50	29 99		
\$25.24 1 side leather, \$4.69; 44 ft. belting,	86 31		
\$77.62; belt dressing, \$4.00 Linoleum, \$11.50; 362 ft. rope, \$20.00	31 50		
1 snatch block, \$7.75; sundry bardware, \$23.02	30 77		
12 brooms, \$4.80; cans, \$1.65; shovels, \$1.25; lanterns, 90c	8 60 18 34		
Turps, oil soap, and sundry material 44½ gals. black oil, \$5.56; galvanized iron.	8 81		
\$3.25	4 80		
\$2.25	9 45		
basin, 5.25 Labor	2,645 39		5,271 63
SEWAGE DISPOSAL.			0,212 00
187 ft. lumber, \$7.11; padlocks, 70c.;	8 65		
screws, 84c	2 36		
1 pair rubber boots, \$3.15; 6 screw clamps, \$2.40	5 55 10 50		
Boat hire Labor	613 24		640 30
STONE, HOUSE OF INDUSTRY.			
Labor	162 24		162 24
STREET RAILWAY MATTERS.			
500 time-tables, \$13; 3 doz. pass books, \$1.80	14 80		
Labor	1,110 52		1,115 32
SIDEWALK, KING STREET OPPOSITE STANLEY PARK.			
21 loads brick bats, \$26.25; 38 yds. gravel,	50 91		
\$30.06 42 bbls. cement	56 31 111 72		
Labor	94 23		262 26
Carried forward			393,565 31

	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Brought forward			393,565 31
STREET NUMBERING.			
435 street numbers, \$26.10; 1 pair snips, \$1 7 sheets galvanized iron, \$6.27; shingles, \$4.25 10 lbs. drop black, \$1.80; 10 lbs. white lead, 80c Labor	27 10 10 52 2 60 92 32		
Cost of roller Unloading and setting up Customs entry and brokerage Difference in exchange	2,067 09 50 00 424 28 8 66	5	
TRACK REPAIRS.		2,550 00	
258 yds. sand, \$245.75; 50 yds. gravel, \$40 437 bbs. cement, \$1,216.37; 10¼ toise macadam, \$112.63 63,675 scoria blocks Repairing tracks 716 ft. lumber, \$10.69; 83 cords cedar blocks, \$94.50 Coal oil, globes, etc Blacksmithing Labor	285 78 1,329 00 3,034 63 3,506 09 105 19 13 68 13 88 2,878 29	77	
Cr.	11,166 49	-	
800 lbs. pitch returned to stores	18 00		
WEED CUTTING.		11,148 49	
3 scythes, \$3; 2 snaiths, \$2.70	5 70 508 00		
STATION STREET ASPHALT.			14,344 73
C_{i} .			407,910 04
Amount paid by G. T. Ry. System, as share of cost of pavement			5,000 00
RAILWAY PAVMENTS.			402,910 04
Avenue Road, Bloor to Davenport Ossington Avenue, Dundas to College Rosedale Loop Line Station Street, York to Simcoe	$\begin{array}{c} 1,517 & 45 \\ 1,153 & 05 \\ 5 & 66 \\ 404 & 55 \end{array}$		
		-	3,080 71
Carried forward			405,990 75

	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Brought forward			405,990 75
BRIDGES, GRADINGS, EXTENSIONS, ETC.			
Eastern Avenue Bridge.			
,700 bricks, \$20.25; 2 bbls. cement, \$5.18	25 43		
954 ft. of 2-in. plank, \$287.94; 560 lbs. nails, \$12.68	300 62		
41 lbs. sheet lead, \$25.86; 44 drift bolts, \$11.60	37 40		
04 lbs. castings, \$4.68; 50 coach screws, \$10	14 68	3	
,368 ft. of 4 x 4 scantling, \$33.95; 51 ft. of 1-in. plank, 72c.	34 67		
Patterns, \$53.88; 17 piles, \$76; jute, \$1.05	$\frac{130}{6} \frac{93}{28}$		
cast iron flange, \$4.46; 18 12-m. pipes, \$246.60	251 00	6	
12-in. sleeves, \$12.88; 380 lbs. pig lead, \$13.68	26 5	6	
.38 toise macadam, \$25.58; 6½ yds. sand,	31 1	7	
4 special tag screws, \$2.80; 100 bolts, \$8.96	11 7	_	
2-in. S. pipe, \$7.31; sundry tools, \$7.12. Fowing lumber, \$3; sundry hardware,	14 4		
\$7.11	10 1 15 0	0	
Lumber and carpenter's time	98 6 $204 0$	00	130
Inspection, \$3,563.81; labor, \$343.63	3,907 4	$\begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ - \end{bmatrix}$ 5,120 1	19
Humber Bridge.			
3,647 ft. lumber, \$119.55; 130 lbs. nails, \$3.03	122 5	58	
Stone, \$3.40; cement, 66c.; 11 toise	111 3	31	
8½ cords cedar posts, \$42.50; piles and driving, \$153	195 8	50	
Repairs to tools, \$2.75; patters, \$3.37; tools, \$1.10	7 2	22	
Surveying approaches	10 (29 5		
Purchase of land from Mr. Nurse	$\frac{200}{17}$		
Inspection of material	3,066	87	
Contract	1,179		37
Queen Street Bridge, over Don.		-,	
28,727 ft. lumber, \$474.52; 1,450 lbs. nails, \$44.17	518	99	
Carried forward	518	$ \overline{99} \overline{10,078}$	56 405,990

	\$	c.	\$	e. \$ c.
Brought forward	518	99	10,078 5	405,990 77
8 bronze name plates, \$12; 4 ship augers, \$5	of his	00		
6 gross bolts, \$10.35; 18 shovels, \$18;				
spikes, 43c	262			
G. T. R. labor and material		57 16		
Lighting bridge	64	00	1	
arac, \$269.16	349			
Inspecting water mains Filling in abutments	100	$\begin{array}{c} 00 \\ 50 \end{array}$		
1\frac{1}{3} cords cedar posts, \$6.63; 108 cords cedar blocks, \$585.11	591	74		
Patterns, \$3.37; use of roller, \$13.20 1 set street gates	16 579	57		
Use of pile-driver, etc	487	55		
Travelling expenses re stone	$\frac{20}{120}$	$\begin{array}{c} 00 \\ 35 \end{array}$		
Cost of repairing tracks, C. P. R	$\begin{array}{c c} 620 \\ 275 \end{array}$			
Power, fuse, etc., \$32.20; 80 gallons carbolineum, \$40	72	20		
Plumbing, \$17.18; sundry hardware, \$16.38		56		
80 special log screws, \$16; 1,200 bricks, \$9.30		30		
4 pieces sheet lead, \$9.06; 2 rolls asphalt roofing, \$5.50		56		
3,500 scoria blocks, \$195.42; 1,247 ft. curbing, \$21.57	216	99		
Advertising, \$31; sundry hardware, 29.60 49 ft. pipe and sleeves, \$313.75; 6 sheets		60		
galvanized iron, \$7.20	$\frac{320}{374}$			
Water works, labor and material	5	40		
Inspection	213 $22,038$	80		
" Steel pipe	1,300 $15,340$			
" Deck, W. S. Asphalt Co	3,159		47,384 9	3
Noble Street Extension.	•		1,,001	
Labor Land damages and Solicitors' charges	60 4,004			
3			4,064 0	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 61,527 & 49 \end{bmatrix}$
LOCAL IMPROVEMENT—SEWERS.				10
Bain Avenue, Pape to Carlaw.				
Contract	680 53			
		-	733 28	3
Carried forward		1	733 28	8 467,518 24

	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Brought forward		733 28	467,518 24
Custom House Lane.			
Contract	471 60		
Columbus Avenue, Sorauren to end.			
486 ft. pipe, \$106.30; 39 junctions, \$29.25. 4 culvert traps, \$20; 15 bbls. cement, \$40.80	60 80 37 00 14 90 54 70 4 84 34 80		
Labor	284 55		
Less amount paid for private drains	627 14 42 43		
Dupont Street, Bathurst to Howland.			·
20,589 ft. lumber, \$127.70; 80,000 bricks, \$600. 121 bbls. cement, \$326.34; 66 yds. sand, \$42.90. Slants, \$10.50; bends, \$4. 154 ft. of 9-in. pipe, \$24.60; sundry tools, \$2.75. 6 culvert traps, \$30; 2 tops, \$6.10. 1 manhole top, \$8.25; 27 manhole steps,	727 70 369 24 14 50 27 35 36 10		
\$4.32; stoppers, \$1.80 7 pails, \$10.50; coal, oil, globes, etc., \$5.80 Sharpening tools Labor	14 37 16 30 2 62 1,165 75		
Less amount paid for private drains	2,373 93 19 80		
Dupont Street, Huron to Howland.	8	2,354 13	
Final payment, contract		497 00	
Davenport Road, Dupont to 1,782 ft. east of Bedford.			
Contract	1,188 70 109 89	1,298 59	
Carried forward		5,982 60	
Our read for rounter		0,002 00	407,010 24

	\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.
Brought forward			5,982	60	467,518	24
Fisher Street, Dufferin to Sheridan.						
Final payment, contract			76	28		
Hickory Street, St. Patrick to Lane.						
2 yds. sand	$\frac{1}{7}$	- 1	0	00		
Golden Avenue, Dundas to 440 ft. North.			8	90		
Contract	• • • • • • .		107	20		
Noble Street, Queen to 240 ft. North.						
Contract Inspection Labor	$ \begin{array}{c} 380 \\ 53 \\ 29 \end{array} $	28				
Queen Street, Knox to 500 ft. East.		-	463	53		
Final payment, contract	• • • • • • • •		100	95		
$Spadina\ Road, Dupont\ to\ North\ City\ Limits.$						
200 bricks, \$1.90; 1,343 ft. lumber, \$23.04 6 yds. sand	$\frac{24}{4}$					
Van Horne Street, Dufferin to Dovercourt.		-	29	14		
Final payment, contract			402	89	7,171	4
LOCAL IMPROVEMENT PAVEMENTS—ASPHALT.						
Admiral Road, Lowther to Bernard.						
2 yds. sand	1,217		1,219	10		
Avenue Road, Bloor to Davenport.			1,410	10		
Final payment, contract	• • • • • • •		2,124	60		
Bernard Avenue, St. George to Bedford.						
4,075 bricks, \$30.51; 10 bbls. cement, \$25.90	56					
\$1.50	5 101 33 10	20 00				
Carried forward	206	97	3,343	78	474,689	7

	\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.
Brought forward	206	97	3,343	78	474,689	73
Contract	4,109		4,557	97		
Bloor Street, Avenue Road to Walmer.			4,007	01		
8½ yds. sand, \$6.41; 4 bbls. cement, \$7.77; 1,300 bricks, \$9.75; 44 ft. pipe, \$6.40; bends, \$2.50	$ \begin{array}{c c} 18 \\ 21 \\ 18,567 \\ 206 \end{array} $		18,839	92		
Brunswick Avenue, Ulster to Sussex.			,			
3,600 bricks, \$27; 10 bbls. cement, \$25.90 9 culvert traps, \$96.20; 4 sewer traps, \$20; bends, \$1 5 yds. sand, \$3.25; coal oil, 23c.; 56 ft. pipe, \$8.40	117	8S 61	0.000			
Brunswick Avenue, Bloor to Wells.			8,280	54		
1,460 ft. lumber, \$22.24; 100 lbs. nails, \$3.45	25 92 263	38 80	10.00	4.7		
Boswell Are., Avenue Road to Bedford.			12,897	41		
9 bbls. cement, \$26.64; 4 yds. sand, \$2.60 1,000 bricks, \$8.25; 7,620 lbs. castings, \$112.40	120	38				
Inspection, \$51; labor \$199.66	250	66	3,762	38		
Cowan Avenue, King to Queen. Amount paid Constructing and Paving Co.	• • • • • •	• •	175			
Church Street, King to Queen.						
5,130 lbs. castings, \$102.60; 1 sewer trap, \$5	107	60				
Carried forward	107	60	51,857	00	474,689	73

	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Brought forward	107 60	51,857 00	474,689 73
3,000 bricks, \$22.50; 58 ft. pipe, \$8.70 8 yds. sand, \$6.32; 16 bbls. cement, \$39.44. Water Works charges Contract Inspection, \$145; labor, \$151.29	31 20 45 76 113 36 9,832 53 296 29	10 100 71	
Classic Avenue, Spadina to Huron.		10,426 74	
Final payment, contract		68 00	
Cowan Avenue, King to Huxley.			
2,540 bricks, \$21.37; 9½ bbls. cement, \$25.20. 6,920 lbs. castings, \$138.40; 9-in. bends, \$2; pipe, \$6. 1,664 ft. lumber, \$25.73; nails, \$1.75; sand, \$2.13. 5 gals. coal oil, \$1.15; 8 manhole steps, \$1.28. Contract. Inspection, \$79; labor, \$174.69. Dowling Avenue, Queen to G. T. R. 7,610 bricks, \$62.80; 17½ bbls. cement, \$50.23. 9 old gullies, \$27; 2 culvert traps, \$10	146 40 29 61 2 43 8,495 58 253 69 113 03 37 00 20 49 109 92 7 62 12 73 11,210 86	8,974 28	
Inspection, \$138; labor, \$269.61	407 61 90 46	12,009 72	
Front Street, Jarvis to George.		12,000 [2]	
Contract Inspection Labor Glen Road, Howard to the Bridge.	3,995 48 39 00 19 72		
6 bbls. cement, \$16.26; 1,000 bricks, \$7.75 12 9-in. bends, \$12; 12 ft. of 9-in. pipe, \$1.80 8 manhole steps, \$1.28; 3,380 lbs. castings, \$67.60	24 01 13 80		
Carried forward	106 69	87,389 94	474,689 73

Dunnal & Comment	\$ 0	"	" "
Brought forward	. 106 69	9 87,389 94	474,689 73
160 ft. cedar curb, \$2.16; 2 yds. sand \$1.58 Contract Inspection, \$54.50; labor, \$99.60	$\begin{array}{c c} 3 & 76 \\ 2.363 & 00 \end{array}$	3	
Howland Avenue, Bloor to Barton.		2,627 59	
7,960 lbs. castings, \$158; 11 9-in. bends \$11; 42 ft. 9-in. pipe, \$6.30 3,300 bricks, \$25.08; 13 bbls. cement \$34.41 1,028 yds. sod 500 ft. lumber, \$7.78; nails, \$3.45. 3 gals. coal oil, 69c.; 3 red globes, 66c.; 2 lanterns, 70c Contract Inspection, \$97; labor, \$266.32	175 30 59 49 41 12 11 23 2 03 6.820 38		
Huron Street, Lowther to Bernard.		1,412 09	
3,072 bricks, \$25.37; 10½ bbls. cement, \$31.08 3,760 lbs. castings, \$75.20; 4 manhole tops, \$43.20. 48 ft. of 9-in. pipe, \$7.20; bends and junctions, \$1.75 2 gals. coal oil, 46c.; 2½ yds. sand, \$1.48; red globes, 44c. Contract Sodding Inspection, \$82; labor, \$155.39. King Street, Simcoe to Spadina.	56 45		
1,539 ft. lumber, \$22.97; 50 lbs. nails, \$1.73 3 bbls. cement, \$8.14; 3 yds. sand, \$1.99. 2,165 bricks, \$16.28; 2 round valve chamber tops, \$20; centres, 16c	24 70 10 13 36 44 128 48 28 54 20,323 18 471 32	21,022 79	
King Street, Spadina to Bathurst.			
7,440 bricks, \$61.16; 21½ bbls. cement, \$62.67. 11½ yds. sand, \$7.48; coal oil, wick, etc., \$2.05. 7,990 lbs. castings, \$159.80; 106 ft. of 9-in. pipe, \$15.90.	123 83 9 53 175 70		
Carried forward	309 06	127,177 49	474,689 73

\$52.87								_
Junctions, bends, etc., \$3.95; 1 round valve chamber top, \$10		\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	(э.
Valve chamber top, \$10.	Brought forward	309	06	127,177	49	474.68	9 7	3
Lane South of Front, Scott to East End. 122 sq. yds. of pavement at \$2.06	valve chamber top, \$10	$ \begin{array}{ c c c } & 13 \\ & 10 \\ & 9 \\ & 17,644 \end{array} $	00 80 39	18 553	14			
Leader Lane, King to Colborne. 146 85 Final payment, contract 146 85 Lippincott Street, Ulster to Bloor. 267 47 10,750 lbs. castings, \$214.60; 6,450 bricks, \$52.87 267 47 19 bbls. cement, \$49.21; 13½ yds. sand \$8.69 57 90 2 round valve chamber tops, \$20; centres, 32c; nails, \$3.45 23 77 13 9-in. bends, \$13; 92 ft. of 9-in pipe, \$13.80 26 80 3 culvert traps, \$15; coal oil, etc., \$2 17 00 Water Works charges 26 72 Contract 12,028 89 Inspection, \$140; labor, \$261.45 401 45 Lowther Avenue, St. George to 153 ft. east of Bedford. 12,850 00 7 bbls. cement, \$18.13; 4 yds. sand, \$3.16, 5,600 lbs. castings, \$112; 1 culvert trap, \$5; 9-in. pipe, \$6.90 123 90 2,500 bricks 18 75 Contract 18 75 Contract 218 54 Lowther Avenue, Spadina to Walmer. 1,540 ft. lumber, \$23.43; 100 lbs. nails, \$3.45 26 88 400 bricks, \$3.30; 1 bbl. cement, \$2.96, 1,110 lbs. castings, \$33; 24 ft. of 9-in. 6 26	Lane South of Front, Scott to East End.		1	10,000				
Final payment, contract Lippincott Street, Ulster to Bloor. 10,750 lbs. castings, \$214.60; 6,450 bricks, \$52.87	$122~\mathrm{sq.}$ yds. of pavement at $\$2.06$			251	32			
Lippincott Street, Ulster to Bloor. 10,750 lbs. castings, \$214.60; 6,450 bricks, \$52.87	Leader Lane, King to Colborne.							
10,750 lbs. castings, \$214.60 ; 6,450 bricks, \$52.87	Final payment, contract			146	85			
\$52.87	Lippincott Street, Ulster to Bloor.							
Inspection, \$89; labor, \$129.54	2 round valve chamber tops, \$20; centres, 32c.; nails, \$3.45	267 57 23 26 17 26 12,028 401 21 123 18	90 77 80 00 72 89 45 29 90 75	12,850	00			
1,540 ft. lumber, \$23.43; 100 lbs. nails, \$3.45	Inspection, \$89; labor, \$129.54	218	54	5,538	28			
\$3.45	Lowther Avenue, Spadina to Walmer.							
Sand, 49c.; coal oil, 23c	400 bricks, \$3.30; 1 bbl. cement, \$2.96 1,110 lbs. castings, \$33; 24 ft. of 9-in. pipe, \$3,60	$ \begin{array}{c c} 26 \\ 6 \\ 36 \\ 1,725 \end{array} $	26 60 72 80	1,923	65			
Carried forward	Carried forward					474.68	9 7	3

	\$	e. \$	c.	\$ c.
Brought forward	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	. 166,440	73	474,689 73
Lane, east of Bay, Wellington to Melinda.				
Final payment, contract		. 52	70	
Lane, east of Lane, east of Bay.) [
Final payment, contract		. 22	80	
Linden Street, Sherbourne to Huntley.				
Final payment, contract		. 750	00	
Lane, east of Leader Lane.				
Final payment, contract		31	70	
Manning Avenue, Harbord to Bloor.				
2,650 bricks, \$21.86; 8 bbls. cement, \$22.96	44 8	2		
3,990 lbs. castings, \$79.80; 5 9-in. bends,	86 8	30		
\$5; junctions, \$2	19 5			
4 yds. sand, \$2.60; red globes and wick, 24c	2 8			
Contract Inspection, \$85.50; labor, \$171.93	7,781 7	3	4.0	
Markham Street, College to 759 ft. South.		8,193	12	
4,150 ft. lumber, \$8.41; 100 lbs. nails,				
\$3.45				
\$18.871 round valve chamber top, $$10$; 9,980 lbs.	42 7	9		
castings, \$59.60	69 6			
Water Works charges	$\begin{bmatrix} 18 & 5 \\ 5,212 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$	1		
Inspection, \$66; labor, \$126.65	192 6		17	
Monson Stuart John to Daten		- 5,552	1.4	
Mercer Street, John to Peter.				
$4,530$ bricks, \$36.18; $10\frac{1}{2}$ bbls. cement, \$31.10	67 2	8		
5½ yds. sand, \$5.56; 2 round valve chamber tops, \$20	25 5	6		
ber tops, \$20	75 8	0		
\$65.80	40 2			
Carried forward	208 8	4 181,043	22	474,689 73
	•	. ,	- '	

	\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.
Brought forward	208	84	181,043	22	474,689	73
28 ft. of 12-in. pipe, \$7; 1 manhole frame, \$4.20 Coal oil, etc	11. 1 30 4,198					
Madison Avenue, Bloor to Dupont.			4,682	96		
Final payment, contract			490	33		
Manning Avenue, College to Ulster.						
5,805 bricks, \$46.52; 13 bbls. cement, \$37.56 6\frac{2}{4}\$ yds. sand, \$4.42; 2 round valve chamber taps, \$20. 4,560 lbs. castings, \$91.20; 66 ft. of 9-in. pipe, \$9.90. 5 9-in. bends, \$6; junctions, etc., \$2.09. 3 manhole tops. 1,400 ft. lumber, \$21.01; 100 lbs. nails, \$3.45 Water Works charges Contract Inspection, \$79; labor, \$171.26 Prince Arthur Avenue, St. George to 200 feet East of Bedford. 4,480 lbs. castings, \$89.60; 2 6-in. S pipes,	84 24 101 8 33 24	09 00 46 60 70	7,654	71		
\$5.20 1,000 bricks, \$7.50; 6 bbls. cement, \$15.54 4 yds. sand, \$2.60; 367 yds. sod, \$14.68. 36 ft. of 9-in. pipe, \$5.40; 1 6-in. sleeve, \$1.38; pig lead, \$3.61 Water Works charges Inspection, \$66.50; labor, \$126.40	94 23 17 10 43 192	39 35	5,680	63		
Palmerston Avenue, Arthur to College. 6,030 bricks, \$49.06; 3 round valve chamber tops, \$30.48. 13\frac{1}{3}\$ bbls. cement, \$37.72; 7\frac{1}{4}\$ yds. sand, \$4.93. 2,500 ft. lumber, \$37.45; 100 lbs. nails, \$3.45. 11,630 lbs. castings, \$232.60; 58 ft. of 9-in. pipe, \$8.70. 4 9-in. bends, \$4; 3 culvert traps, \$15 Coal oil, 69c.; globes, 22c.; 4 c. c. pipes and bends, \$1.76. Water Works charges	79 42 40 241 19 2 45	65 90 30 00 67				
Carried forward	471	90	199,551 8	35	474,689	73

	\$	c.	\$	с.	\$ c
Brought forward	471	90	199,551	85	474,689 7
Contract	4,800 343		5 015	4.5	
Queen Street, Bathurst to Niagara.			5,615	40	
Final payment, contract			121.	97	
Queen Street, River to G. T. R. Tracks.					
yds. sand			1	58	
Spadina Crescent.					
5,930 lbs. castings, \$118.60; 86 ft. 9-in. pipe, \$12.90	52	31 47			
00 ft. lumber, \$6.13; 50 lbs. nails, \$1.73 Vater Works charges			11,064	49	
Spadina Avenue, Knox College to Bloor.			11,004	4.0	
Final payment, contract			836	02	
Spruce Street, Parliament to Sumach.					
Final payment, contract			46	80	
Spadina Road, Bloor to Bernard.					
5,000 bricks, \$37.50; 100 ft. lumber, \$1.20 20 bbls. cement, \$56.98; 14 yds. sand, \$9.10		70 08			
tops, \$77	$\begin{bmatrix} 236 \\ 13 \\ 14 \\ 156 \\ 4 \\ 12,516 \\ 685 \end{bmatrix}$	40 90 12 12 80			
Sussex Avenue, Spadina to Borden.		_	13,732	10	
5,850 lbs. castings, \$77; 2 long valve chamber tops, \$13; centres, 16c 50 ft. lumber, \$10.81; 100 lbs. nails,	90				
\$2.08; coal oil, \$1	13				
\$41.44	47	1		_	
Carried forward	151	64	230,970	26	474,689 73

	\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.
Brought forward	1.51	64	230,970	26	474,689	73
3,860 bricks, \$28.95; 64 ft. of 9-in. pipe, \$9.60	38	55				
\$55.88. Water Works charges Contract	7,507	57 14				
Inspection, \$111.50; labor, \$318.27 Sherbourne Street, Bridge to South Drive.	429		8,312	55		
Final payment, contract			550	47		
St. Patrick Street, Beverley to McCaul.						
Final payment, contract			643	20		
Victoria Street, Adelaide to Queen.						
Final payment, contract	 		1,258	95	241,735	43
BRICK PAVEMENTS.					211,100	10
Atkins Avenue, Brock to East End.						
36,600 bricks, \$520.70; 14½ bbls. cement, \$39.32. 49 yds. sand, \$18.85; 62 yds. gravel, \$66.98. 1 ₇ 6/2 cd. cedar posts, \$7.50; 100 lbs. spikes, \$3.60 15 ft. 9-in. pipe, \$1.50; 1 Tomlinson trap, \$5; coal oil, \$1.15 Labor Amelia Street, Parliament to Sumach.	11 7	02 83 10 65 45	861	05		
Final payment, contract			1,095	42		
Bellevue Place, Bellevue to Carlyle.			,			
263 ft lumber, \$6.74; 100 bbls. cement, \$255	261	74 2 17 3 00		8 91		
Buchanan Street, Yonge to Teraulay.						
Lumber, \$76.39; 1,500 bricks, \$803.66 163 yds. stone, \$262.30; 200 bbls. cement, \$421.12		05 3 42				
180 yds. sand, \$142.20; 10 bbls. pitch, \$22.39	164	4 5 9				
Carried forward	1,728	8 06	2,223	38	716,425	5 16

	\$	c.	\$ c.	\$	c.
Brought forward	1,728	06	2,223 38	716,425	16
2 pails, \$3; coal oil, 69c	3 733	$\begin{array}{c} 69 \\ 54 \end{array}$	2,465 29		
Borden Street, College to Ulster.			2,100 20		
Final payment, contract		• ,	153 00		
Brookfield Street Queen to Humbert.					
Final payment, contract			142 80		
Crawford Street, Arthur to North End.					
Final payment, contract			187 00		
Concord Avenue, Bloor to 180 ft. South of Hepbourne.					
Final payment, contract			238 00		
Comeron Place, Cameron to Vanauley.					
4 asphalt brooms		16 97	4 13		
Fuller Street, Queen to Pearson.					
1,995 ft. lumber, \$28.85; 200 lbs. nails, \$4.16 4,525 bricks, \$33.88; 13 bbls. cement, \$33.67 6½ yds. sand, \$4.33; coal oil and globes, 68c 2 manhole tops, \$15.90; 74 ft. of 9-in. pipe, \$11.48 5 9-in. bends, \$3.75; 5 culvert traps, \$25. Contract Inspection \$97; labor, \$187.95	33 67 5 27	55 01 38 75 67			
Front Street, York to Simcoe.					
4,900 bricks, \$36.75; 10 bbls. cement, \$25.90 5,620lbs. castings, \$112.40; 1 sewer trap, \$5 84 ft. of 9-in. pipe, \$12.60; 7 yds. sand, \$5.41 Water Works charges Contract Inspection, \$138; labor, \$143.20.	62 117 18 12 5,852	01 13 59			

A						_
	\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.
Brought forward			15,810	90	716,425	16
Grove Avenue, Foxley to Dundas.						
4 asphalt brooms, \$2.17; 4 yds. sand, \$2.80		97 42	10	200		
Lane South of Front, Yonge to Scott.			10	39		
1,000 bbls. paving pitch, \$14.50; 99 bbls. cement, \$248.73 80 yds. stone, \$132; 100 yds. gravel, \$84.80 37,000 bricks, \$536.50; coal oil, 23c.; pipe, 40c Labor	263 216 537 351	80 13	1 260	24		
Lane South of King, John to Dorset.			1,368	54		
15,670 bricks, \$223.03; 59½ bbls. cement, \$147.50	370 85 6 109 1 446	20 90 90 42				
		-	1,020	57		
Lombard Street, Victoria to Church. 1,920 bricks, \$14.65; 1 culvert trap, \$5 3 bbls. cement, \$8.21; 3 yds. sand, \$2.25 22 9-in. bends, \$22; 9-in. pipe, \$3.30 Water Works charges Contract Inspection, \$97.50; labor, \$57.84	19 10 25 30 3,918 155	46 30 70 20	4,159	65		
Markham Street, Queen to Arthur.			,			
4,755 bricks, \$36.53; 2 culvert traps, \$10 15\(^3\) bbls. cement, \$41.67; 10\(^3\) yds. sand, \$6.82	46 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48	49 27 40 73 22 14				
			10,717			
Carried forward			33,087	64	716,425	16

	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Brought forward		33,087 64	716,425 16
Manning Avenue, Ulster to Harbord.			
1,050 bricks, \$8.66; 2 culvert traps, \$10.3 bbls. cement, \$8.88; 2 yds. sand, \$1.40.34 ft. of 9-in. pipe, \$5.10; 4 9-in. bends, \$4; coal oil, 46c. Contract Inspection, \$85.50; labor, \$110.71 Niagara Street, Bathurst to King.	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		
8,165 bricks, \$76.18; 5 round valve chamber tops, and centres, \$50.80	126 98 22 63 58 17 35 63		
\$5.70 3 9-in. bends, \$3; Water Works charges, \$117.08 Contract Inspection, \$208.50: labor, \$246.08 Pearl Street, York to Simcoe.	1 - 15 70		
Final payment, contract		51 00	
Robinson Street, Bathurst to Palmerston. 2,960 ft. lumber, \$42.86; 200 lbs. nails, \$4 16 2,500 bricks, \$1.85; 1 cord cedar blocks, \$2.70 2 bbls. cement, \$5.18; 1\frac{1}{4} yds. sand, 81c. 470 lbs. lead pipe, \$23.25; stop cock rods, \$3.52 1,140 yds. sod, \$45.60; 3 double iron boxes, \$4.80 1 culvert trap, \$5; pipe and bends, \$1.30. 16\frac{1}{2}-in. couplings. Contract. Inspection, \$99.50; labor, \$185.42 William Street, Queen to Caer Howell. 9,315 bricks, \$75.06; 23 bbls. cement, \$67.97 130 ft. of 9-in. pipe, \$19.50; 8 9-in. bends, \$4.50 7 Tomlinson traps, \$35; 2 round valve chamber tops, \$20.32	47 02 4 55 5 99 26 77 50 40 6 30 6 00 2,921 24 284 92 143 03 24 00 55 32	3,353 19	
Carried forward	222 35	50,994 79	716,425 16

\$ c.				
13 yds. sand \$8.49; 4,375 yds. sod, \$175. 2 6-in. valves, \$26; 2 6-in. sleeves, \$2.76. 83 lbs. pig lead, \$3.61; jute, 40e.; lanterus, \$1.05		\$ 0	\$ c.	\$ c.
2 6 in, valves, \$26 ; 2 6 in, sleeves, \$2.76. 83 lbs. pig lead, \$3.61 ; jute, 40c.; lanterns, \$1.05. 350 ft. lumber, \$6.86 ; 50 lbs. nails, \$1.73 4½ gals. coal oil, \$1.04; globes, 44c.; c. c. pipes, 35c. Contract. 10,364 44 Inspection, \$265 ; labor, \$586.69. Water Works charges West Lodge Avenue, Queen to 240 ft. North. 1,824 ft. lumber \$43.82 ; 150 lbs. nails, \$5.18 \$5.18 \$5.18 \$5.18 \$1.03 \$1,261 52 \$1.32 \$1.406 40 64,103 12 CEDAR BLOCK PAVEMENTS. Adelaide Street, Bay to York. Final payment, contract. 21,100 ft. lumber, \$32.09; nails, \$1.73 \$1.939 5 bricks, \$76.10; 2 culvert traps, \$10. 19½ yds. sand, \$12.73; 15 bbls. cement, \$13.66 \$1.9½ yds. sand, \$12.73; 15 bbls. cement, \$13.66 \$1.70 yline, \$13.87 \$1.70 y	Brought forward	222 3	5 50,994 79	716,425 16
4½ gals. coal oil, \$1.04; globes, 44c.; c. c. pipes, 35c. 1 83 Contract 10,364 44 Inspection, \$265; labor, \$586.69. 851 69 Water Works charges 35 72 West Lodge Avenue, Queen to 240 ft. North. 11,701 93 1,824 ft. lumber \$43.82; 150 lbs. nails, \$5.18 49 00 ½ bbl. cement, \$1.48; ¼ yd. sand, 16c. 1 64 125 bricks 1 03 Contract 1,261 52 Inspection, \$60.50; labor, \$32.71 93 21 CEDAR BLOCK PAVEMENTS. Adelaide Street, Bay to York. Final payment, contract 194 50 Arthur Street, Euclid to Dundas. 2,100 ft. lumber, \$32.09; nails, \$1.73. 33 82 9,395 bricks, \$76.10; 2 culvert traps, \$10. 86 10 19½ yds, sand, \$12.73; 15 bbls. cement, \$43.66 53 70 1 round valve chamber top, \$10; junctions, ctc., \$2.15 12 15 Water Works charges 4,860 00 Contract 4,860 00 Inspection, \$170.50; labor, \$433.63 21 3 Argyle Street, Dundas to Shaw. 22 13 1,250 ft. lumber, \$18.68; 100 lbs. nails, \$3.45 243 Contract	2 6-in. valves, \$26; 2 6-in. sleeves, \$2.76. 83 lbs. pig lead, \$3.61; jute, 40c.; lanterns, \$1.05	28 7 5 0	6	
West Lodge Avenue, Queen to 240 ft. North. 1,824 ft. lumber \$43.82; 150 lbs. nails, \$5.18 49 00 \$bbl. cement, \$1.48; \$\frac{1}{4}\$ yd. sand, 16c 1 64 \$125 bricks 1 03 Contract 1,261 52 Inspection, \$60.50; labor, \$32.71 3 21 CEDAR BLOCK PAVEMENTS. Adelaide Street, Bay to York. 49 00 Final payment, contract 194 50 Arthur Street, Buclid to Dundas. 194 50 2,100 ft. lumber, \$32.09; nails, \$1.73 33 82 9,395 bricks, \$76.10; 2 culvert traps, \$10 86 10 19\frac{1}{2}\$ yds. sand, \$12.73; 15 bbls. cement, \$43.66 56 39 258 ft. of 9-in. pipe, \$38.70; 15 9-in. bends, \$15 53 70 1 round valve chamber top, \$10; junctions, etc., \$2.15 53 70 1 round valve chamber top, \$10; junctions, etc., \$2.15 12 15 Water Works charges 4,860 Contract 4,860 1,250 ft. lumber, \$18.68; 100 lbs. nails, \$3.45 2 43 2 bbls. cement, \$5.92; 550 bricks, \$4.54 10 46 14 ft. of 9-in. pipe, \$2.10; sand, 33c 2 43 2 contract 900 00 1nspection, \$37; labor, \$82.16 119 16	4½ gals. coal oil, \$1.04; globes, 44c.; c. c. pipes, 35c	$\begin{array}{c c} 1 & 8 \\ 10,364 & 4 \\ 851 & 6 \end{array}$	3 4 9 2	
\$5.18	West Lodge Avenue, Queen to 240 ft. North.		- 11,701 93	
## CEDAR BLOCK PAVEMENTS. ## Adelaide Street, Bay to York. Final payment, contract	\$5.18 ½ bbl. cement, \$1.48; ½ yd. sand, 16c 125 bricks Contract	$\begin{array}{ c c c c } & 49 & 0 \\ & 1 & 6 \\ & 1 & 0 \\ & 1,261 & 5 \end{array}$	4 3 2 1	C4 102 10
Final payment, contract	CEDAR BLOCK PAVEMENTS.			64,105 12
### Arthur Street, Euclid to Dundas. 2,100 ft. lumber, \$32.09; nails, \$1.73	Adelaide Street, Bay to York.			
2,100 ft. lumber, \$32.09; nails, \$1.73 9,395 bricks, \$76.10; 2 culvert traps, \$10. 19½ yds. sand, \$12.73; 15 bbls. cement, \$43.66	Final payment, contract		. 194 50	
9,395 bricks, \$76.10; 2 culvert traps, \$10. 19½ yds. sand, \$12.73; 15 bbls. cement, \$43.66 258 ft. of 9-in. pipe, \$38.70; 15 9-in. bends, \$15. 1 round valve chamber top, \$10; junctions, etc., \$2.15 Water Works charges Contract Inspection, \$170.50; labor, \$433.63 Argyle Street, Dundas to Shaw. 1,250 ft. lumber, \$18.68; 100 lbs. nails, \$3.45 2 bbls. cement, \$5.92; 550 bricks, \$4.54 14 ft. of 9-in. pipe, \$2.10; sand, 33c Contract Inspection, \$37; labor, \$82.16 Seatty Avenue, King to Queen. Final payment, contract 178 71	Arthur Street, Euclid to Dundas.			
258 ft. of 9-in. pipe, \$38.70; 15 9-in. bends, \$15	9,395 bricks, \$76.10; 2 culvert traps, \$10. $19\frac{1}{2}$ yds. sand, \$12.73; 15 bbls. cement,	86 1	.0	
tions, etc., \$2.15 Water Works charges Contract Inspection, \$170.50; labor, \$433.63. Argyle Street, Dundas to Shaw. 1,250 ft. lumber, \$18.68; 100 lbs. nails, \$3.45 2 bbls. cement, \$5.92; 550 bricks, \$4.54 14 ft. of 9-in. pipe, \$2.10; sand, 33c. Contract Inspection, \$37; labor, \$82.16. Beatty Avenue, King to Queen. Final payment, contract. 12 15 75 95 4,860 00 604 13 5,782 24 5,782 24 1,144 18	258 ft. of 9-in. pipe, \$38.70; 15 9-in.			
1,250 ft. lumber, \$18.68; 100 lbs. nails, \$3.45 22 13 2 bbls. cement, \$5.92; 550 bricks, \$4.54. 10 46 14 ft. of 9-in. pipe, \$2.10; sand, 33c 2 43 Contract 990 00 Inspection, \$37; labor, \$82.16 119 16 Beatty Avenue, King to Queen. 1,144 18 Final payment, contract 178 71	tions, etc., \$2.15	12 J 75 9 4,860 0	05 00 13	
Inspection, \$37; labor, \$82.16	1,250 ft. lumber, \$18.68; 100 lbs. nails, \$3.45	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	46 43	
Final payment, contract	Inspection, \$37; labor, \$82.16		.6	
			178 71	
				780,528 28

## C. \$ 7,299 63 780,52 ## Bay Street, Front to Esplanade. ## Final payment, contract	c. 28 28
Bay Street, Front to Esplanade. Final payment, contract	28 28
Final payment, contract	
Broadway Place, Spadina to 159 ft. Wess. Final payment, contract	
Final payment, contract	
Berryman Street, Davenport to Hazelton. 1,685 bricks, \$12.64; 2 bbls. cement, \$5.18 2 yds. sand, \$1.34; 1 round valve cham-	
1,685 bricks, \$12.64; 2 bbls. cement, \$5.18 2 yds. sand, \$1.34; 1 round valve cham-	
2 yds. sand, \$1.34; 1 round valve cham-	
ber top, \$10	
Bellwoods Avenue, Queen to Mansfield. 3,500 ft. lumber, \$45.91; 200 lbs. nails, \$4.16 50 07 5,615 bricks, \$42.11; $14\frac{1}{2}$ bbls. cement, \$37.85 79 96 10 yds. sand, \$7.37; 2 yds. gravel, \$1.58. 8 95 7 round culvert tops, \$70.64; 1 culvert trap, \$5 75 64 10 9-in. bends, \$6.75; 1 manhole top, \$3.06 9 81 40 ft. of 9-in. pipe, \$6; globes, lamps, etc., 78c 6 78 2 cords cedar blocks 10 80 Water Works charges 51 34 Inspection, \$109; labor, \$272.52 381 52 Contract 4,363 25 5,038 12	
Borden Street, Ulster to Bloor. 3,500 bricks	
Final payment, contract	
Carried forward	28 28

	\$	c.	\$	c.	\$ c.
Brought forward			16,783	84	780,528 28
Claremont Street, Robinson to Arthur.					
7 ₁₂₈ cords cedar blocks, \$20.15; 880 ft. curb, \$15.22	8 2 1,680			76	
1,500 ft. lumber, \$22.47; 200 lbs. nails, \$6.90 5,325 bricks, \$43.18; 14½ bbls. cement, \$42.55 10¼ yds. sand, \$7.02; 4 yds. gravel, \$3.16 1 round valve chamber top, \$10; pipe and bends, \$3.30 Coal oil, globes, etc. Water Works charges	29 85 10 13	37 73 18 30 67 18			
Contract	1,453 255 ————	50		29	
Final payment, contract			55	45	
 Dundas Street, Ossington to Lansdowne. 7,370 bricks. 23 bbls. cement, \$65.44; 14\frac{3}{4} yds. sand, \$9.64 6 round valve chamber tops, \$60; coal oil, etc., \$1.81 9-in. pipe and bends, \$6; 84 lbs. iron, \$1.98 3,300 ft. lumber, \$50.56; 150 lbs. nails, \$5.18 Water Works charges Contract Inspection, \$2.82; labor, \$275.27 Dovercourt Road, Dundas to Churchill. 496 ft. lumber, \$9.80; 150 lbs. nails, \$5.18 300 bricks, \$2.47; 1 bbl. cement, \$2.96 1 culvert trap, \$5; sand, 49c Contract Inspection, \$55; labor, \$38.74 	75 61 7 55 117 9,490 557	98 43 49	10,452		
Euclid Avenue, Arthur to Robinson.			919	64	
Final payment, contract			686	89	
Carried forward			32,776	09	780,528 28

	\$ c.	\$	c. \$ c.
Brought forward		32,776	09 780,528 28
Florence Street, Dufferin to Brock.			
Final payment, contract		157	34
Henderson Street, Clinton to Manning.			1
Contract	391 50 15 00 15 37	421	87
Lippincott Street, Nassau to College.		441	
800 ft. lumber, \$11.65; 100 lbs. nails, \$2.08 1,000 bricks, \$7.50; 1 bbl. cement, \$2.59; sand, 67c Water Works charges Contract Inspection, \$36; labor, \$46.77	13 73		
Lorne Street, Front to Esplanade.		1,327	00
Final payment, contract		91	30
Maple Grove Avenue, Brock to O'Hara.			
Final payment, contract		63	70
Manning Avenue, Arthur to College.			
6,000 ft. lumber, \$90.45; 500 lbs. nails, \$7.61 1,955 bricks, \$14.66; 6 bbls. cement, \$15.54 3\frac{3}{4} yds. sand, \$2.45; coal oil, 46c.; lantern, 35c. Water Works charges Contract Inspection, \$67.00; labor, \$159.27	98 06 30 20 3 26 28 52 2,219 46 226 27	2,605	71
Mansfield Avenue, Clinton to Bellwoods.	1		
650 ft. lumber, \$9.51; nails, 52c.; sand, 85c 400 bricks, \$3; 2½ bbls. cement, \$6.47. Contract Inspection, \$24; labor, \$34.69 Metcalfe Street, Winchester to Amelia.	10 88 9 47 448 20 58 69	527	24
1,430 bricks, \$10.72; 3 bbls. cement, \$8.14	18 86		
Carried forward	18 86	37,970	25 780,528 28

	\$	c. \$	c. \$ c
Brought forward	18 8	37,970	25 780,528 28
1 round valve chamber top, \$10; 2 yds. sand, \$1.34. Water Works charges Contract Inspection, \$30.50; labor, \$28.91	11 3 28 4 631 4 59 4	18 11	50
Margueretta Street, Dundas to Bloor.			
1,825 bricks, \$7.46; 3 bbls. cement, \$8.33 1½ yds. sand, \$1; 2 round valve chamber tops, \$20	15 5 21 6 24 8 2,000 6 140 5	00 51 00 35	C 2
Nassau Street, Lippincott to Bathurst.		_ 2,201	60
Final payment, contract		43	90
Oxford Street, Augusta to Lippincott.			
540 ft. lumber, \$8.40; 50 lbs. nails, \$1.73 80 bricks, 66c.; ½ bbl. cement, \$1.33 Contract	10 1 1 9 316 1 30 0	99 16 09	
Ossington Avenue, College to Bloor.		_ 358	37
350 ft. lumber, \$5.35; nails, 86c	6 87 87 87 87 87 87 8 87 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	26 23 10 82 96 22	80
Palmerston Avenue, Robinson to Arthur.		0,000	80
1,460 bricks, \$12.05; 5 bbls. cement, \$14.80 2 culvert traps, \$10; 22 ft. of 9-in. pipe, \$3.30 sand, \$1.63; 12-in. pipe, 50c.; wick, 1c Contract Inspection, \$101; labor, \$97.14	26 13 2 1,891 198	30 14 03 14	
Queen Street, Pape to Greenwoods.		2,131	40
4 bbls. cement, \$11.48; 600 bricks, \$4.65.	16	13	
Carried forward	16	13 49,108	93 780,528 2

	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Brought forward	16 13	49,108 93	780,528 28
22 ft. of 9-in. pipe, \$3.30; 1 culvert trap, \$5	8 30 6,692 83 222 88		
Queen Street, Niagara to Gladstone.	- 1	6,940 14	
Final payment, contract		780 05	
Queen Street, G. T. R. Tracks to Pape Avenue.			
4,760 bricks, \$35.85; 7 bbls. cement, \$18.69; 5 yds. sand, \$3.35; 4 round valve chamber tops, \$40	43 35		
20 ft. of 9-in. pipe, \$3; water works charges \$78.73	81 73 4,614 23 203 07		
Inspection, \$100.00, labor, \$00.00		4,996 92	
Russell Street, George to Spadina.			
Final payment, contract		547 98	
Rolylat Street, Dundas to Grove.			
Final payment, contract		102 63	
Sackville Street, Gerrard to Carlton.			
Final payment, contract	,	132 14	
Spadina Avenue, Queen to Adelaide.			
Final payment, contract		1,552 62	
Sully Crescent, Sully to Shaw.			
Final payment, contract		87 30	
Sumuch Street, King to Gerrard.			
8,490 bricks, \$63.89; 17 bbls. cement, \$44.66	108 55 17 06		
bends, \$1.10	71 10 139 10 4,464 39		
		5,081 50	
Carried forward	1	69,330 21	780,528 2

	\$	c.	\$	c.	\$ c.
Brought forward	• • • • • • •		69,330	21	780,528 28
Shaw Street, Arthur to College.					
3,475 bricks, \$28.66; 10 bbls. cement, \$28.70	57 18 4	53 11 00 58	3,020	70	
Trinity Street, King to Mill.					
5,870 bricks, \$44.36; 7 bbls. cement, \$18.50	62 12 14	12			
1 culvert trap, \$5; 5 round valve chamber tops, \$50	55 99 1,926 120	54 73	2,290	78	,
Tecumseth Street, Queen to Walnut.					
8,307 bricks, \$66.12; 17 bbls. cement, \$47.67		96 66 02 45 00	1,267	94	
Ulster Street, Major to Bathurst.					
2,600 bricks, \$20; 5 bbls. cement, \$14.06 4\frac{3}{4}\$ yds. sand, \$3.12; pipe and bends, \$3.29 5,000 ft. lumber, \$73.95; 200 lbs. nails, \$6.90. 1 round valve chamber top. Water works charges. Contract. Inspection, \$55.50; labor, \$171.36		85 00 70 44			
			1,752	-	
Carried forward	,	1	77,661	95l	780,528 28

	1	1	
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Brought forward		77,661 95	780,528 28
West Lodge Avenue, Marion to 1145 ft. North.			
Final payment, contract		171 64	77,833 59
COBBLE STONE.			11,000
Farquar's Lane, Front to Esplanade.			
3 bbls. cement, \$8.61; 1.19 toise macadam, \$14.28 1,000 bricks, \$7.75; 5 toise cobble stone, \$51.25 228 yds. gravel, \$180.98; 2 yds. sand, \$1.58 154 ft. of 9-in. pipe, \$23.10; 1 culvert trap, \$5 Granite rubble, \$3; brooms and sundry tools, \$3.60 Contract Labor	22 89 . 59 00 182 56 28 10 6 60 402 64 54 36		756 13
GRAVEL.			
Elm Grove Avenue, King to Queen.			
Final payment, contract		105 90	
Grosvenor Street, Yonge to Queen's Park.			
550 yds. gravel, \$640.40; 8 yds. sand, \$6.36 7 bbls. cement, \$20.72; 2 culvert traps, \$25 75 ft. of 9-in. pipe, \$11.25; 300 bricks, \$24.75 Sharpening tools, \$1.30; coal oil and globes, \$1.58 Labor Use of roller	36 00		1,273 7
MACADAM.			
Beau Street, Elm to South Drive.			
64 ft. lumber, 91c.; nails, 35c	1 26 955 00 83 11		
Carlton Street, Sackville to Sumach.			
Final payment, contract		146 00	
· Carried forward	l	1,185 37	860,391 7

	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Brought forward		1,185 37	860,391 74
Division Street, Spadina to Huron.			
Final payment, contract		111 10	
Crescent Road, Yonge to Rosedale Road.			
Final payment, contractLabor	301 11 2 85	202.00	
Dufferin Street, Dundas to Lindsay.		303 96	
Lowering curb	18 50 524 27	542 77	
Davenport Road, Avenue Road to 636 ft. West.		542 (1	
1,058 ft. stone curb, \$404.81; 130 yds. granite, \$173.64 90 yds. gravel, \$71.10; 19.19 toise macadam, \$235.08 6½ bbls. cement, \$19.74; 616 yds. stone, \$983 1,000 bricks, \$8.25; 1,200 weeping tile, \$33 5 culvert traps, \$25; bends, \$2.40; coaloil, etc, \$2.53 Freight on stone Hauling stone Use of roller Labor Elgin Avenue, Avenue Rd. to Bedford Rd. Final payment, contract	578 45 306 18 1,002 74 41 25 29 93 10 50 75 44 38 40 681 94	2,764 83 838 80	
First Avenue, Logan to Broadview.			
Final payment, contract	• • • • • • •	1,815 13	
Givens Street, Queen to Argyle.			
Final payment, contract		219 70	
Grenville Street, Yonge to Surrey Place.			
11.25 toise macadam, \$112.50; 164 yds. sand, \$142.68. 2,600 ft. lumber, \$20.50; 136 yds. stone, \$133.79 Hauling Labor	255 18 154 29 29 75 2 58	441 80	
Carried forward		8,223 46	860,391 74

	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Brought forward		23,397 90	860,391 74
Sackville Street, Wellesley to 256 ft. North.			
Final payment, contract	60 80	60 80	
Sackville Street, Winchester to Wellesley.		•	
Final payment, contract		298 73	
Spadina Avenue, King to Front.			
1,585 yds. stone, \$2,482.97; 14.87 toise stone, \$141.26	2,624 23 659 09 13 50 68 71 402 29 41 16 30 00 142 00 66 66 10 50 73 00 5 17 148 80 63 63 1,801 00	6,149 74	
280 bricks, \$2.31; 10 ft. pipe, \$2.50; sand, 16c	4 97 624 24 87 83	717 04	
11,570 bricks, \$88.99; 40½ bbls. cement, \$117.81 11½ yds. sand, \$8.71; 50 ft. curb, \$2.03; coal oil, \$1	206 80 11 74 46 84 36 04 25 00 60 69 5,600 00		
Carried forward			860,391

	\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	С
Brought forward			37,394	70	860,391	7
Sully Street, Arthur to College.						
2,240 bricks, \$26.10; 21 bbls. cement, \$22.68 1 culvert trap, \$10; pipe and bends, \$6.99, \$50 lbs. castings, \$7; sand, \$2.95 2 gals. coal oil, 46c.; junctions, \$1.50 Water Works charges Contract Inspection, \$137; labor, \$140.19	16 9 1	1	2,771	57		
St. Mary Street, Youge to West End.						
3 bbls. cement, \$28.49; 4 yds. sand, \$2.92 2,600 bricks, \$20.26; 254 ft. curb, \$4.39 373 ft. lumber, \$12.83; nails, 69c.; spikes, 26c	24 13 11	41 65 78 02				
Water Works charges	6,220 315					
Victor Avenue, Broadview to Logan			6,647	68		
Final payment, contract			1,633	3 75		
Wellesley Street, Parliament to Sumach.						
Final payment, contract			787	67		
Washington Avenue, Spadina to Huron.						
Final payment, contract			128	3 70		
Woolsley Street Esther to Bathurst.						
12 bbls. cement, \$34.78; 4,675 bricks, \$38.58 1,292 ft. lumber, \$19.77; nails, \$3.45; round valve chamber tops, \$20 7½ yds. sand, \$4.75; 68 ft. of 9-in. pipe, \$10.20	73 43 14 26 1 26 4,376	36 36 36 36 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30		9 65	54,27	3 7

	\$	c.	\$ c	. \$ c.
Brought forward			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	. 914,665 46
TAMARAC.				
Scott Street, Front to Esplanade.				
Final payment, contract				107.00
SUMMARY.				197 98
Local Improvement Wooden Sidewalks				
1,451,691 ft. of 2-in. plank 35,356 ft. of 3 and 4-in. plank 496,896 ft. of 4x4-in. scantling 61,870 lbs. nails 2,003 lbs. 7-in. spikes Water Works charges 24½ cd. cedar posts 51½ bbls. cement Bricks and sundry material Labor Local Improvement Brick Sidewalks.	22,162 509 7,153 1,774 69 2,582 133 68 620 10,093	99 30 54 07 22 88 11 88	45,167 34	
219 ft. lumber 570 lbs. castings Water Works charges Labor Inspection Contract		78 55 00	472 92	
Local Improvement Concrete Sidewalks.				
Lumber Gravel and sand 74 ft. of 9-in. pipe 1,744 bbls. cement. Water Works charges Labor Inspection Contract Sundry material	86 873 11 3,637 1,879 5,513 2,312 52,071 1,248	89 18 27 49 00 60 03	67,632 88	
Personal and Departmental accounts		_		113,273 14
r ersonar and Departmental accounts				37,665 78
				1,065,802 36

BRICK SIDEWALKS.

Street.	Side.	From	То	
Gould	South	Dalhousie	Mutual164 ft.4.in. w.of Bay	\$ c. 297 76 174 96 472 72

CONCRETE SIDEWALLS.

	,	7		
Street.	Side.	From	То	
				\$ c.
Avenue Rd		Bloor	Davenport	465 44
A 3	East	T		1,278 05
Admiral	TTT .	Lowther	Bernard	$\begin{vmatrix} 865 & 25 \\ 933 & 22 \end{vmatrix}$
Adelaide		Yonge	Row	164 17
Addiance		Post Office	Bay Victoria	53 63
Bay		King	Wellington	400 00
Bernard	North	Avenue Road	Bedford	474 20
Bedford		Lowther	Bernard	627 52
Beverley		Queen		2,097 40
Bernard	South	Avenue Road	Bedford	545 77
Bay	East	Temperance	Queen	578 57
Boswell	Both	Avenue Road	Bedford	1,871 29
Bloor	South	St. George	Huron	315 34
Borden	East	College	Ulster	1,004 37
Bay		King	S. limit of No. 11	409 42
Beverley			College	16 39
Bloor				20 97
		Yonge	Sherbourne	165 95
Church	West	163 ft. 10-in north	King	52 89
Q .,		of Wellington.	Q 21	000 50
Cecil			Spadina	278 56
		Henry		163 76
Carlton			Sackville	717 07
Church	West	Queen	Shuter	722 26
College			35 ft. 6 in. west	130 64 586 33
Cecil	South	beveriey	Huron	399 78
College	South	Beverley	66	421 27
Colborne			West Market	2,138 70
Elgin Av	South	Avenue Road	Bedford	491 38
ingili Av	North I	66	66	464 66
Euclid		College	Ulster .	2,284 96
Front	South	In front of Union	Station	35 50
66	North	York	579 ft. west	947 44

	\$ 0	s c	
Brought forward			. 914,665 46
TAMARAC.			
Scott Street, Front to Esplanade.			
Final payment, contract			
SUMMARY.			197 98
Local Improvement Wooden Sidewalks			
1,451,691 it. of 2-in. plank 35,356 it. of 3 and 4-in. plank 496,896 it. of 4x4-in. scantling 61,870 lbs. nails 2,003 lbs. 7-in. spikes Water Works charges 24½ cd. cedar posts 51½ bbls. cement Bricks and sundry material Labor Local Improvement Brick Sidewalks.	509 99 7,153 30 1,774 5	9 9 4 7 2 8	
219 ft. lumber 570 lbs. castings Water Works charges Labor Inspection Contract Local Improvement Concrete Sidewalks.	3 18 11 49 17 78 13 55 12 00 414 92		
Lumber Gravel and sand 74 ft. of 9-in. pipe 1.744 bbls. cement Water Works charges Labor Inspection Contract Sundry material	86 28 873 89 11 18 3,637 27 1,879 49 5,513 00 2,312 60 52,071 03 1,248 14	67,632 88	113,273 14
Personal and Departmental accounts		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	37,665 78
			1,065,802 36

BRICK SIDEWALKS.

Street.	Side.	From	То	
Gould	South	Dalhousie	Mutual 164 ft.4.in. w.of Bay	\$ c. 297 76 174 96 472 72

CONCRETE SIDEWALLS.

	-,	7.7.		
Street.	Side.	From	To	
				*
Avenue Rd	West	Bloor	Davenport	\$ c. 465 44
(6	East	66	66	1,278 05
Admiral	66	Lowther	Bernard	865 25
	West		6 (933 22
Adelaide	North	Yonge	Bay	164 17
		Post Office	Victoria	53 63
Bay	West	King	Wellington	400 00
Bernard	North	Avenue Road	Bedford	474 20
Bedford		Lowther	Bernard	627 52
Beverley	West	Queen	CecilBedford	$2,097 ext{ } 40$ $545 ext{ } 77$
Bernard		Avenue Road Temperance		578 57
Bay Boswell	Both	Avenue Road	Queen	1,871 29
Bloor	South	St. George	Huron	315 34
Borden	East	College	Ulster	1,004 37
Bay	66	King	S. limit of No. 11.	409 42
Beverley	West	Cecil	College	16 39
Bloor			198 ft. east	20 97
66		Yonge	Sherbourne	165 95
Church	West	163 ft. 10-in north	King	52 89
~		_of Wellington.	~	
Cecil			Spadina	278 56
C 1		Henry	Beverley	163 76
Carlton		Parliament	Sackville	717 07
Church			Shuter	$722 26 \\ 130 64$
College			35 ft. 6 in. west	586 33
	South	Geverney	"	399 78
Cecil	66	66	66	421 27
Colborne			West Market	2,138 70
Elgin Av			Bedford	491 38
ζ,	North	66	6.6	464 66
Euclid	Both		Ulster	2,284 96
Front	South	In front of Union	Station	35 50
	North!	York	579 ft. west	947 44

	1			
Street.	Side.	From	То	
				\$ c.
Gloucester		Church	Jarvis	740 64
Gerrard	North	Sherbourne	Seaton	540 16
Grosvenor	Both	Berkeley	Parliament	455 01
Huntley		St. Vincent Selby	Surrey Pl	1,637 20
(6	1	((Linden	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Huron		Lowther	Bernard	741 39
TT1.	West	()	6.6	879 93
Hazelton Howland		Yorkville	Davenport	1,067 97
Huron	Both West	Bloor	BartonLowther	1,350 20
Huntley		Isabella	Bloor	534 43 616 41
Huron	66	Russell		1,632 59
**************************************	East	66	66	1,406 08
Isabella	Both	Jarvis	Sherbourne	156 32
John King		King	Adelaide	26 53
"		Spadina	Simcoe	923 39 1,382 68
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	"	St. Paul	Sackville	252 36
Leader Lane	Both	King	Colborne	34 75
Louisa	North	Yonge	1st lane west	220 68
Lowther Av		Avenue Road	Bedford	495 38
		SpadinaSt. George	North of No. 17 Huron	$374 71 \\ 550 20$
66	East	or dearge	Admiral Rd	$550 20 \\ 229 72$
4.6		Madison	Spadina	260 37
Markham	Both	College	Harbord	2,011 13
Major	66	01 1	Bloor	3,586 74
Maple	• •	Sherbourne Shuter	Glen Rd	21 68
Peter		Adelaide	Wilton 144 ft. south	$\begin{array}{ccc} 644 & 21 \\ 9 & 29 \end{array}$
Prince Arthur	South	Bedford Road	167ft.e.ofSt.George	263 00
	North	"	St. George	364 71
Peter	East	Richmond	Queen	157 33
Queen	South	Bay	York	350 13
66	North	Simpsons	200 ft ogst	$\begin{array}{cccc} 222 & 48 \\ 523 & 27 \end{array}$
Queen's Pk. Cr	1.01011	East of Drynans	183 ft. east	119 59
66		13 ft. 6 in. n. of St.	99 ft. 6 in. north	72 76
	İ	Albans.		
Queen	North	Grant	Broadview	1,037 01
Queen and Rorti		E. of Subway	Limit of lot No. 78.	$147 00 \\ 11 00$
Queen and Berti	North 8	85½ ft. E of Glad-	Dovercourt	2,763 25
1		stone		2,100 20
Russell		St. George	Huron	277 54
Rose Av	Both]\	Winchester	Prospect	676 10
Russell	North I	Purliament	St. George	342 12
Sherbourne	East V	Vellesley	Howard	$\begin{array}{c} 7 & 47 \\ 155 & 95 \end{array}$
St. George	" F	Hoskin	Bloor	130 78
Spadina Rd	Both \ldots [H	Jowther	Bernard	1,648 38
Scott	East!C	Colhorne	60 ft. 10 in. south	94 17

	(1	1	
G.		-		
Street.	Side.	From	To	
Ct. TT:	773		~	\$ c.
St. Vincent		Grenville		489 35
St. George		Russell		420 57
Spadina Rd	Both	Bloor	Lowther	1,257 91
St. George		South of No. 92	North of No. 112	334 94
Simcoe	East	Front	Station	340 43
	Both	Crescent	Bloor	3,014 48
Sherbourne	East	587 ft. n. of Queen.	Wilton	530 46
Shuter	North	Jarvis	George	360 33
Teraulay	West	College	84 ft. south	116 68
South Drive		North limit of No. 1	East limit of same.	113 62
Tyndall	East	354 ft. s. of King	456 ft. south	349 32
University		Armoury	Christopher	2,083 50
Winchester	North	Parliament	Sumach	911 02
•••••	South	1st lane e. of Parliament.	Metcalfe	163 45
Walmer Rd	66	Bloor	North of No. 13	518 60
	Both	Huron	Spadina	538 61
Yonge	East	Alexander	Maitland	664 47
66	66	Bloor	6 6	456 43
Willcock		Spadina		308 72
	2.02012			
				\$67,727 94
Less sundry credits				95 06
Loss surary creates				70 00
				\$67,632 88
				407,002 00
	1	1		

LOCAL IMPROVEMENT WOODEN SIDEWALKS.

Street.	Side.	From	То	
				\$ c.
Austin Av	South	Pape	615 ft. east	275 59
	North		[581 ft. east]	49 74
Armoury	South	Chestnut	Centre Av	59 16
Argyle		Dovercourt	Northcote	344 46
Arnold	West	St. David	Wilton	104 47
Amelia	South	Parliament	$ \mathbf{Metcalfe} \ldots $	$129 \ 33$
Argyle		Dundas	Shaw	211 47
Rollmont	66	Yonge	MaMurrich	31 88
Roulzolov	West	King	Front	87 61
Parton	Canal	Vange	Foot and	27 52
Diamonal-	Name I	Yonge	Dowle Dd	42 69
Dismarck	North	0	Fark Au	334 38
Droadview	Last	Queen	Dastern	445 57
Derkeley		Bu it. s. of Queen	Variation III	
Bellair		90 ft. s. of Queen Bloor	C:	143 60
Broadview		Allen	Simpson	305 40
		Yonge		432 76
Bloor	South	Lansdowne	Dundas	546 43

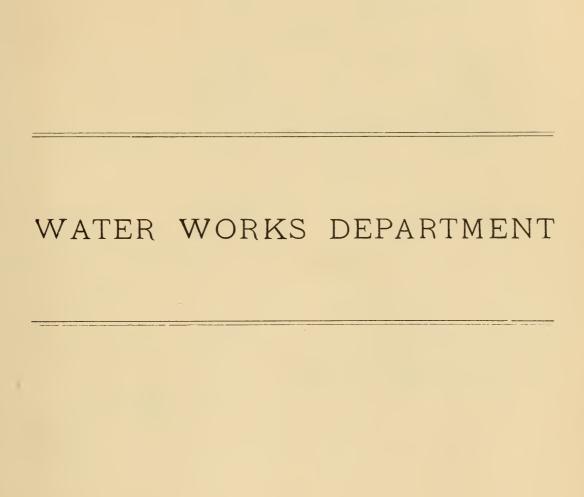
	1		1	
Street.	Side.	From	То	
Balsam	North	Charlotte	Spadina	\$ e. 77 47
Berti	East	Queen	Richmond	25 34
Bruce		Givens	192 ft. east	44 99
Berkeley	West	Duke		311 35
Birch	North	Yonge	West end	496 95
Broadway	NT 41	Spadina		123 68
Brooklyn		Queen	Dagmar	506 78
Bartlett	West	Hallam	VanHorne	209 10
Bruce	South	192 ft. e. of Givens.	Dagmar	521 56
Bain		Pape	Carlaw	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Brock	West	Dundas	Northern Railway.	572 15
Bruce	North	(6		141 13
Didoo	2.01011	******	511aw	141 10
Collahie	Both	Gladstone	Beaconsfield	256 52
Cottingham	North	Grange	101 ft. east	29 09
College		St. Clarens	Lansdowne	97 03
Curzon		Queen		301 62
Clinton		Bloor	223 ft. north	72 59
Chicora		Avenue Rd	225 ft. west	85 61
Czar		16 ft. w. of Yonge	North	186 91
Cherokee		Lake Shore Rd	418 ft. north	146 13
Cassimer		St. Patrick	North end	49 37
Concord	East	Dewson	College	436 10
Chapel	West	St. Joseph	St. Mary	162 94
Collier	North	Yonge	629 ft. west	121 53
Clinton	East	Bloor	324 ft. north	73 25
	West East	Queen	1 //	572 16 $578 45$
College	South	Rusholme	Lansdowne	578 45 915 86
Churchill		Dovereourt		350 03
Chestnut		Hayter		110 38
College		Palmerston	Clinton	303 26
Collier	"	Yonge	609 ft. east	246 53
		2 0 1 3 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	000 201 01100 777777	
Dundas	North	Coolmine	Rusholme	49 35
Dupont		Palmerston		31 48
Dundas		14 ft. w. of bend		298 14
Dufferin		Bloor	North end	788 14
		133 ft. n. of Main		53 96
Dalhousie	East	141 ft. n. of Queen.	Shuter	82 48
Duncan	Both	Richmond	Adelaide	176 76
Dundas	South	Dovercourt	Gladstone	415 79
Duke		Ontario	Princess	111 98
Dovercourt	East	Northumberland	Deveryment	174 44
Dundas	North	Ossington	Dovercourt	$ \begin{array}{r} 341 & 56 \\ 622 & 29 \end{array} $
Dewson	• •		Dufferin	211 91
Dupont	• •		Ossington Palmerston	225 47
Dovercourt		50 ft. n. of Dewson.		529 53
66		College		312 15
Denison		Queen		752 62
	•			, , , , , ,

	1	1		
Street.	Side.	From	То	
Edward Eden Pl Euclid Eastern	West	University	East end	\$ c. 89 81 271 61 577 11 351 56
	North	Princess	Palmerston	126 36 138 94 103 00
Grenville Garden George Gerrard Givens	North South West South	Yonge	633 ft. west Duchess Teraulay	254 63 125 59 351 66
Hagerman Harbord Hickory Hamilton Hazelton Hayter Hallam Henderson Havelock Howland Harbord	North North North West Both	Elizabeth Spadina St. Patrick Elliott Yorkville Yonge Dovercourt Manning Bloor Barton Manning	St. George North end Gerrard Davenport Chestnut Dufferin Grace 763 ft. south Wells	54 39
Irwin Av	North South	Yonge	St. Nicholas Chapel	105 73 208 24 82 64
Kensington	East	St. Andrews	Baldwin	51 02
Lake Shore Rd	East North Both East	192 ft. n. of College Bathurst Manitou Nassau Queen Bloor	553 ft. north Manning 25 ft. e. of Hooper Bellevue 230 ft. s. of Eastern	13 99 124 10 106 25 380 83 423 32 449 48 226 12 298 90 279 11
Marion	West Both South Both North South	Adelaide	Avenue Rd 207 ft. south East terminus 1,345 ft. west Amelia 255 ft. west Sheridan West end	865 65 93 87 437 44 556 89 296 80 52 52 105 97 157 30 344 40

Street.	Side.	From	То	
		Manning Delaney		\$ c. 49 83 179 77
McKenzie Cr	Both	Dovercourt	Beaconsfield	482 69
Napier	Both South West East	Portland	West end	322 81 145 54 281 34 173 33 442 50 126 18 162 80
Oak	North	Parliament Lippincott Bathurst	Bellevue	262 72 205 70 144 13
Phipps	East West	St. Vincent	Hallam	81 03 477 00 533 40 615 21
Queen	North	Power	246 ft. east Curzon	83 46 506 12 1,258 86
Robinson Rebecca Russett Rebecca Rusholme River	North South East North East	Palmerston Euclid Givens Bloor Givens Dundas Queen	Bellwoods	213 59 239 45 73 45 222 53 74 64 194 88 774 81
Sheridan Sherbourne Steiner Sunnyside St. Patrick Sheppard's Lane Scaton Sussex	South East Both West North .	BathurstQueenBrunswick	Bathurst Homewood Bank King North end 473 ft. north 121 Markham Wilton Borden	28 45 49 23 321 00 298 25 90 46 196 64 123 45 40 12 64 98 224 76 114 88 93 90
Sully Cres Salem Shaftesbury Scollard Salem Sumach Sully Cr	North Both North West South .	Sully Bloor Yonge Ist lane w. of Yonge Hallam Winchester Sully Salisbury	Shaw Shanley 125 ft. east 295 ft. west Van Horne Wellesley Shaw	138 49 504 34 57 80 103 77 210 01 278 76 136 46

Street.	Side.	${f From}$	То	
Summerhill Strachan	West East West		Queen	\$ c. 27 58 382 09 169 03 189 09 173 52
Scollard	North	295 ft. w. of Yonge. Front	Hazelton	353 55
Trinity Turner Tecumseth Taylor Teraulay	South . North East	Tecumseth	West end	142 33 93 91 71 13 49 57 16 77 36 16 66 22
Yonge Yorkville Yarmouth	East South	Price	Shaftesbury	208 74 597 31 153 61
Wellington Walton Westmoreland Wallace Wellesley	East Both	Berkeley Bathurst Yonge Bloor Dufferin Ontario Shanley	Tecumseth Elizabeth	97 24 380 57 312 33 240 48 570 54 100 64 474 09
Less amounts c	harged in	error to sundry side	walks	45,477 58 310 24
		1		45,167 34





For Abstract of Charges see page	ACCOUNTS.	\$	c.	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	c.	* * .	c.
	MAINTENANCE.						
157 158 160 161 162	Maintenance of distribution Main Pumping Station Meter and Machine Shop Press and Store House '' 'hydrants and	25,651 80,339 9,788 3,420	$\begin{array}{c} 85 \\ 25 \end{array}$				
162 163 164	valves High Level Station Reservoir Cartage	4,520 9,693 4,986 3,528	52 12 75				
164 164 164	Miscellaneous	555 $2,173$ 414	03		86		
165	CONSTRUCTION. House services	8,846		110,0,1			
166	Revenue mains	4,982	23	13,829	07		
166	House services			6,501	92		
170 169 169 169 169	Island fire protection	266 70 5 620 1,554	89 90 24				
				2,518	60	167,925	2 45

	\$	c		\$ c.	\$	c.
MAINTENANCE.						
MAINTENANCE OF DISTRIBUTION.						
47 sleeves, \$81.14; 69 elbows, \$7.99; nipples, \$8.16	97	29				
16 valve boxes, \$33.67; 41 meter boxes, \$140	173	67				
\$399.94	1,349	44				
coal oil, \$46.51	204					
1,251 cement service plates, \$195.88 330 stop cock rods, \$73.46; 347 single	1,896					
cocks, \$233.70	307 129					
11,290 ft. lumber, \$107.82; 1,500 nails,	152	17				
\$44.35	106					
\$26.16	240	47 64				
Cost of painting and repairing buoys Ferry tickets, \$22.70; boat hire, \$2.75;		67				
repairs, \$8.55		00				
\$17.50		50 14				
Patterns, \$154.47; travelling expenses, \$5.60	160		ĺ			
Rental of water lots	300					
\$27.99	50 374	94				
136 round service plates, \$7.92; 8 valves, \$146.05; valve guards, \$6.25	160					
Waggon parts and repairs, \$75.42; horse shoeing, \$65.75	141					
Shellac, varnish, turps and boiled oil, etc. 115 double iron boxes, \$160.50; 204 single iron boxes, \$205	29 365	45 50				
Horse feed and straw, \$297.75; harness fittings, \$13.25	311					
20 lanterns, \$10.42; sundry tools, \$20.42. 1 pair diver's boots, \$18; rubber goods,		84				
\$7.90 20 pails, \$7.80; brushes, brooms, etc., \$17.35		90 15				
Carried forward	$\frac{26}{6,826}$			 	 	

	\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.
Brought forward,	6,826	37			 	
102 ft. iron pipe, \$16.86; 10 6-in. single pipes, \$45.62; 9 ft. of 6-in. pipe \$31.14. 3 cords wood, \$17.23; 3 bundles shingles \$2.25 1,473 lbs. pig lead, \$60.15; sundry fit tings, \$32.06 9 round valve chamber tops, \$58.50 elbows, \$7.38; valves, \$5.92 Plumbing, \$17.76; blacksmithing, \$239.57 Hire of horse, \$10; harness repairs, \$10.53; 1 load hay, \$13.14 Doors and jambs, \$10; 1 cylinder lock, \$16.85 1 hydrant body, \$19.50; 1 hydrant jacket, \$4.50 50 ft. of tile pipe, \$7.50; 50 lbs. castings, \$7.60 Sundry hardware, \$7.18; brass fittings, \$172.50 2 dating stamps, \$7; 28 wrenches, \$29.80. 124 ft. moulding, \$6.30; 62 lbs. wire, \$21.78 37 yds. gravel 108 lbs. iron, \$3.75; cast iron pipes, \$21.74 24 lantern globes, \$4.14; sundry tools, \$12.39 1,360 lbs. r. r. iron \$50.60; lead, \$1.50. Sundry material Rent of 'phone Labor	93 19 92 71 257 33 26 24 15 179 36 28 27 25 16 52 10 115	62 48 21 80 33 67 85 00 10 68 80 08 73 49 53 10 19 00				
Less amount paid Treasurer for constructing valve chambers. \$2,521 93 Material used, connecting sewers with mains 12 79 Deposit on loan of pipe 100 00 Repairing pipe 250 Am't paid by Revenue Branch 16 00 Am't charged in error 79 16 MAIN PUMPING STATION. Rental of water lots Extending siding 100 Valves, \$94.28; elbows, \$7.58; sectional rings, \$32.18 10 gals. turps, \$8; 57 boxes polish, \$16.38 13 thermometers	2,732 3 2,732 3 1,540 0 82 1 134 0 24 3 17 5	23 38 - 00 11 38 50 -	25,651			
Carried forward	1,798 0	3	25,651	85	 	

	\$	c.	\$	c.	\$ c.
Brought forward	1,798	03		85	
9 900 H. h.: h.: @194 70 tub.					
3,369 lbs. boiler purger, \$134.76; tube cleaners, \$15.90	150	66			
676 lbs. soap, \$47.93; 96 lbs. candles,					
\$12.84	60	77			
$1,000\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. phosphor bronze wire, \$390.90; flanges and bolts, \$11.12	402	02			
30 shovels, \$34.50; 12 globes, \$11.40		90			
1,332 ¹ lbs. phosphor bronze castings,					
\$224.79; brass and copper castings,	334	55			
\$109.76	001	00			
\$126.90	252				
Rolling sheet iron	177	15			
837 ft. wrought iron pipe, \$87.44; bushings, \$8.59; tees, \$9.05	105	08			
9 pairs rubber boots, \$40.66; 320 lbs. rubber					
valves, \$141.80	182	46			
45½ cords wood, \$157.46; sundry material,	173	89			
\$16.43	140	00			
ing, \$149.01	173	15			
Asbestos packing, \$3.60; 4,026 lbs. waste,	409	00			
\$420.30 Nipples, \$27.46; sundry fittings, \$15.51		90 97			
70 brooms, \$18.40; 51 brushes, \$12.86;		•			
coal scoops, \$6.90		16			
Sundry hardware		93 84			
168 guage glasses, \$30; 1 set stocks and		OI			
dies, \$19.50	49	50			
3,890 lbs. sheet iron, \$122.05; 11 grate	125	03			
bars, \$12.98 204 tins lye, \$17; 2 loads mortar, \$9		00			
2,081.59 gals. engine oil, \$576.59;					
1909.88 gals. cylinder oil, \$720.69	1,297				
10,016 bbls. boiler compound	330 $33,185$				
$2,318_{\frac{805}{2000}}^{\frac{805}{2000}}$ tons anthracite coal	9,003				
5,500 bricks, \$44.25; 300 red bricks, \$3.75	48	00			
Repairing scales, \$93.90; inspecting scales,	100	07			
\$6.17	100	01			
\parallel lamps, \$9.99 \dots	12	90			
91½ lbs. gaskets, \$56.16; 4 Jenkins valves,	80	21			
\$24.05	00	21			
\$7.94	23	06			
62-in. cast iron cocks, \$46.50; 2 doz. valve	51	00			
seats, \$5.40	91	90			
brass rods, \$9.87	281	00			
24 files, \$16.98; 3 drills, \$7.10; stove pipes,	90	20			
\$8.25		33			
Carried forward	49,131	06	25,651	85	

	\$	c.	\$	c.	\$ 0.
Brought forward	49,131	06	25,651	85	
Repairs, \$124.76; sundry tools, \$14.58 26 lbs. washers, \$10.68; 793 lbs. forged		34			
steel, \$42.56 6 stuffing boxes, \$19.60; 125 ft. hose,		24			
\$12.69. Sundry material	19	- 1			
20 bbls. gray lime, \$10; 22 gals. japan, \$16.30	26				
\$3: patterns, \$9.	20				
Boiled oil, \$4.90; wire, 21.42; glass, \$6.87 108 charcoal tubes	33 : 334 8	19			
30 doz. express recording sheets Boilermakers' time and material	18 9 78	25			
Blacksmiths' time	$ \begin{array}{c c} 285 & 1 \\ 2,370 & 0 \end{array} $	61			
Rent of 'phone	121 (81 (
Analysis of oils, \$85; rent of scales, \$11.50. 1 feed lubricator	96 8				
67 ft. tubing, \$28.73; belting, \$57.76 Labor	$ \begin{array}{r} 10 \ 0 \\ 86 \ 4 \\ 27,314 \ 8 \end{array} $	19			
METER AND MACHINE SHOP.		_	80,339	85	
111 meter boxes, \$366.38; meter parts,	000 1				
\$513.78 Plain nipples, \$44.56; brass screwed nipples, \$27.13	880 1 71 6				
10 rubber rings, \$66.40; felt rings, \$1.75 15 gals. turpentine, \$11.76; 31 gals. coal	68 1				
oil, \$6.91	18 6	7			
\$52 59. 125 sockets, \$12.10; 2 check valves,	63 8				
\$16.53 1,625 lbs. brass and bronze castings 77 brass couplings, \$34.16; 63 Unions,	$ \begin{array}{r} 28 & 6 \\ 227 & 1 \end{array} $	- 1			
\$20.82	54 98	8			
\$32.46	288 7	l			
man valves, \$10.38	60 73 371 90				
92 elbows, \$22.49; 152 bushings, \$27.11. 48 intermediate gear, \$104.75; sundry	49 60	9			
fittings, \$56.52	161 27				
\$7.92 42 lbs. candles, \$5.82; brooms, \$2.61; brushes, \$5.77	29 00 14 20				
Carried forward	2,388 70	-	105,991 7	$\frac{1}{0}$	

	\$	c.	\$	c.		\$	c.
Brought forward	2,388	70	105,991	70			
2 pairs rubber boots, \$8.56; 10 yds. asbes-	19	c.e					
tos packing, \$5.10	13 16						
Files, \$30.83; 161 machine bolts, \$9.01; hammers, \$2.55	49	39					
Moving earth, \$10.00; sundry tools,							
\$48.87	58	87		- {			
\$13.73	65	80					
meter gear, \$9.75	21	25					
1 6-in Crown valve, \$14.95; 2-in. peet valves, \$4.50	19	45					
71 lbs. soap, \$4.95; 13 gals. Japan, \$7.50;							
paint, \$8.47,	20	S2					
bushing, \$25.00	41	00					
\$11.76	17	40					
\$6.10	44	59					
1 grindstone, \$11.45; 1 grindstone frame, \$5.75	17	20					
15-in. Siemens meter, \$200; G. valves,		Í					
\$4.50; H. S. blades, \$5.25	209	Ì					
\$19.57		57 28					
Putty, boiled oil, etc		03					
Bolts, nuts and washers, $\$4.61$; 1 1-in. valve, $\$1.82$; $\frac{1}{2}$ -in. C. cock, $\$1.50$	7	93					
Handles, \$1.87; 1 mud box, \$3; 26 bbls.	17	117					
sawdust, \$2.60	4	47 67					
Cartage, \$7.50; 2-in. pipe caps, \$3 1 lb. rubber blocks, \$3; valves, \$6.60		50 60					
50 ft. hose, \$3.38; 29 ft. belting, \$4.73	8	11					
72 sheets emery, \$2.05; 5 pails, \$1.75 4 single iron boxes, \$4.60; sundry hard-		80					
ware, \$38.98	$\frac{43}{8,341}$	3 58 92					
Diedol							
Less am't paid for blacksmithing \$1,410 63	11,478	94					
Scrap 160 76 Repairing meters 40 50							
Loan of meters	4 (4)(
	1,690		9.78	8 25			
PRESS AND STORE HOUSE.							
159 ft. sheeting, \$4.71; 1 window shade, \$1		5 71					
Painting, etc		7 50					
Carried forward	103	3 21	115,77	9 95		• • • •	

	\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.
Brought forward	103	21	115,779	95	 	
$8\frac{1}{2}$ tons coal, \$43.25; $2\frac{1}{2}$ cd. wood, \$14 4 files, \$2.90; glass, 52c.; sundry hard-		25				
ware, \$1.30	46	72 00				
Sundry fittings	3,939 113					
Less am't paid for scrap	4,267 847		3,420 ()1		
HYDRANTS AND VALVES.			3,223			
547 ft. lumber, \$24.93; nails, \$1.48 $5_{\frac{5000}{2000}}$ tons coal, \$28.61; $\frac{1}{2}$ cord wood, \$1.88		41 49				
807 lbs. leather, \$117.50; 23 jacket tops, \$41.40						
4 lbs. tallow, \$1.40; 12 lbs. soap, \$1.01; paint, \$2.95	5	36				
2 ft. wire netting, \$1.20; latches, knobs and locks, \$2.10	3	30				
Coal oil, 35c.; candles, 84c		19 36				
Brooms, \$1.05; wrenches, \$1.40; files, \$10.99		44	•			
Lead pipe, \$1.94; 17 lbs. waste, \$1.79. 684 lbs. castings, \$133.97; sundry fittings,		73				
\$1.50 5 lbs. rivets, \$1.25; 25 brass plugs, \$4.25		50				
Sundry material	4,232	82 72				
Less amount paid for use of	4,669	69				
hydrant \$ 30 00 Moving hydrants 119 07		07				
HIGH LEVEL STATION.			4,520 6	52		
253.96 gals. cylinder oil, \$93.39; 124.49						
engine oil, \$34.25		12				
$1,439\frac{15}{2000}\frac{52}{000}$ tons bituminous coal	4,039	65				
Carting coal and ashes	260	82				
oil, \$2.80		18				
Carried forward		_	123,720 5		 	

	\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.
Brought forward	4,550	10	123,720	58		
1,799 lbs. waste, \$130.10; 4 pck. ala-	100	10				
bastine, \$2	132 54	$\frac{10}{34}$				
Jenk. valves, \$2.64; elastic rings, \$1.65;						
nuts, \$1.68	5	97				
cans, 50c	11	73				
cans, 50c	61	39				
bronze castings, \$57.63	O1	99				
screws, \$2.51	25	63				
\$17		50				
78 lbs. candles, \$10.92; 14 tins lye, \$2		92 98				
Sundry material, \$7.73; brushes, \$3.25 106 lbs. steel, \$6.30; 160 lbs. pig lead,	10	00				
\$7.22	13	52				
\$18.63	23	22				
50 ft. hose		$\begin{array}{c} 75 \\ 25 \end{array}$				
Interest on value of siding		00				
Boilermaker's time, \$2.80; blacksmithing,	33	21				
\$30.51 Labor	4,657					
			9,693	52		
RESERVOIR.						
Electric lighting, \$325.78; rent of stone, \$60	385	78				
45 pans, \$75; furnace fittings, \$45.00	120	00				
300 ft. of d. d. glass, \$20; packing \$2.55 20 gals. coal oil, \$4.32; lanterns, \$1	22	55 32				
Picks and handles, \$1.10; pails, \$2.10;						
scythes, \$2	$\frac{5}{40}$	20 66				
9 pairs rubber boots, \$36.34; 210 lbs. nails,						
\$7.70	44 117					
Horse shoeing, \$3; blacksmithing, \$1.16.		16				
$84\frac{545}{2000}$ tons coal, \$460.35; 2 cords wood,	468	60				
\$8.25	123	1				
7 shovels, \$6; trowels, \$1.60; scythe stones, \$3.20	10	80				
Repairs to pump, etc		75				
19 gas regulators, \$4.36; 50 lbs. putty,	5	86				
\$1.50 Labor	3,623					
			4,986	12		
Carried forward		,	138,400	22	/	

	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Brought forward		138,400 22	666666
MISCELLANEOUS.			
3 oak cabinets, \$87.50; cupboard doors. \$5.50 Stamps, etc., \$50; car tickets, \$25 Draughting board, \$8.50; 76 ft. bass, \$4. Petty cash for sundry petty expenses 5 gals. linseed oil, \$3.35; sundry material \$2.50 Window sash and frame, \$5; 423 ft. lumber, \$16.95 Hack hire, \$2.25; castings, \$2. Labor	93 00 75 00 12 50 20 00 5 85 21 98 4 25	}	
CARTAGE.			
Wagon parts and repairs Harness repairs and fittings Horse feed and straw Horse shoeing, \$44.50; horses, \$255 Clipping 6 horses, \$9; veterinary services, \$10.50 Hire of horse, \$55; sundry material, \$5.58. Blacksmith work Labor	58 21 440 03 299 50 19 50	3,528 75	
INSPECTION AND EXAMINATION OF CONDUIT.			
12 months' use of wire to Island	150 00 76 50 13 50 54 50 1 22 119 22	414 94	
4 pairs rubber boots, \$15.99; valves, \$15.24	31 23		
48.91 gals, coal oil, \$11.25; raw oil, \$3.35 $93\frac{1510}{2000}$ tons coal, \$285.73; carting coal,	14 60		
\$16.89 Rent of 'phone, \$45; rent of water lots,	302 62		
\$87.50	132 50 23 70		
pipe, \$18	23 00 7 74		
\$7.36	60 79		
\$8.50	20 00		
Carried forward	616 18	142,899 83	

	\$	c.	\$	e. \$ c.
Brought forward	616	18	142,899 8	3
3 Chapman valves, \$2.79; 25 cast iron elbows, \$5.75	8	54		
Ferry fares, \$14.20; towing, \$83.55; boat hire, \$2.25	100			
1 steam whistle, \$10; sundry hardware, \$6.10		10		
25 ft. fly wire, \$2.01; brushes, \$2.35; lamps, etc., \$3	7	36		
\$7.67		67 90		
Sundry fittings	11	24 56		
Labor	1,395		2,173 0	3
CONSTRUCTION.				145,072 86
House Services.				
319 double iron boxes, \$503.58; 36 single iron boxes, \$361.86	865	44		
1,477 stop cock rods, \$323.58; 1,244 single cocks, \$939.47	1,263	05		
165 double cocks, \$242.67; 27 valves, \$225.05	467	72		
593 ft. iron pipe, \$182.73; 19 lengths of iron pipe, \$146.17	228			
78,651 lbs. lead pipe	4,178 87	88		
190 brass screwed nipples, \$54.42; bends, \$3.30	57	72		
1 hydrant, \$27; 519 ft. wrought iron pipe, \$58.24	85	24		
35 lbs. jute, \$2.80; 2,026 lbs. pig lead, \$78.09	80	89		
\$2.20	119 42	33 87		
1,228 $\frac{1}{2}$ brass couplings	455			
valve chamber tops, \$19.50		66 18		
17 single branches, \$58.18; 1 reducer pipe, \$5.12		30		
25 valve boxes, \$55.22; 6 S. pipes, \$15.60 72 cement service plates, \$11.52; sundry		82		
fittings, \$1.11	635			
Labor	3,544			
	12,377			
Carried forward	12,377	65		145,072 86

	\$	c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Brought forward	12,377	65	4, 4 4 4 4 7 4 4 4 4 4 4	145,072 86
Am't paid Treasurer	3,530	81		8,846 84
311 double iron boxes, \$483.78; 357 single iron boxes, \$346.42 249 stop cock rods. 45 brass couplings, \$16.77; 120 plugs, \$7.56 147 plain nipples 228 brass screwed nipples 1,523 lbs. lead pipe 653 stop cocks. 1 length of cast iron pipe, \$9.60; 76 cement service plates, \$3.36 578 couplings. 58 driving nipples, \$14.98; nails, \$9.40.72 double cocks. 36 lbs. wire Labor	830 54 24 41 63 75 487 12 240 24 96 12 4,538	78 33 13 43 00 60 96 31 38 24 60		6,501 92
REVENUE MAINS.				
Wright Avenue.				1
346 ft. of 6-in. pipe, \$163.20; 1 single branch, \$2.13	165 55 3 129	38 65	354 18	
Simpson Avenue.				
21 ft. of 6-in. pipe	$\frac{100}{73}$		154.04	
Hogarth Avenue.			174 24	
554 ft. of 4-in. pipe	211 5 170 5	- 1	382 24	
1,101 ft. of 4-in. pipe Labor	357 5 182 7		540 29	
Carried forward		-	${1,450}$	160,421 62

	,		
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Brought forward		1,450 95	160,421 62
Bruce Street.			
26 ft. of 4-in. pipe	84 50 57 91	140 41	
$Gladstone \ Avenue.$		142 41	
Labor		2 13	
St. George Street.			,
2 hydrants, \$54; 1 6-in. sleeve, \$1.84	55 84		
23 ft. of 6-in. pipe, \$169.85; 1 single branch, \$2.13	161 98		
Contract	114 67 14 63		
		347 12	
Crescent Road.			
Amount paid by Macpherson Estate Labor	440 00 12 30		
14001		452 30	
Cumminy Street.			
Labor		5 63	
Searth Road.			
Labor	• • • . • • • •	4 25	
$Roxboro\ Avenue.$:	
9 6-in. pipes	43 20		
Labor	23 65	66 85	
$Hickory\ Street.$			
19 ft. of 4-in. pipe	$61 75 \\ 34 52$		
$Ross\ Street.$		96 27	
Labor		36 24	
Chatham Street.			
Labor		62 64	
Havelock Street.		02 04	
Labor		5 31	
			160 401 60
$Carried\ forward\dots$		2,672 10	160,421 62

	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Brought forward		2,672 10	160,421 62
Lowther Avenue, St. George to Huron.			
38 6-in. pipes, \$264.10; 2 6-in. valves, \$29.90. 2 round valve chamber tops, \$20; 1 6-in. sleeve, \$1.84 Contract Labor	294 00 21 84 166 89 10 00	492 73	
Lowther Avenue, Walmer Road Easterly.			
1 round valve chamber top and centre 1 6-in. valve, \$14.95; 6-in. sleeve, \$1.84; 152 ft. of 6-in. pipe, \$152.90 Contract Labor	10 16 169 69 80 21 6 00		
Nanton Crescent.		266 06	
17 6-in. pipes	118 15 2 66 29 70 51 00 6 84	208 35	
Lee Avenue.		200 00	
14 ft. of 2-in. wrought iron pipe, \$23.80; 2-in. elbows and nipples, \$1.84 2 valve boxes, \$4.64; 2 chap. valves, \$9 30 tees, \$7.50; plugs, \$1.46 Labor	25 64 13 64 8 96 48 14	96-38	
79 ft. of 4-in. pipe, \$79.22; 1 4-in. valve, \$8.75 1 round valve chamber top, \$10; 1 6-in. S. pipe, \$3.46 2 hydrants, \$66.44; single branches, \$4.26 Sleeves, \$2.66; caps, \$1.14 Contract Labor	87 97 13 46 70 70 3 80 220 95 55 90	452 78	
$Englewood\ Avenue.$		402 (8	
2 6-in. valves, \$29.90; 4 6-in. sleeves, \$5.52	35 42 22 46		
Carried forward	57 88	4,188 40	160,421 62

					The second second second	
	\$	c.	\$	\$.	\$	c.
Brought forward	57	88	4,188	40	160,421 (62
5 single branches	10 282 36	00	386	50		
Frichot Street.			900	99		
2 6-in. valves, \$39.90; 1 6-in, sleeve, \$1.84 1 10-in. sleeve, \$2.90; 1 4-in. sleeve, 80c. 3 single branches, \$7.73; 1 reducer, \$2.06 2 round valve chamber tops Contract	3 9 20 131	74 70 79 00 60 96	231	79		
Treford Place.				•		
2 4-in valves, \$17.50; 1 4-in. S. pipe, \$1.60 2 round valve chamber tops, \$20; 1 S. branch, \$2.10. 1 6-in. sleeve, \$1.84; reducers, \$2.06 Contract Labor	22 3 92	10 10 90 16 19	175	45		
SPECIAL SERVICES.					4,982	23
12-in. Main, King Street West.	} }					
Contract	,		70	89		
Lane in rear of Horticultural Gardens.						
Contract			5	90		
Pipe across Eastern Avenue Bridge.						
142 ft. of 12-in. pipe. Hauling pipe. 40 bags of mineral wool Blacksmith's time. Labor:	$\begin{array}{c c} 26 \\ 23 \end{array}$	80 00 68 76		. 0.4		
WASTE PREVENTION.			620 }	24		
Patterns, \$38.04; flanges and bends, \$25.08. 5 ft. of 6-in. pipe, \$15.80; 2 peet valves, \$9.00. 4 6-in. flange Globe valves 17 ft. of 2-in. wrought iron pipe, \$2.92; nipples, \$3.68. 17 ft. of hose, \$3.74; coal oil, \$1.04. Elbows, 46c.; sockets, 38c.; valves, \$2.52	63 24 44 6 4	80 80 60 60 78 36				
Carried forward	146	66	697	03	165,403	85

			1		<u> </u>
	\$	c.	\$	c.	\$ c
Brought forward	146	66	697	03	165,403 88
Blacksmith work	$\frac{5}{1,402}$	69 47	1,554	82	
ISLAND FIRE PROTECTION.					
30 brass screwed nipples, \$30.00; elbows \$1.84. 152 ft. of wrought iron pipe. 7 double iron boxes 25 S. P. valves. 24 centre pieces, \$3.36; rubber boots, \$4.98. Paint, 70c.; jute, 20c. Blacksmiths' time Labor	31 25 11 81 8 17 89	93 34 25 34 90 24	266	75	2,518 60
					167,922 45

APPENDIX



PROPOSED ELECTRIC LIGHTING AND ENERGY PLANT.

(Extract from City Engineer's Thirteenth Fortnightly Report to Work Committee— June 29th, 1900.)

In compliance with the request contained in the following extract from Report No. 7 of the Committee on Works:

"It is recommended that the City Engineer be instructed to prepare an estimate of the cost of constructing buildings and all necessary plant required for the distribution of said energy for heat, light and power throughout the City, also the annual cost of maintenance thereof, and that he be authorized to obtain such assistance as he may deem necessary in preparing such estimate. It is further recommended that the City Engineer prepare an estimate of the cost of a plant for generating electricity in connection with the distribution, also the cost of operating same,"

I beg to report that to enable me to report upon this matter, I engaged the services of Mr. R. J. Parke, Electrical Engineer, of this City, and also consulted Mr. Alex. Dow, Electrical Engineer, of Detroit, and beg to submit the following:

The approximate cost of constructing buildings and the necessary plant required for the distribution of electric energy would be \$930,000.

Regarding the annual cost of operating this proposed plant, no offers have been received for the supply of energy, and as the preparation of an estimate of this cost involves a great deal of work, I do not consider it advisable, at present, to go any further into the matter.

The cost of installing an Electric Arc Lighting Plant, with a capacity of 1,350 arc lamps, using overhead circuits, would be, approximately, \$294,000.

If the electric wires were placed underground in that portion of the City described in clause 11 of the specifications for Electric Lighting, the cost would be about \$507,000.

The annual cost of operating this proposed plant, with overhead wires, including interest and depreciation, would be about \$62.22 per lamp per annum, or about 17.04 cents per lamp per night.

Using underground wires in that portion of the City set apart in clause 11 of the specifications, the cost per lamp per annum would be about \$70, or 19.16 cents per lamp per night.

These estimates have been prepared on the assumption that enclosed arc lamps will be used if a plant is installed.

C. H. RUST, City Engineer.

PROPOSED ELECTRIC LIGHTING AND ENERGY PLANT.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE, August 10th, 1900.

Chairman and Members of the Board of Control:

Gentlemen,—My former report upon the above subject was referred back by your Board on July 6th last for further information. I now beg to report as follows:

The annual cost of operating the necessary plant required for the distribution of electric energy would be about \$3.18 per horse power. This cost would be an average one for a plant having a capacity anywhere from 5,000 to 15,000 horse power.

The cost of a plant for generating electricity in connection with the distribution would be approximately \$1,290,000.

The annual cost per horse power for operating this plant on the basis of ten hours per day, would be about \$26. This cost will apply to a plant having a capacity of from 5,000 to 15,000 horse power.

Yours respectfully,

C. H. RUST,

City Engineer.

REPORT RE PROPOSED MUNICIPAL TELEPHONE PLANT.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE, September 12th, 1900.

To His Worship the Mayor and Members of the Council of the Corporation of the City of Toronto:

Gentlemen,—In compliance with the resolution of the Council of the 9th instant, ordering the City Engineer to prepare and submit to Council an estimate of the probable cost of installing and operating a telephone system for from 6,000 to 10,000 subscribers, I beg to submit the following estimate:

In preparing these estimates I have assumed that underground work would be used in that section of the City between Bloor Street on the north, the Bay on the south, Spadina Avenue on the west, and Sherbourne Street on the east.

The cost of installing a system for 6,000 subscribers would be approximately \$675,000. The annual cost of operation, including depreciation at 5 per cent. and interest at $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent., would be approximately \$120,000.

The approximate cost of a system for 10,000 subscribers would be \$1,200,000. The annual cost of operating a plant of this capacity, including interest and depreciation, would be approximately, \$205,000.

These estimates are based upon a common battery switchboard, which is, I understand, considered the most modern one, and is coming into general use. I have, however, recently heard that there is in operation, in a small town in Ohio,

what is known as the automatic system: That is, no operators are required. If this is successful it would very much reduce the operating expenses, and it might be advisable to further investigate this system.

C. H. RUST,

City Engineer.

REPORT RE PROPOSED CIVIC ASPHALT PAVING PLANT.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE, Toronto, March 29th, 1900.

Chairman and Members of the Board of Control:

Gentlehen,--Complying with the verbal request of your Secretary, I forward herewith details of the cost of an asphalt plant:

Buildings	\$4,500	00
Machinery and tools	14,000	00
Steam roller	2,500	00
Freight and duty	1,200	00
Total	\$22,200	00

Nothing is included in this estimate for land, as we could probably erect the plant in one of the City's yards.

The estimate for machinery includes engines, boilers, oil pump, feed pump, air blower, compressor, stone mill for grinding lime dust, mixer, asphalt scales, dust scales, sand drums for drying sand, asphalt melting, tank and connections, pneumatic asphalt lifter, oil tanks and connections, sand heater, sand elevators, hoppers, etc., crusher bins and small tools.

This plant would have a capacity of probably 1,200 to 1,500 sq. yds. of pavement per day.

Yours respectfully,

C. H. RUST,

City Engineer.

REPORT

ON THE

DISPOSAL OF THE SEWAGE

OF

TORONTO

EXTRACT FROM REPORT No. 34 OF BOARD OF CONTROL, 1900.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE, Toronto, September 6th, 1900.

Chairman and Members of the Committee on Works.

Gentlemen,—With reference to a communication from the Committee on Works of May 21st last, forwarding a copy of the following resolution:

"That in view of the statement made by the City Engineer in connection with the bacterial treatment of sewage, that that officer be requested to furnish this Committee, at the earliest possible date, with all the information he has been able to gather in connection with this system of sewage disposal,"

and also to a communication from the Committee of June 19th last, forwarding a copy of a resolution moved in Council, by Mr. Ald. McMurrich, as follows:

"Moved by Ald. McMurrich, seconded by Ald. Sheppard, that whereas numerous resolutions have been passed by the City Council during the past ten years with a view to improving the sanitary condition of the City; and whereas numerous reports at great expense to the ratepayers have been obtained from expert engineers, with a view to the disposal of the City's sewage; and whereas no decided action has been taken thereon; be it therefore resolved, that this Council deems it of the utmost importance that the work of putting down the necessary trunk sewers and intercepting sewers be proceeded with forthwith leaving the question of the disposal of sewage to be decided later on by the City Engineer; and be it further resolved that the City Engineer be instructed to report to the Council forthwith the estimated cost of the said sewage improvement, and that a By-law be submitted to the ratepayers at the earliest possible date for the issuing of debentures necessary for the cost of the carrying out of this important and necessary work."

I beg to report as follows:

BACTERIAL TREATMENT OF SEWAGE.

In my report to the Committee, of May 4th last, regarding this matter, I referred to the experiments now being carried on in England in connection with the bacteriological process of sewage purification, and stated that if, after

further investigation, it was found that this system of treatment was suitable for Toronto, it would result in a large annual saving over the schemes proposed in my report dated October 12th, 1898.

In compliance with the request of the Committee to submit some information which may be of interest to the members, in connection with this matter, I have studied the various reports and Technical Journals that have been published within the past two or three years, regarding this subject, and beg to submit the following account of the two systems of bacterial purification, viz., the septic tank and the open bacteria bed systems.

The septic tank system, which is a tank, or series of tanks, preferably covered, is a process of removing most of the suspended organic matter and some which is in solution, and giving an effluent, which, although not chemically pure, is inoffensive to the sight or smell, and is pure enough to be turned into large streams or bodies of pure water without doing any appreciable harm. This system differs from the other processes in that it attempts to bring an entirely new and different class of bacteria into operation—the anaerobic. These bacteria thrive in the absence of oxygen and are the organisms that cause putrefaction. The operation consists in running the sewage steadily into a closed, darkened chamber, where it is acted upon by anaerobic bacteria, and the effluent is drawn off at the surface. The sludge produced is estimated at only about one-seventh of that produced by chemical precipitation. This effluent may again be treated by passing through sand filters, where aerobic bacteria are present, which gives, of course, a much purer effluent. The annual cost of operation is much less than with chemical precipitation.

The other system consists in passing the sewage first through a screen, extracting the coarser particles, paper, etc., and then allowing it to stand for a few hours on a coarser filter bed or tank, open to air and light, where it is acted upon by aerobic bacteria, which thrive in the presence of air and light, and the greater portion of the organic matter is removed or changed into harmless compounds. From the coarser beds the sewage is again turned into finer beds. The unsatisfactory point not yet fully demonstrated, is that the beds may have a tendency to gradually get choked and thereby become less efficient. The effluent appears to be and is purer than that of the septic tank alone, and equal to that from a septic tank and single bacteria bed combined, but the process requires considerably more land.

For the information of the Committee, it may be advisable to give some particulars regarding bacteria, and the works they perform, which are taken from the "Surveyor" of February 16th, 1900, and the "Engineering Magazine" of September, 1898.

From "Surveyor," February 16th, 1900.

"Bacteria are minute forms of vegetable life. Anaerobic live without air, that is without free oxygen aerobic existing with free oxygen. Exposure to air kills the anaerobies and all bacteria are destroyed if allowed to remain too long in contact with their own products. In the absence of water, or at least moisture,

they are unable to multiply, and remain dormant. The work bacteria do in the purification of sewage is to oxidize the foul matters, of which it is partly composed. To effect thorough purification three separate processes are needed, viz,

- "1. Anaerobic.
- "2. Partly anaerobic and partly aerobic.
- "3. Aerobic.

"The systems in use can be divided into two classes, the first of which has as its object the destruction of the impurities by aerobic organisms, while the second consists of a primary decomposition by anaerobes, and a secondary purification by aerobic action. Bacteria systems have this strong recommendation, that they produce a minimum of sludge. Where screens are used there is a certain amount of matter retained, which must be taken away, but this state of things prevailed before. The residue from micro-organic treatment is inoffensive and may be termed "burnt-out ash." It accumulates very slowly and its occasional removal is neither a source of great expense nor nuisance. This, however, is but a secondary point as compared with the quality of the effluent produced. It is only by bacterial treatment that water can be effectively freed from its unnatural burden—sewage. The effluent from any well-considered and properly-executed scheme, is pure enough to be discharged into a stream without any risk whatever of subsequent putrefaction or injury to fish, flesh or fowl. The annual cost is, with automatic gear, a nominal amount."

From "Engineering Magazine," September, 1898.

"The purification of sewage is, therefore, a process of destruction of this organic matter by means of bacteria, and, finally, of the bacteria themselves from inanition. It necessitates their cultivation and a provision of the most suitable conditions for their life and propagation, until the organic matter shall be converted and the conditions of their existence shall cease. If we think of fermentation, and its cause and effect, we get an idea of the process. The aerobies do their best work when the sewage is exposed to the air. The anaerobies do their best work when air is excluded. A further condition of active life is the warm Although freezing temperature will reduce the temperature of the sewage. activity of the bacteria, it does not destroy all of them. The aerobic process, when applied to organic matter, in suspension, is slower than the anaerobic process. The practical application hereof is the fact that putrefaction hastens the destruction of solid organic matter by converting it into liquids, while oxidation hastens the destruction of liquid organic matter by converting it into soluble mineral matter. So far as concomitant effects are concerned, putrefaction causes offensive odours, while the effects of oxidation are imperceptible to the senses. In the chemical precipitation of solid particles the principal chemicals used were milk of lime and salts of iron, the precipitated matter forming a sludge on the bottom of the settling tanks and at intervals had to be taken out, freed from most of its water in filter presses and then removed. This process removed about onehalf of the total organic matter and the purification of the remaining clarified liquid is accomplished by the aerobic bacterial process."

From "Engineering Record," October 8th, 1898. Paper by Dibdin & Thudichum.

"NATURE OF BED MATERIAL.—Many experiments have been made with a view to ascertaining the best material with which to construct bacteria beds. It is clear that in many cases the local conditions would render the use of one or other special substance very advantageous from the point of view of original cost of installation. The general experience of the authors is that coarse broken coke or burnt ballast indifferently may be used for the first treatment by coarse-grained beds, while for the fine-grained beds the best material is undoubtedly coke or pan breeze or cinder.

"Depth of Bed.—With regard to this point, it is difficult to speak with any certainty. Experience in working on a large scale, has led the authors to believe that the maximum limit of depth for the best results to be obtained is about 3 feet 6 inches. It has often worked well at a depth of 4 to 5 feet, but the alteration of a bed from $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 feet was accomplished by a small reduction in the quality of the effluent produced."

From "Engineering," December 9th, 1898.

"There is one precaution to be taken with coarse bacteria beds which is of less necessity with the septic tank. The sand and road detritius must be trapped, or else it will fill the interstices and stop the action. This is done by passing the sewage through depositing tanks; but there is the chance that the organic matter in suspension may be deposited too, and a sludge produced. As it is the great merit of the bacterial system that it avoids the production of sludge—a matter which can neither be sold nor given away, nor safely allowed to accumulate—there is always the risk of the course bed being gradually reduced in capacity by accretion. In the septic tank the intrusion of a little sand is of no practical importance. With reasonable care it will be years before it needs to be removed, and even then the process is quite simple and cheap. There is also no necessity to strain out rags, paper and the like. They will all disappear."

From "Engineering Record" October 8th, 1898.

"Judging from the experience gained in the Massachusetts trials and at Barking, Sutton and Exeter, it does not appear that there is danger of the temperature of bacteria beds in this country falling to a point sufficiently low to destroy the vitality of the organisms. Thus, in the case of Massachusetts, although there was ice over the surface of the filters during a considerable period, yet a good effluent was constantly produced. At Barking, during the severe frost of February, 1895, similar results were obtained, the filter continuing its work, although for six weeks it was covered with a sheet of ice. In this connection it will be well to point out a great danger that may arise from too careful distribution of the sewage over the surface of a bed. In such a case the incoming sewage itself may be frozen and fail to penetrate the bed at all, as was actually the case with an experimental filter on another plan at Sutton, even during the extremely mild winter of 1897 and 1898."

From "Surveyor," February 23rd, 1900.

"The report of the invaluable Manchester experiments, the results of bacterial treatment at Barking and Crossness, and the undoubted success of the

installations on various systems now at work throughout the United Kingdom and abroad, warrant the inference that bacterial treatment is universally applicable. Not only is the cost less, but the results are far superior to any obtained by the use of chemicals, and the sludge difficulty does not arise.

"Different systems of sewage disposal have come into prominence and again receded from our view, because the working of nature, the one abiding condition, has been disregarded. Sewage farms had too much work given them to do, and as an inevitable result were incapacitated from doing it properly by reason of 'sewage sickness.' Chemical precipitation, tried to stop putrefaction or decay, was followed by 'secondary decomposition' in the effluent, and brought us face to face with a further difficulty, 'sludge.' Bacterial treatment is an application of the methods which observers have seen nature make use of, and I trust that in years to come it will not be said that those who advocated its adoption were unduly optimistic, but that they advised the use of the only efficient and economical process of sewage disposal."

Extracts from a paper read before the Engineers' Club, of Philadelphia, by Mr. W. Easby, Jr., on the results of bacterial treatment of sewage:

"The permanency of contact beds has been very fully investigated, particularly at Manchester, for it has been recognized that the value of this system will be small if the accumulation of sludge in the interstices of the bed cannot be prevented. The original capacity of all contact beds decreases quickly at first, from the formation of the bacterial film, which surrounds the pieces of bed material and progresses more or less rapidly thereafter, depending on the quantity and nature of the solid matter reaching the beds, and the method of operation. A long period of aeration does not restore contact beds to their original capacity, and in some instances has affected them very little. Data showing the relation between the kind and grade of bed material employed in different installations, and the degree of purification effected, are often not comparable, because other conditions influencing purification are at the same time variable, and the same difficulty is encountered in comparing most of the data relating to these new bacterial systems."

"The experience with coarse beds, at Crossness, shows most conclusively that sewage containing sand and street detritus, generally will produce permanent internal clogging in coarse beds, at such a rate as to render their use much too short for economy. It has been found that new contact beds must be matured by a quite limited application of sewage at first, and with a gradual increase up to their normal capacity, a process occupying several weeks."

From "Surveyor," March 2nd, 1900.

"Early in his paper, Mr. Stoble says, without any qualification, 'bacterial systems have this strong recommendation, that they produce no sludge,' although he admits that, except in the case of the septic tank system, screening is resorted to. Again, in the final conclusions and recommendations of the report, it is stated that 'in order that a bacteria bed may exercise its full powers of purification, it is necessary, among other things, that the sewage applied to it should, as far as possible, be free from suspended matters.' This is a very different conclusion

from that arrived at by those experts who claim that coarse bacteria beds can deal efficiently and economically with crude sewage."

From "Surveyor," February 16th, 1900.

In an exhaustive report by Dr. Clowes, Chemist, and Dr. Houston, Bacteriologist, on the bacterial treatment of the sewage of Barking and Crossness (the outfall for the sewage of London north and south of the Thames, respectively) published last October, Dr. Clowes states that the points of advantage of bacterial over chemical treatment are:

- "1. It requires no chemicals.
- "2. It produces no offensive sludge, but only a deposit of sand or vegetable tissue, which is free from odor.
- "3. Removes the whole of the suspended matter, instead of only about 80 per cent. thereof.
- "4. It effects the removal of 51.3 per cent. of the dissolved oxidisable and putresible matter, as compared with only 17 per cent. removed by chemical treatment.
- "5. Resultant liquid or effluent is entirely free from objectionable smell, and does not become foul when it is kept. It further maintains the life of fish."

From "Engineering Record," October 28, 1899.

"The general conclusions drawn by Dr. Clowes, from the results of these experiments, are that neither on chemical nor possibly on bacteriological grounds, can any serious objections be raised to the introduction of the effluent from the coke bed into a portion of the River Thames, which is cut off by locks from the intakes of the water companies, and the water from which is not employed for drinking purposes. The effluent certainly will not cause any deposit on the river beds, and will even tend to render the turbid water of the lower river more clear and transparent. At the same time, the liquid discharged from the outfall into the river, will be sweet and entirely free from odor. Furthermore; it will carry into the river the bacteria necessary for completing its own purification in contact with the aerated river water, and under no condition can it therefore become foul, after it has mingled with the stream. The effluent will in no way interfere with fish life in the stream."

Experiments with the Filtration of Crude Sewage through Coke at the Crossness Outfall of the Sewerage System of London. (From "Engineering News," March 8th, 1900.)

"The coke used is from gas works, about the size of chestnuts. The beds are filled to the surface with sewage, which is then allowed to remain for some hours in contact with the coke and entrained air, after which the effluent is drained off and the beds are given a rest. It was found that the surface of each piece of coke had, in course of time, become covered with a soft matter, consisting largely of chaff, straw and woody fibre. As this deposit on the coke increased, the sewage capacity of the coke bed decreased. A series of gaugings of capacity of the 13-ft.

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coke bed, showed that the decrease of capacity was proceeding at the rate of one per cent. of the original capacity per week. As this threatened a short life to each coke bed when it was dealing with raw sewage, experiments have been undertaken with a view of preventing, or at any rate considerably retarding, the choking of the coke bed."

From "Surveyor," February 16th, 1900.

"The septic tank system is so called because the purification of the sewage is begun by a process of putrefaction. The products of this first stage are passed on to fine filters, where oxidation takes place. The filtering material is broken clinker or coke from $\frac{1}{8}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ inch in size. Under this system no screening is done. All the solids, other than road grit, enter into the tank and are there liquified or turned into gas, by anerobic action. There is, however, no smell from untreated sewage. The final effluent is bright and without smell."

From "Surveyor," January 20th, 1899.

"There is probably no department of Municipal Engineering which has been marked with such an interesting development and been characterized by such a departure from the old methods hitherto in vogue, as in that relating to sewage Experiments had shown that the purification of sewage was not dependent so much on chemical and mechanical agencies, as on bacterial agency, and these experiments had been conducted both in America and England, almost simultaneously. The discovery was looked upon with some amount of incredulity, and the proposal that sewage could be purified without the aid of chemicals and land, was not generally accepted by Sewerage Engineers. Inasmuch, however, as at Exeter, where the bacteria, or as it is otherwise termed, the biological, purification of sewage was shown to be successfully effected by means of the septic tank, the effluent being passed over fine filters; at Sutton, Surrey, where by means of two filters, termed a coarse-grained and fine-grained filter, the sewage was with equal success purified by biological agency, and at Hendon, where the crude sewage was treated by means of one artificial filter only, on a small scale, the results appear to be in each case uniformly good. Sewerage Engineers quickly became cognizant of these results, and after close investigation accepted them. It was only, however, during the past year that there was any general adherence to the new methods. Now it appears that among Sewerage Engineers generally throughout the contry, it is almost unanimously agreed that a great step forward has been made in the hitherto difficult problem of sewage disposal and purification; that the biological purification of sewage has lessened both the difficulties and the cost of treatment, and that it has become practicable to purify the sewage of every township without unduly buildening the ratepaying community with the purchase of land and with the cost of chemicals, in endeavoring to promote precipitation and treat manufacturing sewage. As a consequence, we have seen that during the past year nearly all new sewage schemes have embodied one or the other of the biological systems of purification and just at the close of the year the Corporations of Manchester and Leeds gave some particulars of the experiments they have been conducting, the results showing that the sewage of these manufacturing towns can be successfully and efficiently purified by biological methods."

It may be of interest to the Committee to give an account of the bacterial treatment of sewage at Sutton, which was one of the first towns to adopt the bacteriological system. This account is by Mr. C. Chambers Smith, Town Engineer of Sutton, and is taken from the "Surveyor" for November 10th, 1899, and from "Engineering Magazine," for September, 1898.

Sutton Experiments. From "Surveyor," November 10th, 1899.

"Sewage disposal works were constructed in 1891 and 1893, and comprise an area of twenty-eight acres, eighteen acres only of which, however, are capable of irrigation. The works were originally designed for chemical precipitation and broad irrigation. Up to November, 1896, the whole of the sewage was treated by chemicals.

"It is a serious reflection that within a period of two years from the inauguration of chemical precipitation and broad irrigation, which had been approved of by the Local Government Board, that the local board found themselves in the position of being unable to satisfy the requirements of the conservators of the River Thames. The sludge resulting from chemical precipitation was pressed into cake. There was no demand for this material and the nuisance which it created was highly offensive.

"In November, 1896, at Mr. Dibdin's suggestion, they constructed the first bacteria bed for the treatment of crude sewage, in England, a system which has been attended with remarkable success, and revolutionized the methods of sewage purification. After the installation of these works, representatives and deputations from different cities flocked week by week to view the works. As an evidence of this notoriety it may be observed that during the year of 1898, there were not less than three hundred and five deputations or representatives, to inspect the system. Among these were representatives from Australia, South America, New Zealand, United States, Germany, France, Belgium, Austria, Egypt, India, etc. These numerous deputations were a striking evidence as to the common and universal difficulty under which local authorities are laboring in regard to the vexed question of sewage disposal. No system of sewage treatment, it has been well observed, has ever met with such favor as the bacterial system, and as simplicity of design and working, smallness of cost and high efficiency are its great features, it has been adopted by other authorities to a great extent.

"All the experiments with bacteria beds show that the object for which they are intended, viz., to abolish sludge, has been realized, and that sewage can be purified without chemicals, at a small cost, being little more than that incurred by the labor in attending to or supervising the filling and discharging of the filters, and that sewage purification may be carried on with little or no nuisance.

"The cost of treatment by chemical precipitation and broad irrigation is also greatly in excess of the bacterial system. The cost of treating the sewage and working the farm, for the years ending March 31st, 1895 and March 31st, 1899, was as follows: In the first mentioned year, the system consisted of chemical treatment and broad irrigation. The expenditure on disposal and purification was about \$6,000, the receipts amounting to about \$600, giving a net cost of treatment about \$5,400. The average cost per million gallons about \$63. During the

year ending March 31st, 1899, the system was the biological treatment. The expenditure totalled \$5,000, the receipts from the farm being \$2,000, net cost about \$3,000, average cost per million gallons about \$16.00."

From "Engineering Magazine," Sept. 1898.—Paper by Mr. Rudolph Hering, C. E.

"The population of the district draining into the present works is about 13,000. When the bacterial system was first introduced, one of the precipitation tanks was used for the process. It had an area of about 183 square yards. tank was filled with so-called ballast, consisting of broken-up, burnt clay. average depth of this material in the filter was about 3 feet, 6 inches. The filter can hold 13,500 gallons, the proportion being approximately one-third sewage and two-thirds ballast. The flow of sewage per square yard is 186 gallons per day and per cubic yard of material 139 gallons per day. At that rate the daily quantity of sewage per acre would be about 900,000 gallons. An automatic rotary screen is used to intercept the floating paper, etc., before the sewage is applied to the tanks. The bacteria tank is reported to have been in daily work since November 21st, 1896, treating, on an average, 30,000 gallons per day. The tank is charged twice, or sometimes three times per day, after passing the sewage through screens to intercept the larger pieces of floating matter. occupied in filling is about three-quarters of an hour. Care is taken to prevent the sewage from reaching the surface by stopping the flow as soon as the sewage level rises to within a few inches of the top of the bed; thus light is excluded. The tank is then allowed to remain charged for about two hours, during which time the anaerobies have their opportunity to work, after which the valve is opened and the 'fermenting' sewage flows out. The time occupied in emptying is about one hour and a quarter. The tank is then allowed a rest of two hours when the aerobic bacteria are supposed to do their share of the work, after which it is again charged, the cycle occupying six hours. The total quantity of sewage treated in this manner up to March 31st, 1898, is given as 16,600,000 gallons. Mr. Dibdin estimates that in the tank 57.25 grains of the original 60 grains of suspended matter, per gallon, had been absorbed, equalling 603 tons of sludge.

"A sufficient number of tanks will be added to treat the entire sewage flow of the town. After the sewage has been passed through these course-grained bacteria tanks, it is passed through fine-grained tanks or filters. The finegrained filters are composed of various materials, coke breeze, sand, gravel, and burnt ballast, the grains of the latter not exceeding $\frac{3}{8}$ of an inch in diameter. The reduction of the oxidisable matters in solution is reported by Mr. Dibdin to be from 4.54 to 1.67 grains per imperial gallon in the bacteria tank, or coarse filter, and finally to about 0.64 grain in the fine filters, showing an average reduction of about 63 per cent. by the coarse, and a further reduction of 22 per cent. by the fine filters, or 85 per cent. in all. The nitrogenous organic matter, as indicated by the albuminoid ammonia, was in like manner reduced 58.45 per cent. in the course, and 20.09 per cent. in the fine filters, or 78.54 per cent. in all. The matters in suspension in the crude sewage are reduced from 60.03 to 2.78 grains per imperial gallon in the coarse filter and still further to 0.725 grains per gallon in the filtrate issuing from the fine coke breeze filter. The difficulties which may be expected in the Sutton Process, lie in the possible gradual filling up of the filters with slowly-oxidisable, vegetable matter, not strained out by the screens. It is difficult to operate economically a strainer fine enough to keep out fibrous vegetable material. A plant similar to the one in Sutton has been operated at Leeds, and there it has been found that the sludging up of the beds was one of the chief difficulties. It was also found that, after a fortnight's rest of a filter, the flow was materially increased."

Exeter System Septic Tunk. From "Engineering Record," June 11th, 1898.

"The sewage from about 2,000 inhabitants has been dealt with continuously for nearly eighteen months. They have recently installed additional works, and provision has been made for a population of about 46,000. The sewage flows to the disposal works, which consist of six tanks, each 35 feet by 181 feet by 7 feet, having a total capacity of 262,422 cubic feet. The tanks are so arranged as to be used either singly or in series. When the outfall sewer is running full bore, contents will be changed in $7\frac{1}{2}$ hours, the effluent passes over aerating weirs to filters, which will deal with a quantity of sewage equal to twice the daily flow from the prospective population, and with storm water up to $1\frac{1}{2}$ times the volume of the sewage. The filters are eight in number and have a total area of $2\frac{1}{2}$ acres or 13,613 feet each and 4 feet deep, with a working capacity of 2,500,000 gallons per day."

Leicester Bacterial Experiments.

Mr. Mawbey, Borough Engineer of Leicester, has recently issued a very valuable report upon the result of the experiments carried on under his direction, which entended over thirteen and a half months. The following is a short description of the experimental works, taken from Mr. Mawbey's report:

"The works constructed for these experiments comprise a brick and concrete channel and weir chamber for delivering and measuring the crude sewage. A detritus tank constructed in brick work and concrete, having a total water capacity of 18,681 gallons. A second tank constructed in brick work and concrete, and having a total water capacity of 125,962 gallons. This open tank, after a series of experiments, was converted into a closed septic tank.

"Beds.—Four clarifying bacteria beds, having an average working depth of 4 feet 6 inches of material, and a total clinker and water capacity of 740 cubic yards. These beds are constructed with earth work and clay puddle, but with brick work in cement division walks. On the earth floors of the beds are laid 6-in. land tile drains, with 4-in. branch tile drains laid diagonally. The filtering material is crushed and screened clinkers from the Refuse Destructors. A short distance below the clarifying beds, there was also constructed two second and third contact, or fine bacteria beds."

From "Surveyor," May 18th, 1900.

"It is noteworthy that in all these processes the sewage was first passed through the detritus tank, and that Mr. Mawbey emphatically disagrees with those who have argued that this is unnecessary, and has always contended that it is indispensable for large towns at all events, a contention which is supported by the results of experiments at Leeds and elsewhere."

From "Surveyor," May 4th, 1900.

The "Surveyor," in the summing up of Mr. Mawbey's report, says:

"There is considerable divergence of opinion, for example, as to whether the new methods can cope effectively with trade refuse, can apply to large towns as well as to small, and can effect such a degree of purification as will admit of subsequent treatment on land being dispensed with. There is also the question of the innumerable variations that may be employed in the construction and working of the filter beds and the relative efficiency of the different methods. It may at once be stated that Mr. Mawbey was not in search of a method of purification that would entirely displace the land treatment now in operation, and he is still far from recommending such a course, which, indeed, never seems to have been seriously entertained.

"The importance attaching to bacterial methods, is largely due to the expectation that they will enable land to be dispensed with altogether, by producing an effluent which shall reach such a standard that it can safely be turned into a water course. In other words, it is hoped that bacterial treatment will more particularly prove the salvation of those places where the necessary land can either not be acquired at all, or only at a prohibitive cost."

Sewage Disposal at Leeds. (From "Surveyor," September 15th, 1899.)

"In 1897 the Council decided to spend \$150,000 in increasing the area of the settlement tanks, and in September an additional sum of \$25,000 was granted for the extension of the experimental sewage purification works. They are now treating their sewage by chemical precipitation and are obtaining about 300 tons of sludge per day. It has become a serious question as to what is to be done with the sludge. The experimental beds which they had constructed, gave purification of from 85 to 92 per cent. They had also experimented with the septic tank system. The best results gave purification amounting to 90 per cent. The works at Knostrop were quite a school of sewage treatment. The Royal Commission had a chemical expert on the spot and another expert was working in a bacteriological laboratory there, under Prof. Boyce. All this being in addition to the City Engineer's observations in the Corporation Laboratory. They were no doubt aware that a mixed sewage, like that of Leeds, was more difficult to treat than a plain domestic sewage.

From "Engineering Record," July 29th, 1899.

"The experience gained shows that 400,000 imperial gallons per day can be dealt with on one-half acre of coarse bed and one-half acre of fine bed, or one acre per day in all, after the grit has been removed in a settling tank, and the grosser solids—paper, fibre, etc.—screened off. This gave a minimum of 50 acres of beds for 20,000,000 imperial gallons; but in order to have spare beds, it is recommended to have 70 or 80 acres, or say 4 acres per 1,000,000 gallons. Leeds, under the old system, would have to deal with 300 tons of sludge per day, or say 100,000 tons per annum."

Manchester Sewage Disposal. (From "Engineering Record," July 29th, 1899.)
Dr. Rideal's Lecture.

"The Local Government Board held an enquiry last year, with reference to the application of the City Corporation to borrow \$800,000 for the purpose of sewerage and sewage disposal. It was explained that Manchester had tried filtration by land and chemical treatment, but neither of these had been satisfactory. Eleven tanks had now been constructed at Davyhulme, each 300 feet long by 100 feet wide and 6 feet deep, with a united capacity of 12 to 15 million imperial gallons, equal to half a day's dry weather flow. The population of Manchester was 520,000, and was increasing at the rate of 4,700 per annum. The tanks were originally used as chemical filters, the treatment and removal of sludge costing about \$85,000 per year, the chemicals alone reaching about \$450 per week. It was proposed to utilize these tanks for settling the raw sewage, which would subsequently pass through sixty acres of double contact beds, filled with coke breeze. An effluent would then be introduced without the use of land. It is also stated that if the 'double contact' did not suffice, they would employ a 'third contact.'"

From "Surveyor," November 10th, 1899.

- "The conclusions and recommendations of the experts appointed to investigate the Manchester System, are as follows:
- "That the bacterial system is the system best adapted for the purification of the sewage of Manchester.
- "That any doubts which may have arisen in the first instance, as to its suitability, owing to the presence in Manchester sewage of much manufacturing refuse, have, through the convincing results of our experimental enquiry, been entirely banished. The results obtained have altogether exceeded our expectations, as to the possibility of purifying a manufacturing sewage, inasmuch as it was previously a matter of common belief that in such a liquid only a most insignificant amount of nitrification could be induced.
- "That inasmuch as a bacterial contact bed can only effect a definite amount of purification in a single contact, it becomes necessary, in order to carry the purification beyond this limit, to apply the effluent to a second bed, in which again a further definite amount of purification can be effected. Hence, for obtaining a high degree of efficiency in the bacterial purification of sewage, a system of multiple contact is generally necessary. Thus it may be taken broadly that in the first contact fifty per cent. of the dissolved impurity is removed, and that in the second contact fifty per cent. of the impurity still remaining in the effluent is disposed of, and so on.
- "In order that a bacterial contact bed may exercise its full powers of purification, it is necessary (a) That it should be allowed sufficiently frequent and prolonged periods of rest; (b) that the sewage applied to it should, as far as possible, be free from suspended matters; (c) That the sewage applied to should be of as uniform a character as possible.
- "The above conditions are secured by passing the sewage, as it arrives at the works, through an adequate system of screens, catchpits and tanks.

- "The capacity of bacterial contact beds has been found to remain practically constant, after they have been in operation for a period of three months.
- "With regard to the amount of sewage which can be purified by a given bed, without the latter being overtaxed, our prolonged experimental enquiry has shown that each bed may safely receive four fillings in the twenty-four hours, provided the sewage has undergone the preliminary subsidence and septic preparation in tanks, and that the bed is recorded about one day's rest in every week. In the event of a bed having been unduly taxed, its efficiency is only temporarily impaired, and can be restored by a few days' repose.
- "Our experiments show that the bacterial system of treatment is efficacious at all seasons of the year, the temperature of the sewage being sufficient both to prevent any stoppage of the beds, by the formation of ice, and also to maintain the necessary activity of the bacteria, even in the coldest weather.
- "Finally, we may state our confident opinion that with the system of bacteriological treatment of the sewage of Manchester, set forth above, an effluent will be produced which will not only conform with the Mersey and Irwell standard, but which will also materially improve the condition of the Ship Canal. Furthermore, as this system does away entirely with the use of chemicals, and at the same time, to a very large extent, reduces the volume of the sludge to be dealt with, it is obvious that much of the present expense will be saved by its adoption, and this saving may be taken as a material set-off against the cost of the construction of the proposed works."

From "Engineering Record," July 29th, 1899.

- "In December, 1897, a Sub-Committee of the Manchester City Council visited representative sewage works at Barking, Friern, Barnet, Sutton, Oldham, Swinton, Chorley, Glasgow, Salford, Hendon and Accrington. The conclusions of the Committee are shortly:
 - "1. That filtration by land is altogether impracticable.
- "2. That no practicable system of precipitation by chemicals alone, has been laid before them which will meet the requirements of the Mersey and Irwell oint Committee.
- "3. That the method most reasonably practicable and available, is the biological filter or bacteria bed, such as may be seen in operation at many of the places visited."

Sheffield Sewage Disposal. (From "Engineering Record," 9th June, 1900.)

"Experiments were begun with the bacterial method in 1897, the sewage at present being treated by chemicals. The population contributing to the works is estimated at 350,000, the average daily flow being about 20,800,000 gallons. An important point in connection with disposal by lime precipitation, is the production of large quantities of sludge. It was anticipated that farmers would be willing to use this as a manure, but these anticipations were not realized, and there has been an accumulation amounting to hundreds of thousands of tons.

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"The total sum expended on sludge removal, from 1892 to 1899, was over \$200,000, the amount moved being about 360,000 tons. The present production is 1,200 or 1,300 tons per week. This is dumped on land purchased for the purpose. The experiments with the bacterial system have so far been successful. The cost of the six filters was about \$15,000, including about \$7,500 for coke. Chemically, the working of the beds has been quite satisfactory, the standard of purification having remained uniformly good, and up to the time of the report there has been no sludge to deal with.

"During his investigations, Mr. Wike, City Surveyor, visited most of the important sewage farms in England, and considered very few of them successes, either from a financial or a practical point of view. The only farm which treats a quantity of sewage equal to or greater than that of Sheffield, is at Birmingham, where the daily flow is about 27,600,000 gallons. Up to 1897 the area of the farm was 1,240 acres, but in that year authority was obtained for the purchase of an additional 1,200 acres. The system is not one of pure irrigation, as the sewage is first treated with lime, which aids precipitation and neutralizes the acids. According to a report made in September, 1898, the accumulation of sludge during the year covered by the report, was 326,600 cubic yards. The working expenses for the year were about \$218,000, and the income from crops, etc., was about \$115,000, leaving a balance of expenses over receipts, of about \$103,000. To this must be added \$102,000 for interest, etc., making a total cost of about At the time of the report the total capital expended was about \$2,135,000. A further expenditure of \$2,000,000 was in view, and it has since been stated that the sum expended or authorized, exceeded \$5,000,000.

"Referring to the septic tank, Mr. Wike thought that although the septic tank appears to answer its purpose for a small population, it would be an exceedingly costly system, if applied to so large a volume of sewage as that of Sheffield. The only course remaining, was the extension of the biological filter-beds to treat the sewage of the whole city and this project was recommended by Mr. Wike, and adopted by the City Council. The adopted project consists in laying out about 70 acres of land in the vicinity of the present works, as filter-beds.

"A preliminary estimate of the cost of the 70 acres of land, alterations to the present tanks and works and the construction of filtering beds, amounts to about \$570,000, exclusive of filtering material, or any provision for the treatment of storm water. If coke is used for the beds, the estimated cost is \$590,000 in addition to the above figures, making a total of \$1,160,000. The annual cost of working the filters is estimated at \$35,000, and the annual expense, including interest on the cost at 3 per cent. and a sinking fund at 3 per cent., based on repaying in fifty years, is given as \$80,000."

The International System of Bacterial Sewage Treatment. (From "Engineering Record," April 7th, 1900.)

"Two plants have recently been installed at Southwold and Reigate, and were constructed by the International Purification Syndicate, London. For the aerobic, or oxidizing beds, polarite is used, and a revolving carrier for the distribution of the liquid over the surface of these tanks. At Southwold, the plant com-

prises an open septic tank, an anaerobic and a final aerobic bed, the latter containing the polarite. The effluent from the anaerobic bed is sprayed over the aerobic bed by a Candy-Caink revolving sprinkler. The purpose of this sprinkler is to prevent the liquid from passing unequally through the large-grain porous material, thus avoiding stagnant sides or corners, or a rapid flow through a few channels in which little purification occurs. The results, as stated, are that the purification, from a bacteriological point of view, was ninety-seven times better than that obtained with the open septic tank. The Company holds that the great increase in the amount of dissolved oxygen in the effluent, is the result of the revolving sprinkler. This intermittent sprinkling produces a continual current of fresh air through the bed, the effluent being practically saturated with dissolved oxygen. On the other hand, with a contact bed, Drs. Kenwood and Butler find that the effluent contains practically no dissolved oxygen at all, which is only to be expected from a bed worked water-logged, even if rests are given between the working."

From "Engineering Record," June 11th, 1898.

"The various methods, based upon chemical precipitation and subsequent land treatment of the effluent, have given results which have seldom been satisfactory from an economic point of view, and which have often been disastrous from other causes, to such an extent that many authorities are now refraining from the erection of works on the old lines. The difficulties which have arisen have usually proved, on investigation, to be due either to the injudicious and extravagant use of chemicals, or to the unsuitability of the land acquired for the treatment of the effluent."

From information I have been able to gather, the following is a partial list of towns in England which have adopted the bacteriological system of sewage disposal: Exeter, Sutton, Oswestry, Yeovil, Carlisle, Bilston, Lichfield, Barrhead, Nuneaton, Southwold and Reigate. The following cities are now carrying out a very extensive and exhaustive series of experiments with this method of disposal: London, Manchester, Leeds, Sheffield, Leicester and Bradford, and the results in Manchester, Leeds, Sheffield and Leicester have been so satisfactory that it has been decided to adopt this system of disposal.

Although a large number of small towns have adopted this system of sewage disposal, it does not appear at present that any city, having a population as large as that of Toronto, has constructed works for the treatment of the whole of its sewage by this method, although Manchester, Leicester and Sheffield appear to have adopted the report of their Engineers and have decided to construct works to treat the whole of their sewage by the bacterial system, and it is evident that these Engineers would not have recommended this system of disposal, unless they were satisfied that the method proposed by them would solve the present difficulties existing in these cities.

In reading over the various reports upon this question, a number of which are evidently prepared by gentlemen who are very strong advocates of the biological treatment of sewage, there would appear to be no possible drawback to this system, but it is found, in studying the reports of a number of Sewerage Engineers,

who have gone carefully into the subject, that there are some matters in connection therewith which require careful consideration, as although the early exponents of the system especially emphasize the fact that the sludge problem is absolutely solved, yet from other sources this does not appear to be the case, there still being a certain amount of sludge to be dealt with.

There is also to be considered the question of the efficient working of the bacteria beds during our extremely cold weather. From information I have been able to gather, it is the opinion of most Engineers that no difficulty need be anticipated in this respect. From the results of the experiments carried out by the State Board of Health of Massachusetts, it was found that the beds worked almost equally as well in cold as in warm weather.

Referring, in conclusion, first, to the resolution moved in Council on the 12th June last, which the Committee forwarded to me to report upon, I can only reiterate the statement contained in my report to the Committee of May 4th last (see Appendix "A,") viz., that it would be inadvisable and impracticable to commence the construction of the intercepting sewers, until a method for the disposal of our sewage has been decided upon.

"The method of the final disposition of the sewage will probably very materially affect the grade and the location of the intercepting sewers. For example, if it were decided to adopt the bacteriological treatment, it might be economical to treat the sewage at two different stations, one situated at the west end, in the vicinity of the Old Fort, and the other at the eastern City limits. If this were done the character and size of the intercepting sewers would be entirely different from what they would be if the sewage were treated at one point; or if it were finally decided to adopt the land treatment of the sewage, this would also affect the location of the outfall.

It does not seem reasonable or desirable to submit a By-law to a vote of the ratepayers, involving an expenditure of probably two million dollars, unless a complete scheme for the disposal of our sewage is first prepared, showing the proposed location of the sewers, the method of disposal, the annual cost of operation, with complete details, which the ratepayers will no doubt, require to familiarize themseves, with before they can vote intelligently upon the question. Under these circumstances, I think the Committee will agree with me, that it is advisable, before submitting a By-law to the people, to first decide upon a complete scheme of sewage disposal, rather than submit a By-law, based upon incomplete information, which would probably result in its overwhelming defeat.

Secondly, from the information contained in this report, it seems reasonable to assume that the Biological Treatment of sewage could be successfully operated in this City, but before finally deciding to adopt this method, there are several matters requiring careful consideration, and I am not at present prepared to recommend its adoption. Although I have ascertained the cost of the intercepting sewers, I am not able to give an estimate of the cost of the treatment of our sewage by the Bacterial method. Nor can this be done until it is finally determined which system will be the best suited for our needs, but the total cost would probably be about \$2,000,000.

It appears to me that if the City Council are desirous of having this matter submitted to the ratepayers, it will be necessary either to examine the different plants in operation in England, or to engage the services of an Engineer, who has had experience in the construction of similar works in cities in Europe.

Finally, I think the Committee will no doubt agree with me that it would be inadvisable to recommend the adoption of a system of sewage disposal, without further investigation.

Respectfully submitted.

C. H. RUST,

City Engineer.

APPENDIX "A."

Toronto, May 4th, 1900.

Mr. Alderman Lamb, Chairman Committee on Works:

SEWAGE DISPOSAL.

Dear Sir,—In reply to yours of the 26th April last, regarding the above matter, I beg to refer you to my two reports addressed to the City Council on this subject, dated October 12th, 1898, and November 3rd, 1899, copies of which I again submit.

Since the Report dated November 3rd, 1899, was prepared, some discussion has taken place as to the advisability of commencing the construction of the intercepting sewers, leaving the question of the final disposition of our sewage for future consideration. This I consider impossible and impracticable. It does not appear reasonable nor desirable to submit a By-law to the ratepayers, involving an expenditure of probably two million dollars, unless the city has first prepared a complete scheme, showing the lines of the proposed sewers, the methods of disposal, and the actual cost of the proposed undertaking.

I have been carefully studying the experiments, now being carried on in England in connection with the bacterial treatment of sewage, and the result so far appears satisfactory. So much so that Manchester, Sheffield and other towns have about decided to substitute this system in the place of chemical treatment. If, upon further investigation, it should be found advisable to adopt a somewhat similar system for Toronto, it should result in a large annual saving over the proposed chemical treatment, as outlined in my report dated October 12th, 1898, if the results are such as stated by the reports received from England.

In conclusion I am not prepared to recommend such a large expenditure, until I have had an opportunity of thoroughly investigating the possibilities of the bacteria system of sewage disposal, and I do not think the ratepayers would vote such a large amount of money, until they had the fullest information in connection with the proposed scheme, endorsed by Engineers of high ability, who have had actual experience in the carrying out of works of a similar magnitude, in cities of at least the size and importance of Toronto.

Yours respectfully,

C. H. RUST,

City Engineer.

RATES OF TAXATION IN LARGE CITIES.

Extract from Paper Read by Mr. Herrmann, Commissioner of Water Works, Cincinnati, Ohio, before Am. Soc. of Municipal Improvements, October, 1898.

NAME OF CITY.	Present Taxable Valuation.	Total Tax Rate per \$1,000.	Percentage of True . Value of Real . Estate.	Amount Produced.	Valuation on a uniform basis of 75 per cent. of the true value of Real Estate	Rate necessary per \$1,000 to produce same amount of money.
*St. Paul, Minn Kansas City, Mo Cleveland, O	\$ 93,000,000 67,750,000 141,915,430	\$ c. 21.40 26.24 29.30 20.50)	40 40 35	\$ 1,990,200 1,777,760 4,158,122	\$ 161,687,500 113,250,000 263,919,535	\$ c. 12.31 15 70 15.76
†St. Louis, Mo	353,988,510 {	16.70	$60 \text{ to } 66\frac{2}{3}$	6,584,186	409,821,885	16.07
Indianapolis, Ind San Francisco, Cal	121,000,470 351,784,094	$17.30 \\ 16.95$	$\begin{bmatrix} 70 \\ 75 \end{bmatrix}$	2,093,308 5,962,740	126,819,078 351,784,094	16.51 16.95
	1,036,063,094	13.60	100	14,090,458	828,514,369	17.01
Chicago, Ill	232,026,610	96.50	11	22,390,567	1 306,254,420	17.14
Detroit, Mich	207,636,860	19.23	65 to 70	3,992,856	226,424,333	17.63
Philadelphia, Pa	864,516,035	18.50	75	15,993,546	864,516,035	18.50
‡Columbus, O	62,685,080	27.00	50	1,692,497	87,515,745	19.34
Newark, N.J	138,373,305	21.00	70	2,905,839	146,271,469	19.87
Milwaukee, Wis	144,683,425	23.12	65	3,345,080	163,322,824	20.48
§Providence, R.I	181,558,120 73,101,485	$16.50 \\ 31.00$	$\frac{100}{50}$	2,995,709 $2,266,146$	145,875,570 109,652,227	$\begin{bmatrix} 20.54 \\ 20.67 \end{bmatrix}$
Denver, Col Cincinnati, O	196,677,104	26.18	58	5,149,006	244,006,522	20.07
Rochester, N.Y	112,792,990	$\frac{20.18}{20.73}$	80	2,338,198	106,424,411	$\frac{21.10}{21.97}$
Buffalo, N. Y	245,674,630	23.54	70	5,783,180	262,133,595	22.06
Omaha, Neb	33,049,503	47.125	331	1,557,457	67,330,082	23.13
Albany, N.Y	68,276,895	20.00	90°	1,365,537	58,482,120	23.35
Louisville, Ky	118,800,000	23.65	75	2,809,620	118,800,000	23.65
Toledo, O	50,500,000	33.20	50	1,676,600	69,500,000	24.12
Baltimore, Md	362, 122, 738	24.375	75	8,826,741	362,122,738	24.375
Nashville, Tenn	35,399,390	24.50	75	867,285	35,399,390	24.50
New Orleans, La	139,199,913	27.00	90	3,758,397	122,147,228	30.77
Pittsburg, Pa	267,764,072	23.65	100	6,332,620	201,298,625	31.46
Minneapolis, Minn	109,654,337	$\begin{vmatrix} 25.00 \\ 24.95 \end{vmatrix}$	100 100	2,741,358	86,705,851 56,625,000	$\begin{vmatrix} 31.62 \\ 33.27 \end{vmatrix}$
Allegheny, Pa Jersey City, N. J	75,500,000 89,962,761	$24.95 \\ 28.90$	100	$\begin{array}{c c} 1,883.725 \\ 2,599,923 \end{array}$	69,358,956	37.49
Toronto, Can	126,681,312	17.00	100	2,399,323	86,010,984	24.55
Loronto, Can	120,001,012	11.00	100	2,110,102	00,010,001	21.00
			<u>'</u>			

^{*} Does not include removal of ashes.

[†] St. Louis maximum rate, \$20.50; minimum rate, \$16.70.

[‡] Does not include cleaning of streets.

[§] Does not include removal of ashes and garbage.

^{||} This includes \$12,000,000 personal property and income.

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TA Toronto. Dept. of Public 27 Works
T7A2 Report of the city engineer

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